

Converting Colors

HunterLab(50.6435, -13.3819,
1.6936)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(50.6435, -13.3819,
1.6936) contains.

HunterLab(50.7268, -13.4921, 1.5682)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(50.7268,
-13.4921, 1.5682)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6D928D
RGB	109, 146, 141
RGB Percent	43%, 57%, 55%
CMY	0.5725, 0.4274, 0.4471
CMYK	0.25, 0.00, 0.03, 0.43
HSL	172°, 15%, 50%
HSV	172°, 25%, 57%
XYZ	21.3933, 25.7321, 29.0386
YIQ	134.3670, -20.4470, -9.3990

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

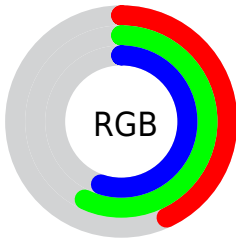
Format	Color
RYB	109, 129, 146
Decimal	7180941
CIELab	57.78, -13.88, -1.53
CIELCh	58, 13.963, 186.272
Yxy	25.7331, 0.2809, 0.3379
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285371021 (0xFF6D928D)
YUV	134.3670, 3.2701, -22.2469
Hunter-Lab	50.7268, -13.4921, 1.5682

Details

The HunterLab color $50.7268, -13.4921, 1.5682$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669999 . A complement of this color would be $42.7363, 10.2544, 4.4259$, and the grayscale version is $48.9655, -2.6127, 2.6604$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $72.6813, -16.1782, 2.3855$, and $31.4649, -10.5646, 0.5535$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $49.8242, -16.9774, 1.3251$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $51.7654, -9.5897, 1.9772$.

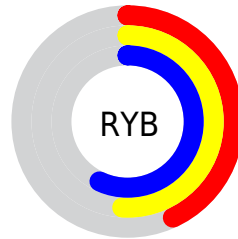
Distribution



Red (43%)

Green (57%)

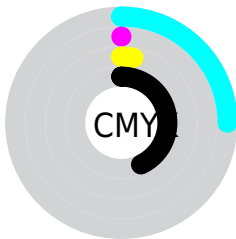
Blue (55%)



Red (43%)

Yellow (51%)

Blue (57%)

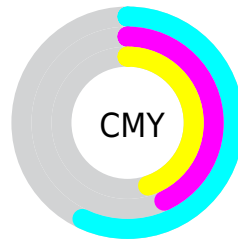


Cyan (25%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (3%)

Black (43%)



Cyan (57%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 50.7268, -13.4921, 1.5682 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 50.7268, -13.4921, 1.5682 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 50.7268, -13.4921,
1.5682

