

Converting Colors

HunterLab(50.6600, 5.0529,
4.9085)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(50.6600, 5.0529, 4.9085)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(50.6600, 5.0529,
4.9085)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9D8586
RGB	157, 133, 134
RGB Percent	62%, 52%, 53%
CMY	0.3843, 0.4784, 0.4745
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.15, 0.38
HSL	358°, 11%, 57%
HSV	358°, 15%, 62%
XYZ	26.5952, 25.6644, 26.1063
YIQ	140.2900, 13.9830, 5.3990

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

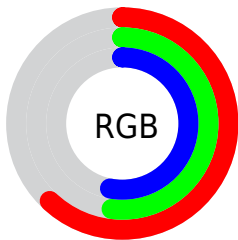
Format	Color
R _Y B	157, 133, 134
Decimal	10323334
CIE Lab	57.72, 9.29, 2.85
CIE LCh	58, 9.713, 17.068
Yxy	25.6655, 0.3394, 0.3275
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288513414 (0xFF9D8586)
YUV	140.2900, -3.1010, 14.6547
Hunter-Lab	50.6600, 5.0529, 4.9085

Details

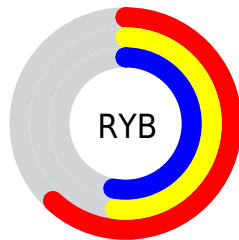
The HunterLab color $50.6600, 5.0529, 4.9085$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $56.1261, -10.0249, 1.1821$, and the grayscale version is $51.3351, -2.7391, 2.7891$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $72.5966, 4.9436, 6.4239$, and $31.3526, 5.0219, 3.5459$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $46.1437, 10.6515, 6.2138$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $55.4445, -0.3351, 3.7311$.

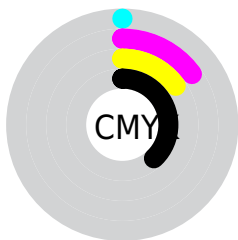
Distribution



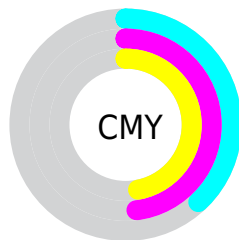
- Red (62%)
- Green (52%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Black (38%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (47%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 50.6600, 5.0529, 4.9085 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 50.6600, 5.0529, 4.9085 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 50.6600, 5.0529,
4.9085

■ 50.6600, 5.0529,
4.9085

167.6712, 2.4218,
12.3734

■ 40.7107, 5.0703,
4.2094

■ 72.6188, 4.8139,
6.3907

■ 31.5134, 5.0103,
3.5367

■ 84.5464, 4.6087,
7.1711

■ 23.1369, 4.8574,
2.8909

■ 97.0639, 4.3525,
7.9772

■ 15.6714, 4.5914,
2.2696

110.1446, 4.0493,
8.8085

■ 9.2436, 4.1878,
1.7816

123.7652, 3.7020,
9.6643

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

137.9052, 3.3135,

10.5441

0.0000, NaN, NaN

152.5460, 2.8861,
11.4473

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 50.6600, 5.0529,
4.9085

■ 50.6600, 5.0529,
4.9085

■ 46.1437, 10.6515,
6.2138

■ 55.4445, -0.3351,
3.7311

■ 41.9413, 16.4505,
7.6535

■ 60.4547, -5.5183,
2.6652

■ 38.1146, 22.3842,
9.2245

■ 65.6606, -10.5196,
1.6967

■ 34.7359, 28.3045,
10.8986

■ 71.0375, -15.3635,
0.8112

■ 31.8856, 33.9424,
12.6080

■ 76.5655, -20.0744,
-0.0036

■ 29.6412, 38.8982,
14.2354

■ 82.2286, -24.6741,
-0.7586

■ 28.0573, 42.7084,
15.6254

■ 88.0135, -29.1818,
-1.4630

■ 27.1285, 45.0489,
16.6264

■ 92.6652, -31.9174,
-3.6586

■ 26.8001, 45.9493,
16.9040

■ 92.6866, -31.7937,
-3.9624

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.6611, 5.2074, 1.0508



50.6600, 5.0529, 4.9085



50.6611, 2.7754, 7.9459

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.6611, 5.0513, 4.9093



50.6611, -8.3486, 7.6035



50.6611, -4.4578, -5.1080

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.6600, 5.0529, 4.9085



56.1261, -10.0249, 1.1821

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



50.6611, -7.9635, -3.0450



50.6600, 5.0529, 4.9085



50.6611, -10.1614, 4.4071

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.6611, 5.0513, 4.9093



50.6611, -4.9986, 9.4145



50.6611, -10.0227, 0.5072



50.6611, -0.3716, -4.9465

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.6600, 5.0529, 4.9085



50.6611, 0.4020, 9.1884



50.6611, -10.0227, 0.5072



50.6611, -5.7406, -4.6452

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.6611, 5.0513, 4.9093



74.3217, -0.5814, 4.9650



51.2430, 8.3672, -5.1855



34.6636, -0.0572, 2.3747



88.7363, -4.7347, 4.8212



36.4511, -1.9449, 1.9805

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.6611, 5.0513, 4.9093



65.9051, 9.0245, 7.0858



53.6175, -0.3420, 8.4934



25.7883, 0.8561, 2.0163



24.1553, 41.4206, 15.1913



3.2479, 5.6050, 1.7662

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50.6611, 5.0513, 4.9093



65.9051, 9.0245, 7.0858



52.9540, -4.7937, -3.1690



25.7883, 0.8561, 2.0163



24.1553, 41.4206, 15.1913



3.2479, 5.6050, 1.7662

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 50.6600, 5.0529, 4.9085 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

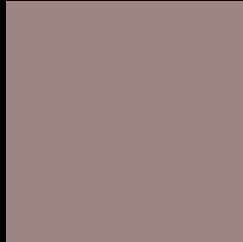
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 50.6600, 5.0529, 4.9085 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 50.6600, 5.0529, 4.9085 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 50.6600, 5.0529, 4.9085.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 50.6600, 5.0529,

4.9085.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50.6600, 5.0529, 4.9085

Protanopia

50.7286, -1.6543, 3.5686

Deuteranopia

50.6374, 3.5812, 4.8570



Tritanopia

50.7194, 7.0883, 1.4616

Trichromacy



Original Color

50.6600, 5.0529, 4.9085

Protanomaly

50.5855, 0.6829, 3.8819

Deuteranomaly

50.7346, 3.9069, 4.9732

Tritanomaly

50.6317, 6.6242, 2.7119

Monochromacy



Original Color

50.6600, 5.0529, 4.9085

Achromatopsia

51.2104, -2.7325, 2.7824

Achromatomaly

50.8304, 0.1984, 3.2784

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 50.6600, 5.0529, 4.9085 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(157, 133, 134)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(157, 133, 134)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(157, 133, 134) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(157, 133, 134) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 50.6600, 5.0529, 4.9085 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(157, 133, 134) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(157, 133, 134) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(157, 133, 134)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(157, 133, 134); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 133, 134);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 133,  
134) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 50.6600, 5.0529, 4.9085 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(157, 133, 134) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(157,  
133, 134) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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