

Converting Colors

HunterLab(50.7537, 11.1413,
-21.5923)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(50.7537, 11.1413,
-21.5923) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(50.7080, 11.3920,
-21.5767)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9183B8
RGB	145, 131, 184
RGB Percent	57%, 51%, 72%
CMY	0.4314, 0.4863, 0.2784
CMYK	0.21, 0.29, 0.00, 0.28
HSL	256°, 27%, 62%
HSV	256°, 29%, 72%
XYZ	28.4451, 25.7130, 48.8113
YIQ	141.2280, -8.6690, 19.4510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

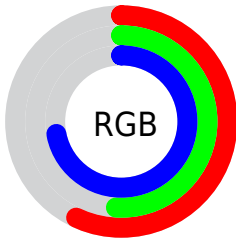
Format	Color
RYB	145, 131, 184
Decimal	9536440
CIELab	57.76, 16.50, -25.89
CIElCh	58, 30.698, 302.510
Yxy	25.7141, 0.2762, 0.2497
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287726520 (0xFF9183B8)
YUV	141.2280, 21.0866, 3.3080
Hunter-Lab	50.7080, 11.3920, -21.5767

Details

The HunterLab color $50.7080, 11.3920, -21.5767$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $9999CC$. A complement of this color would be $66.6831, -15.4692, 21.7260$, and the grayscale version is $51.6226, -2.7545, 2.8048$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $72.6991, 11.9643, -22.2263$, and $31.7064, 10.5517, -20.4313$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $44.7715, 17.1147, -32.1657$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $56.9276, 5.9525, -12.0469$.

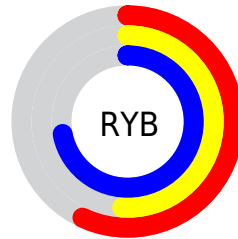
Distribution



Red (57%)

Green (51%)

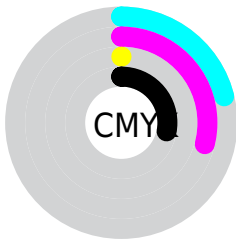
Blue (72%)



Red (57%)

Yellow (51%)

Blue (72%)

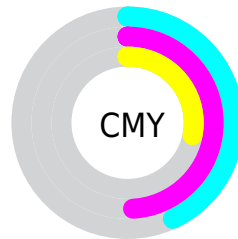


Cyan (21%)

Magenta (29%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (28%)



Cyan (43%)

Magenta (49%)

Yellow (28%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 50.7080, 11.3920, -21.5767 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 50.7080, 11.3920, -21.5767 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 50.7080, 11.3920,
-21.5767

■ 50.7080, 11.3920,
-21.5767

167.7425, 11.4658,
-23.4696

■ 40.7552, 11.0374,
-21.0879

■ 72.6727, 11.8427,
-22.3842

■ 31.5543, 10.5818,
-20.5590

■ 84.6032, 11.9586,
-22.7008

■ 23.1738, 10.0066,
-20.0234

■ 97.1234, 12.0105,
-22.9599

■ 15.7038, 9.2882,
-19.5759

110.2067, 12.0034,
-23.1636

■ 9.2714, 8.4024,
-19.5254

123.8297, 11.9420,
-23.3141

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

137.9720, 11.8298,

-23.4139

0.0000, NaN, NaN

152.6152, 11.6702,
-23.4650

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 50.7080, 11.3920,
-21.5767

■ 50.7080, 11.3920,
-21.5767

■ 44.7715, 17.1147,
-32.1657

■ 56.9276, 5.9525,
-12.0469

■ 39.1770, 23.1722,
-44.0825

■ 63.3824, 0.7428,
-3.3510

■ 34.0124, 29.5701,
-57.5737

■ 70.0400, -4.2884,
4.6955

■ 29.3992, 36.1878,
-72.7049

■ 76.8752, -9.1829,
12.2349

■ 25.4997, 42.6139,
-88.9807

■ 83.8686, -13.9742,
19.3766

■ 22.5047, 47.9579,
-104.7647

■ 91.0045, -18.6885,
26.2050

■ 20.4752, 51.3658,
-117.7979

■ 96.6787, -20.9785,
31.3953

■ 20.2579, 51.7751,
-119.3326

■ 97.9406, -16.4138,
32.6111

■ 98.1024, -15.8332,
32.7662

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.7090, -1.6127, -27.0920



50.7080, 11.3920, -21.5767



50.7090, 21.3446, -9.4465

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.7090, 11.3912, -21.5755



50.7090, 9.3146, 19.6074



50.7090, -25.2797, 1.7113

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.7080, 11.3920, -21.5767



66.6831, -15.4692, 21.7260

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



50.7090, -22.9748, 12.5286



50.7080, 11.3920, -21.5767



50.7090, -3.7949, 21.1908

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.7090, 11.3912, -21.5755



50.7090, 20.0635, 13.9190



50.7090, -15.4181, 18.9577



50.7090, -22.0584, -11.7040

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.7080, 11.3920, -21.5767



50.7090, 24.4388, -0.4282



50.7090, -15.4181, 18.9577



50.7090, -25.1255, 5.7542

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.7090, 11.3912, -21.5755



85.0303, 1.2395, -4.9027



61.0887, -11.8579, -6.5777



38.8882, 1.0400, -3.0378



96.5975, -5.1542, 5.2483



43.2801, -2.3093, 2.3515

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.7090, 11.3912, -21.5755



62.8059, 20.5173, -38.5428



53.2205, 19.2525, -17.3883



29.7172, 0.4788, -1.7899



16.9065, 43.0599, -98.4311



3.6317, 8.5345, -15.5996

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54.1537, 21.0585, -7.9004



68.7184, 36.3336, -13.9769



64.7087, -22.8068, 19.7983



30.2012, 1.9777, -0.0724



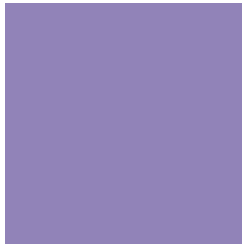
28.7203, 53.4512, -14.5170



5.4809, 10.3499, -3.9287

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 50.7080, 11.3920, -21.5767 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 50.7080, 11.3920, -21.5767 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 50.7080, 11.3920, -21.5767 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 50.7080, 11.3920, -21.5767.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 50.7080, 11.3920, -21.5767.

-21.5767.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50.7080, 11.3920, -21.5767

Protanopia

50.8434, 3.8601, -24.7452

Deuteranopia

50.8915, 3.5194, -20.7723



Tritanopia

50.8290, -0.5918, -1.8567

Trichromacy



Original Color

50.7080, 11.3920, -21.5767

Protanomaly

50.8147, 6.4435, -23.4305

Deuteranomaly

50.8086, 6.0909, -20.8634

Tritanomaly

50.5958, 3.7845, -8.8131

Monochromacy



Original Color

50.7080, 11.3920, -21.5767

Achromatopsia

51.6097, -2.7538, 2.8041

Achromatomaly

51.0651, 2.1731, -5.5320

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 50.7080, 11.3920, -21.5767 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(145, 131, 184)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(145, 131, 184)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(145, 131, 184) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(145, 131, 184) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 50.7080, 11.3920, -21.5767 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(145, 131, 184) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(145, 131, 184) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(145, 131, 184)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 131, 184); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 131, 184); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 131, 184) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 50.7080, 11.3920, -21.5767 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(145, 131, 184) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(145,  
131, 184) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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