■ 50.7268, -13.4921,
1.5682

167.7706,
-25.4211, 7.3674

■ 40.7727, -12.1343,
1.1087

■ 72.6940, -16.1552,
2.6161

■ 31.5703, -10.7421,
0.6960

■ 84.6256, -17.4735,
3.1972

■ 23.1883, -9.2958,
0.3362

■ 97.1468, -18.7894,
3.8135

■ 15.7166, -7.7604,
0.0372

■ 110.2310,
-20.1061, 4.4633

■ 9.2823, -7.0113,
-0.1904

123.8551,
-21.4259, 5.1448

0.0000, NaN, NaN

137.9983,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-22.7508, 5.8568

0.0000, NaN, NaN

152.6423,
-24.0822, 6.5981

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 50.7268, -13.4921,
1.5682

■ 50.7268, -13.4921,
1.5682

■ 49.8242, -16.9774,
1.3251

■ 51.7654, -9.5897,
1.9772

■ 49.0543, -20.0184,
1.2468

■ 52.9358, -5.2994,
2.5457

■ 48.4158, -22.5995,
1.3319

■ 54.2365, -0.6576,
3.2680

■ 47.9047, -24.7158,
1.5740

■ 55.6639, 4.2979,
4.1355

■ 47.5143, -26.3753,
1.9630

■ 57.2139, 9.5293,
5.1387

■ 47.2353, -27.6018,
2.4842

■ 58.8815, 14.9998,
6.2673

■ 47.0529, -28.4455,
3.1153

■ 60.6614, 20.6750,
7.5107

■ 46.9808, -28.7871,
3.4213

■ 62.5484, 26.5233,
8.8585

■ 64.5367, 32.5166,
10.3006

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.7278, -12.6755, 6.9116



50.7268, -13.4921, 1.5682



50.7278, -11.5289, -4.0418

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.7278, -13.4928, 1.5689



50.7278, 4.1729, -6.7246



50.7278, 1.9331, 11.6745

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.7268, -13.4921, 1.5682



42.7363, 10.2544, 4.4259

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



50.7278, 6.7570, 8.7357



50.7268, -13.4921, 1.5682



50.7278, 8.0909, -1.7724

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.7278, -13.4928, 1.5689



50.7278, -1.4650, -9.1697



50.7278, 9.0575, 3.9253



50.7278, -3.9420, 12.3533

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.7268, -13.4921, 1.5682



50.7278, -8.8514, -7.0509



50.7278, 9.0575, 3.9253



50.7278, 3.7395, 10.9359

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.7278, -13.4928, 1.5689



69.8518, -8.6942, 3.1472



50.2766, -16.7951, 13.6239



32.8432, -4.4765, 1.4332



85.4018, -4.5568, 4.6400



33.5864, -1.7921, 1.8248

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.7278, -13.4928, 1.5689



66.7212, -20.4287, 1.8859



47.0279, -6.8032, -5.4271



25.5908, -3.4160, 1.1253



44.0737, -26.9880, 3.1711



4.9067, -2.8010, -0.0864

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42.7363, 10.2544, 4.4259



54.0308, 17.4076, 6.4814



45.9595, 3.3404, 9.7135



24.1400, 0.8703, 1.6326



23.2883, 40.0781, 13.5268



2.6238, 4.6085, 0.8027

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 50.7268, -13.4921, 1.5682 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

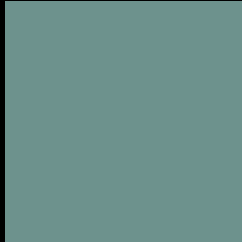
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 50.7268, -13.4921, 1.5682 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

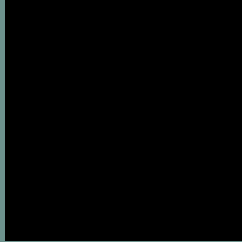
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 50.7268, -13.4921, 1.5682 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 50.7268, -13.4921, 1.5682.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 50.7268,

-13.4921, 1.5682.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50.7268, -13.4921, 1.5682

Protanopia

50.6135, -2.1091, 3.8653

Deuteranopia

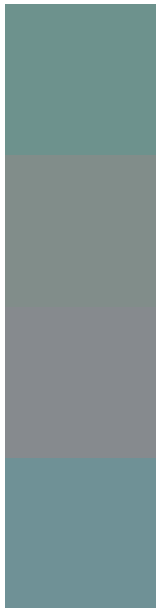
50.4212, 3.3738, 0.5708



Tritanopia

50.7522, -9.4294, -5.1189

Trichromacy



Original Color

50.7268, -13.4921, 1.5682

Protanomaly

50.5488, -6.6573, 2.8287

Deuteranomaly

50.1979, -3.2065, 0.6492

Tritanomaly

50.8255, -11.0271, -2.5342

Monochromacy



Original Color

50.7268, -13.4921, 1.5682

Achromatopsia

48.8260, -2.6052, 2.6528

Achromatomaly

49.3387, -6.5283, 1.8476

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 50.7268, -13.4921, 1.5682 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(109, 146, 141)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(109, 146, 141)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(109, 146, 141) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(109, 146, 141) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 50.7268, -13.4921, 1.5682 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(109, 146, 141) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(109, 146, 141) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(109, 146, 141)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(109, 146, 141); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 146, 141);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 146,  
141) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 50.7268, -13.4921, 1.5682 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(109, 146, 141) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(109,  
146, 141) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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