

Converting Colors

HunterLab(50.5909, 26.9042,
-62.3604)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(50.5909, 26.9042,
-62.3604) contains.

HunterLab(50.5952, 26.7732, -62.2444)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(50.5952, 26.7732,
-62.2444)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	897BED
RGB	137, 123, 237
RGB Percent	54%, 48%, 93%
CMY	0.4627, 0.5176, 0.0706
CMYK	0.42, 0.48, 0.00, 0.07
HSL	247°, 76%, 71%
HSV	247°, 48%, 93%
XYZ	32.6856, 25.5987, 83.3392
YIQ	140.1820, -28.2500, 38.4220

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

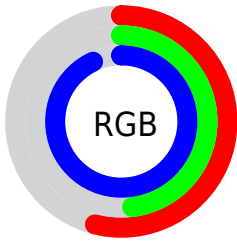
Format	Color
RYB	137, 123, 237
Decimal	9010157
CIELab	57.66, 32.83, -55.96
CIELCh	58, 64.875, 300.398
Yxy	25.5996, 0.2308, 0.1808
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287200237 (0xFF897BED)
YUV	140.1820, 47.7313, -2.7906
Hunter-Lab	50.5952, 26.7732, -62.2444

Details

The HunterLab color $50.5952, 26.7732, -62.2444$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $6666CC$. A complement of this color would be $88.1400, -24.0446, 41.2848$, and the grayscale version is $51.1077, -2.7270, 2.7768$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $70.6207, 18.1636, -35.5944$, and $31.4616, 24.3455, -61.5609$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $43.3858, 35.1918, -82.1418$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $58.4273, 19.1412, -44.9666$.

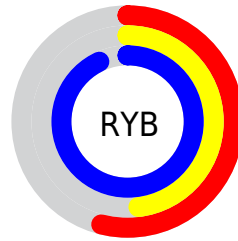
Distribution



Red (54%)

Green (48%)

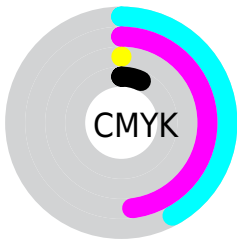
Blue (93%)



Red (54%)

Yellow (48%)

Blue (93%)

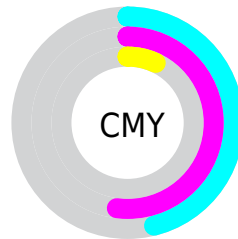


Cyan (42%)

Magenta (48%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (7%)



Cyan (46%)

Magenta (52%)

Yellow (7%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 50.5952, 26.7732, -62.2444 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 50.5952, 26.7732, -62.2444 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 50.5952, 26.7732,
-62.2444

■ 50.5952, 26.7732,
-62.2444

167.5742, 32.6168,
-68.8460

■ 40.6502, 25.6627,
-61.8699

■ 72.5454, 28.6591,
-63.5598

■ 31.4578, 24.4250,
-61.9248

■ 84.4693, 29.4544,
-64.3345

■ 23.0869, 23.0509,
-62.8205

■ 96.9831, 30.1629,
-65.1295

■ 15.6275, 21.5450,
-65.5282

110.0603, 30.7915,
-65.9219

■ 9.2058, 19.9947,
-72.9199

123.6776, 31.3463,
-66.6974

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

137.8143, 31.8325,

-67.4468

0.0000, NaN, -NF

152.4521, 32.2547,
-68.1643

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 50.5952, 26.7732,
-62.2444

■ 50.5952, 26.7732,
-62.2444

■ 43.3858, 35.1918,
-82.1418

■ 58.4273, 19.1412,
-44.9666

■ 36.9925, 44.3487,
-104.8441

■ 66.7450, 12.1816,
-29.8311

■ 31.6906, 53.7185,
-129.4309

■ 75.4563, 5.7542,
-16.3590

■ 27.8113, 61.8491,
-152.5885

■ 84.4959, -0.2650,
-4.1591

■ 25.5666, 66.7164,
-168.8828

■ 93.8162, -5.9748,
7.0694

■ 25.2533, 67.4589,
-171.3679

■ 99.4457, -8.3810,
13.3625

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.5961, -2.3362, -77.2298



50.5952, 26.7732, -62.2444



50.5961, 51.6631, -28.7383

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.5961, 26.7734, -62.2428



50.5961, 26.0039, 29.8086



50.5961, -45.3039, 2.4050

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.5952, 26.7732, -62.2444



88.1400, -24.0446, 41.2848

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



50.5961, -40.8092, 21.7665



50.5952, 26.7732, -62.2444



50.5961, -3.0676, 31.5944

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.5961, 26.7734, -62.2428



50.5961, 51.1565, 22.1006



50.5961, -26.6716, 29.7005



50.5961, -40.5614, -29.6880

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.5952, 26.7732, -62.2444



50.5961, 60.3396, -6.3274



50.5961, -26.6716, 29.7005



50.5961, -44.8363, 10.4126

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.5961, 26.7734, -62.2428



85.9283, 3.5602, -12.2678



79.6720, -27.3365, -11.0095



38.7765, 2.3103, -7.0282

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.5961, 26.7734, -62.2428



47.0492, 38.3649, -89.5586



56.2654, 42.5153, -49.0135



38.2591, 0.2452, -2.6450



18.7391, 49.9051, -125.9809



5.5189, 14.2008, -33.2522

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61.2362, 54.1134, -28.9114



61.5638, 71.3611, -37.8543



83.7747, -40.6387, 37.6475



39.0897, 2.9685, -0.8576



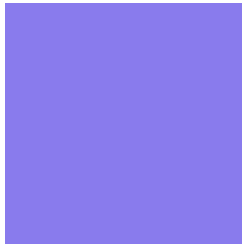
35.1091, 67.2364, -32.4364



9.8838, 19.0005, -9.6921

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 50.5952, 26.7732, -62.2444 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

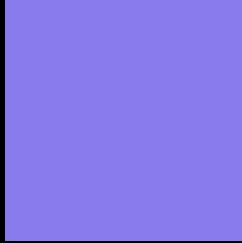
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 50.5952, 26.7732, -62.2444 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

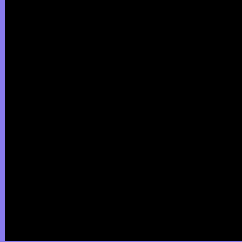
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 50.5952, 26.7732, -62.2444 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 50.5952, 26.7732, -62.2444.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 50.5952, 26.7732, -62.2444.

-62.2444.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50.5952, 26.7732, -62.2444

Protanopia

50.9805, 13.2454, -71.6362

Deuteranopia

50.6834, 4.7714, -58.8674



Tritanopia

50.6863, -8.2041, -4.6722

Trichromacy



Original Color

50.5952, 26.7732, -62.2444

Protanomaly

50.6437, 17.2496, -68.6919

Deuteranomaly

50.1482, 11.7560, -60.9251

Tritanomaly

50.3529, 3.2299, -22.3124

Monochromacy



Original Color

50.5952, 26.7732, -62.2444

Achromatopsia

51.2104, -2.7325, 2.7824

Achromatomaly

50.6303, 6.2711, -16.1863

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 50.5952, 26.7732, -62.2444 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(137, 123, 237)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(137, 123, 237)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(137, 123, 237) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(137, 123, 237) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 50.5952, 26.7732, -62.2444 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(137, 123, 237) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(137, 123, 237) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(137, 123, 237)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 123, 237); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 123, 237); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 123, 237) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 50.5952, 26.7732, -62.2444 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(137, 123, 237) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(137,  
123, 237) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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