

Converting Colors

HunterLab(50.6505, -42.2058,
18.5451)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(50.6505, -42.2058,
18.5451) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(51.5881,
-38.8896, 19.4707)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00A25C
RGB	0, 162, 92
RGB Percent	0%, 64%, 36%
CMY	1.0000, 0.3647, 0.6392
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.43, 0.36
HSL	154°, 100%, 32%
HSV	154°, 100%, 64%
XYZ	14.8520, 26.6133, 14.4793
YIQ	105.5820, -74.0820, -56.1140

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

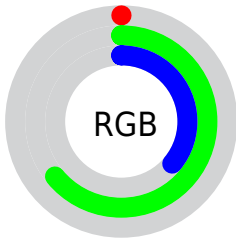
Format	Color
RYB	0, 103, 162
Decimal	41564
CIELab	58.62, -52.31, 26.56
CIELCh	59, 58.663, 153.077
Yxy	26.6144, 0.2655, 0.4757
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278231644 (0xFF00A25C)
YUV	105.5820, -6.6959, -92.5954
Hunter-Lab	51.5881, -38.8896, 19.4707

Details

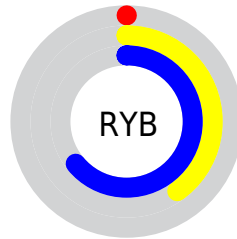
The HunterLab color **51.5881, -38.8896, 19.4707** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009966**. A complement of this color would be **28.5028, 50.3624, 6.3894**, and the grayscale version is **37.8518, -2.0197, 2.0566**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **73.6545, -46.1356, 23.6593**, and **33.3568, -26.5757, 15.6763** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51.5891, -38.8905, 19.4717**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **51.8213, -37.6751, 17.7662**.

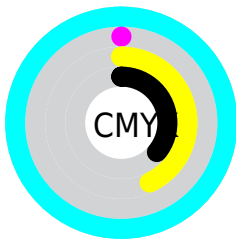
Distribution



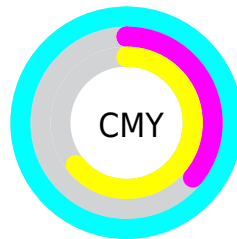
- Red (0%)
- Green (64%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (64%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Black (36%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (64%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 51.5881, -38.8896, 19.4707 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 51.5881, -38.8896, 19.4707 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 51.5881, -38.8896,
19.4707

■ 51.5881, -38.8896,
19.4707

169.0518,
-67.8962, 37.0646

■ 41.5738, -34.9634,
17.2467

■ 73.6644, -46.1176,
23.6625

■ 32.3064, -30.7437,
14.8973

■ 85.6462, -49.5001,
25.6680

■ 23.8531, -26.1279,
12.3759

■ 98.2153, -52.7657,
27.6309

■ 16.3013, -21.0600,
10.0037

■ 111.3454,
-55.9337, 29.5602

■ 9.7753, -17.1068,
6.8427

■ 125.0134,
-59.0196, 31.4632

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 139.1990,

-62.0357, 33.3454

0.0000, NaN, NaN

153.8840,
-64.9918, 35.2113

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 51.5881, -38.8896,
19.4707

■ 51.5881, -38.8896,
19.4707

■ 51.5891, -38.8905,
19.4717

■ 51.8213, -37.6751,
17.7662

■ 52.1497, -36.0487,
15.9999

■ 52.6091, -33.8790,
14.2167

■ 53.2118, -31.1347,
12.4437

■ 53.9663, -27.8066,
10.7063

■ 54.8778, -23.9045,
9.0278

■ 55.9488, -19.4532,
7.4289

■ 57.1793, -14.4890,
5.9269

■ 58.5677, -9.0565,
4.5356

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



51.5891, -26.3787, 28.2553



51.5881, -38.8896, 19.4707



51.5891, -42.3984, 0.3020

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



51.5891, -38.8901, 19.4711



51.5891, -0.1591, -66.5459



51.5891, 43.8227, 21.9986

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51.5881, -38.8896, 19.4707



28.5028, 50.3624, 6.3894

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



51.5891, 54.3088, 5.1945



51.5881, -38.8896, 19.4707



51.5891, 26.0720, -51.8133

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



51.5891, -38.8901, 19.4711



51.5891, -22.6995, -56.5684



51.5891, 47.2689, -22.3734



51.5891, 20.7706, 29.1526

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51.5881, -38.8896, 19.4707



51.5891, -39.8366, -18.4323



51.5891, 47.2689, -22.3734



51.5891, 49.1130, 17.6646

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51.5891, -38.8901, 19.4711



75.2942, -26.5746, 10.1299



52.1069, -38.2218, 31.4387



35.3985, -13.7686, 5.2053



90.9709, -4.8540, 4.9426



38.3822, -2.0480, 2.0854

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51.5891, -38.8901, 19.4711



69.4787, -52.5861, 26.6758



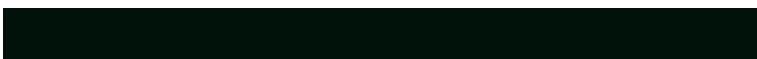
49.8070, -24.0108, -10.4216



28.2122, -4.1574, 2.1346



45.7989, -34.4593, 17.1431



6.7081, -4.5699, 1.4807

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28.5028, 50.3624, 6.3894



38.3514, 67.6681, 9.3551



28.1364, 46.0388, 18.1432



26.7103, 1.3391, 0.9110



25.3147, 44.7613, 5.4342



3.7955, 6.9453, -0.9996

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 51.5881, -38.8896, 19.4707 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 51.5881, -38.8896, 19.4707 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 51.5881, -38.8896, 19.4707 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 51.5881, -38.8896, 19.4707.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 51.5881,

-38.8896, 19.4707.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

51.5881, -38.8896, 19.4707

Protanopia

51.1552, -5.3746, 21.7062

Deuteranopia

51.1532, 3.6993, 17.9031



Tritanopia

51.4746, -20.2485, -10.1900

Trichromacy



Original Color

51.5881, -38.8896, 19.4707



Protanomaly

49.4058, -24.1732, 19.1997



Deuteranomaly

48.8418, -19.5854, 16.3196



Tritanomaly

51.0422, -28.6561, 2.5773

Monochromacy



Original Color

51.5881, -38.8896, 19.4707



Achromatopsia

37.9643, -2.0257, 2.0627



Achromatomaly

41.2972, -19.8638, 7.4233

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 51.5881, -38.8896, 19.4707 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 162, 92)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 162, 92)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 162, 92) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 162, 92) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 51.5881, -38.8896, 19.4707 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 162, 92) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 162, 92) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 162, 92)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 162, 92); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 162, 92);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 162, 92)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 51.5881, -38.8896, 19.4707 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 162, 92) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 162,  
92) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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