

Converting Colors

HunterLab(50.6078, -12.7836,
-4.0117)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(50.6078, -12.7836,
-4.0117) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(50.7034,
-12.9002, -3.7191)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	679298
RGB	103, 146, 152
RGB Percent	40%, 57%, 60%
CMY	0.5961, 0.4274, 0.4039
CMYK	0.32, 0.04, 0.00, 0.40
HSL	187°, 19%, 50%
HSV	187°, 32%, 60%
XYZ	21.5399, 25.7083, 33.5327
YIQ	133.8270, -27.5540, -7.2500

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

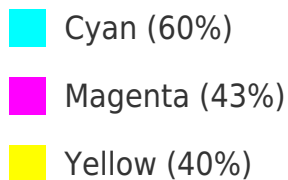
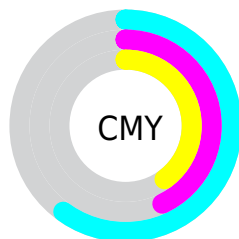
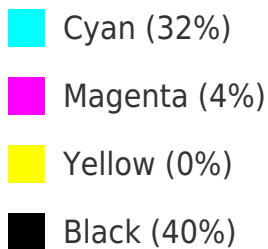
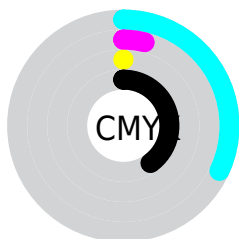
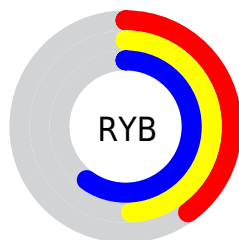
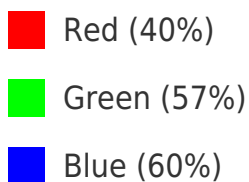
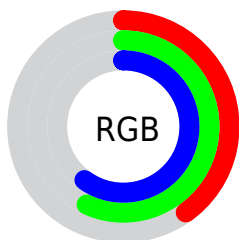
Format	Color
RYB	103, 126, 152
Decimal	6787736
CIELab	57.76, -13.09, -7.89
CIELCh	58, 15.282, 211.083
Yxy	25.7094, 0.2666, 0.3183
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284977816 (0xFF679298)
YUV	133.8270, 8.9593, -27.0353
Hunter-Lab	50.7034, -12.9002, -3.7191

Details

The HunterLab color **50.7034, -12.9002, -3.7191** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **43.1187, 10.9223, 9.1154**, and the grayscale version is **48.7320, -2.6002, 2.6477**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **72.6861, -15.4507, -3.1124**, and **31.4339, -10.0952, -4.0298** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **49.3170, -15.1170, -5.5892**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52.2205, -10.2555, -1.7293**.


Distribution




Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 50.7034, -12.9002, -3.7191 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 50.7034, -12.9002, -3.7191 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 50.7034, -12.9002,
-3.7191


 50.7034, -12.9002,
-3.7191


167.7356,
-24.4972, -0.2037


 40.7509, -11.5912,
-3.8625


 72.6675, -15.4755,
-3.2542


 31.5503, -10.2525,
-3.9393


 84.5978, -16.7539,
-2.9445

 23.1703, -8.8659,
-3.9393

 97.1177, -18.0319,
-2.5883

 15.7007, -7.3990,
-3.8511

 110.2007,
-19.3126, -2.1886

 9.2687, -6.6481,
-3.6645

123.8235,
-20.5979, -1.7482

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

137.9656,

-21.8896, -1.2693

0.0000, NaN, NaN

152.6085,
-23.1891, -0.7539

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 50.7034, -12.9002,
-3.7191

■ 50.7034, -12.9002,
-3.7191

■ 49.3170, -15.1170,
-5.5892

■ 52.2205, -10.2555,
-1.7293

■ 48.0602, -16.8799,
-7.3285

■ 53.8621, -7.2107,
0.3635

■ 46.9341, -18.1738,
-8.9243

■ 55.6249, -3.7993,
2.5457

■ 45.9364, -18.9941,
-10.3685

■ 57.5041, -0.0552,
4.8040

■ 45.0621, -19.3513,
-11.6574

■ 59.4945, 3.9879,
7.1259

■ 44.3019, -19.2752,
-12.7951

■ 61.5905, 8.2978,
9.5004

■ 43.7608, -19.0304,
-13.6159

■ 63.7865, 12.8444,
11.9176

■ 66.0771, 17.5999,
14.3695

■ 68.4569, 22.5397,
16.8491

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.7044, -14.5245, 2.5364



50.7034, -12.9002, -3.7191



50.7044, -8.5682, -8.6940

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.7044, -12.9008, -3.7183



50.7044, 8.6136, -3.2841



50.7044, -2.9425, 13.1977

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.7034, -12.9002, -3.7191



43.1187, 10.9223, 9.1154

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



50.7044, 3.4307, 12.0409



50.7034, -12.9002, -3.7191



50.7044, 10.3003, 2.9826

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.7044, -12.9008, -3.7183



50.7044, 3.8566, -8.4221



50.7044, 8.3591, 8.4823



50.7044, -8.9551, 11.8618

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.7034, -12.9002, -3.7191



50.7044, -4.6167, -10.3368



50.7044, 8.3591, 8.4823



50.7044, -0.7710, 13.0888

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.7044, -12.9008, -3.7183



72.0242, -8.6929, 1.0656



51.4185, -22.0538, 14.7062



34.1964, -4.4132, 0.3318



87.6224, -4.6753, 4.7607



35.4919, -1.8938, 1.9283

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.7044, -12.9008, -3.7183



65.9611, -19.4095, -6.8255



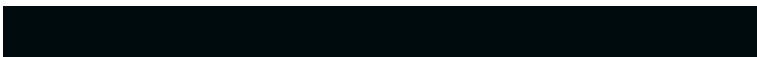
43.6086, -1.8406, -13.5492



26.2630, -3.0052, 0.4880



40.1084, -17.4739, -12.4109



5.2166, -2.5285, -1.0621

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42.9557, 20.3535, -10.7112



53.6172, 34.3835, -18.3321



49.4871, -0.7022, 15.1068



25.1210, 1.7179, -0.4410



26.5128, 50.8053, -24.7384



3.2906, 6.3829, -3.6693

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 50.7034, -12.9002, -3.7191 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

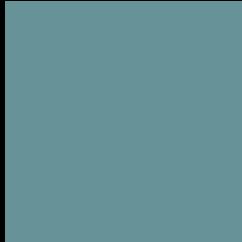
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 50.7034, -12.9002, -3.7191 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 50.7034, -12.9002, -3.7191 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 50.7034, -12.9002, -3.7191.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 50.7034, -12.9002, -3.7191.

-12.9002, -3.7191.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50.7034, -12.9002, -3.7191

Protanopia

50.3996, -0.7429, -1.4300

Deuteranopia

50.5869, 3.2101, -4.6039



Tritanopia

50.6243, -11.3027, -6.3620

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 50.7034, -12.9002, -3.7191 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(103, 146, 152)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(103, 146, 152)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(103, 146, 152) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(103, 146, 152) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 50.7034, -12.9002, -3.7191 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(103, 146, 152) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(103, 146, 152) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(103, 146, 152) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(103, 146, 152); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(103, 146, 152);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(103, 146,  
152) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 50.7034, -12.9002, -3.7191 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(103, 146, 152) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(103,  
146, 152) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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