

Converting Colors

HunterLab(50.6609, -1.1147,
0.8775)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(50.6609, -1.1147, 0.8775)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(50.7302, -1.2996,
0.8656)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8C8A8F
RGB	140, 138, 143
RGB Percent	55%, 54%, 56%
CMY	0.4510, 0.4588, 0.4392
CMYK	0.02, 0.03, 0.00, 0.44
HSL	264°, 2%, 55%
HSV	264°, 3%, 56%
XYZ	24.8616, 25.7355, 29.6437
YIQ	139.1680, -0.4130, 1.9790

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

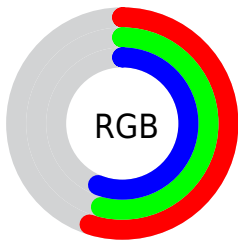
Format	Color
R_{YB}	140, 138, 143
Decimal	9210511
CIE Lab	57.79, 1.73, -2.41
CIE LCh	58, 2.962, 305.633
Yxy	25.7366, 0.3098, 0.3207
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287400591 (0xFF8C8A8F)
YUV	139.1680, 1.8892, 0.7297
Hunter-Lab	50.7302, -1.2996, 0.8656

Details

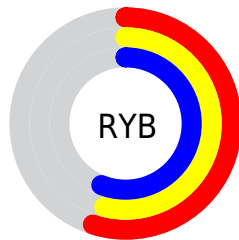
The HunterLab color $50.7302, -1.2996, 0.8656$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $52.0992, -4.1651, 4.6655$, and the grayscale version is $50.8724, -2.7144, 2.7640$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $72.6376, -1.8937, 1.6090$, and $31.5332, -0.3764, -0.0476$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $46.0248, 3.0472, -5.0633$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $55.5778, -5.5524, 6.4269$.

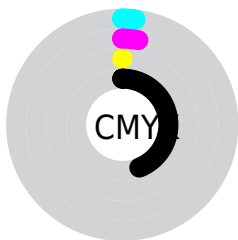
Distribution



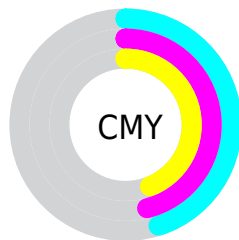
- Red (55%)
- Green (54%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (54%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 50.7302, -1.2996, 0.8656 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 50.7302, -1.2996, 0.8656 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 50.7302, -1.2996,
0.8656

■ 50.7302, -1.2996,
0.8656

167.7757, -6.8683,
6.3382

■ 40.7759, -0.8669,
0.4524

■ 72.6978, -2.2964,
1.8293

■ 31.5733, -0.4811,
0.0894

■ 84.6296, -2.8519,
2.3714

■ 23.1910, -0.1493,
-0.2163

■ 97.1510, -3.4428,
2.9505

■ 15.7189, 0.1199,
-0.4554

110.2355, -4.0670,
3.5645

■ 9.2843, 0.3170,
-0.6152

123.8597, -4.7230,
4.2118

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

138.0031, -5.4094,

4.8907

0.0000, NaN, NaN

152.6473, -6.1249,
5.5999

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 50.7302, -1.2996,
0.8656

■ 50.7302, -1.2996,
0.8656

■ 46.0248, 3.0472,
-5.0633

■ 55.5778, -5.5524,
6.4269

■ 41.4792, 7.5143,
-11.4548

■ 60.5482, -9.7284,
11.6922

■ 37.1216, 12.1226,
-18.4195

■ 65.6295, -13.8463,
16.7214

■ 32.9883, 16.8857,
-26.0836

■ 70.8114, -17.9207,
21.5612

■ 29.1278, 21.7905,
-34.5670

■ 76.0853, -21.9635,
26.2484

■ 25.6049, 26.7610,
-43.9285

■ 81.4443, -25.9844,
30.8126

■ 22.5048, 31.5926,
-54.0436

■ 86.8822, -29.9910,
35.2774

■ 19.9299, 35.8668,
-64.4006

■ 92.3941, -33.9898,
39.6617

■ 17.9814, 38.9362,
-73.9253

■ 93.9656, -32.5832,
40.9336

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.7313, -2.4733, 0.4314



50.7302, -1.2996, 0.8656



50.7313, -0.5001, 1.8084

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.7313, -1.3008, 0.8664



50.7313, -1.7135, 4.8017



50.7313, -5.0810, 2.5364

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.7302, -1.2996, 0.8656



52.0992, -4.1651, 4.6655

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



50.7313, -4.8820, 3.6964



50.7302, -1.2996, 0.8656



50.7313, -2.9455, 4.9860

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.7313, -1.3008, 0.8664



50.7313, -0.7399, 4.0764



50.7313, -4.1032, 4.5860



50.7313, -4.6497, 1.4103

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.7302, -1.2996, 0.8656



50.7313, -0.2891, 2.5869



50.7313, -4.1032, 4.5860



50.7313, -5.0856, 2.9354

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.7313, -1.3008, 0.8664



69.4772, -3.1590, 3.0419



51.4409, -3.3505, 1.6868



33.2911, -1.5306, 1.4803



85.4018, -4.5568, 4.6400



33.5864, -1.7921, 1.8248

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.7313, -1.3008, 0.8664



67.5125, -1.4014, 0.7063



50.9401, -0.5817, 1.1322



24.1835, -0.3998, 0.1142



15.9317, 38.2896, -75.0220



1.9104, 4.1491, -5.5681

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50.9322, -0.7268, 2.0354



67.8275, -0.5034, 2.5424



51.8977, -4.8730, 4.4227



24.3112, -0.0365, 0.8594



23.9989, 43.5826, -3.7465



2.4378, 4.5877, -1.6249

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 50.7302, -1.2996, 0.8656 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 50.7302, -1.2996, 0.8656 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

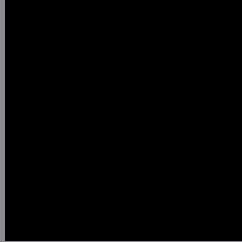
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

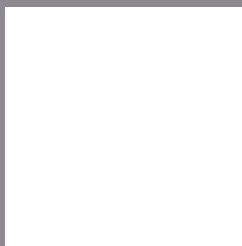
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 50.7302, -1.2996, 0.8656 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 50.7302, -1.2996, 0.8656.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 50.7302, -1.2996,

0.8656.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50.7302, -1.2996, 0.8656

Protanopia

50.7302, -1.2996, 0.8656

Deuteranopia

50.8189, 3.3596, 0.5894



Tritanopia

50.6874, 0.3066, -1.5332

Trichromacy



Original Color

50.7302, -1.2996, 0.8656

Protanomaly

50.7302, -1.2996, 0.8656

Deuteranomaly

50.7276, 1.6324, 0.4475

Tritanomaly

50.6255, -0.0295, -0.6538

Monochromacy



Original Color

50.7302, -1.2996, 0.8656

Achromatopsia

50.8117, -2.7112, 2.7607

Achromatomaly

50.8406, -2.5529, 2.3487

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 50.7302, -1.2996, 0.8656 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(140, 138, 143)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(140, 138, 143)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(140, 138, 143) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(140, 138, 143) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 50.7302, -1.2996, 0.8656 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(140, 138, 143) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(140, 138, 143) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(140, 138, 143)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(140, 138, 143); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 138, 143);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 138,  
143) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 50.7302, -1.2996, 0.8656 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(140, 138, 143) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(140,  
138, 143) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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