

Converting Colors

HunterLab(50.7779, 14.5030,
-75.9908)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(50.7779, 14.5030,
-75.9908) contains.

HunterLab(50.7779, 14.5030, -75.9908)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(50.7779, 14.5030,
-75.9908)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5086FC
RGB	80, 134, 252
RGB Percent	31%, 53%, 99%
CMY	0.6862, 0.4745, 0.0118
CMYK	0.68, 0.47, 0.00, 0.01
HSL	221°, 97%, 65%
HSV	221°, 68%, 99%
XYZ	29.4041, 25.7840, 95.5225
YIQ	131.3060, -70.0620, 25.2500

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

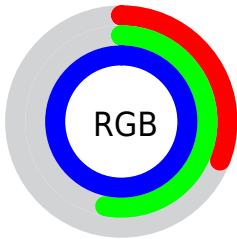
Format	Color
R _Y B	80, 121, 252
Decimal	5277436
CIE Lab	57.83, 19.93, -64.16
CIE LCh	58, 67.187, 287.252
Yxy	25.7847, 0.1951, 0.1711
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283467516 (0xFF5086FC)
YUV	131.3060, 59.5021, -44.9954
Hunter-Lab	50.7779, 14.5030, -75.9908

Details

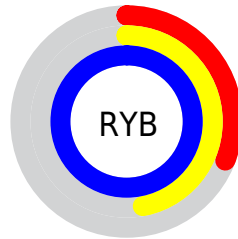
The HunterLab color **50.7779, 14.5030, -75.9908** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6699FF**. The color can be described as light muted azure. A complement of this color would be **78.5289, 3.0261, 42.7105**, and the grayscale version is **47.5557, -2.5375, 2.5838**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **69.9083, -0.6102, -37.1715**, and **32.3065, 15.8371, -74.5682** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **45.2666, 21.1946, -92.3628**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **56.8077, 9.1007, -60.9564**.

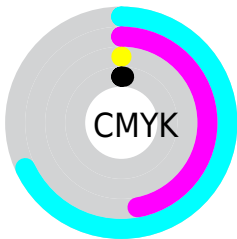
Distribution



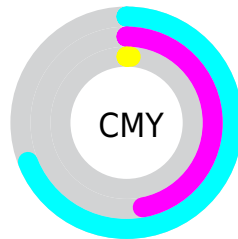
- Red (31%)
- Green (53%)
- Blue (99%)



- Red (31%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (99%)



- Cyan (68%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (1%)



- Cyan (69%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (1%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 50.7779, 14.5030, -75.9908 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 50.7779, 14.5030, -75.9908 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 50.7779, 14.5030,
-75.9908

■ 50.7779, 14.5030,
-75.9908

167.8463, 15.8268,
-82.7472

■ 40.8199, 13.9820,
-75.9626

■ 72.7513, 15.2703,
-77.0153

■ 31.6137, 13.3495,
-76.6101

■ 84.6858, 15.5339,
-77.7608

■ 23.2275, 12.5888,
-78.5345

■ 97.2099, 15.7278,
-78.5737

■ 15.7510, 11.6776,
-83.1418

■ 110.2968, 15.8578,
-79.4182

■ 9.3116, 10.5981,
-94.5323

123.9235, 15.9289,
-80.2710

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

138.0692, 15.9451,

-81.1164

0.0000, NaN, -NF

152.7157, 15.9101,
-81.9442

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 50.7779, 14.5030,
-75.9908

■ 50.7779, 14.5030,
-75.9908

■ 45.2666, 21.1946,
-92.3628

■ 56.8077, 9.1007,
-60.9564

■ 40.3762, 29.2405,
-109.8458

■ 63.2665, 4.8192,
-47.2386

■ 36.2097, 38.4461,
-127.8134

■ 70.0858, 1.4778,
-34.6975

■ 35.5468, 40.1048,
-131.0052

■ 77.2114, -1.0892,
-23.1616

■ 84.6011, -3.0209,
-12.4646

■ 92.2218, -4.4303,
-2.4601

99.9041, -5.8613,
6.8017

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.7787, -14.2004, -78.3945



50.7779, 14.5030, -75.9908



50.7787, 43.8893, -46.5973

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.7787, 14.5042, -75.9894



50.7787, 39.8855, 28.0156



50.7787, -45.7245, 12.9356

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.7779, 14.5030, -75.9908



78.5289, 3.0261, 42.7105

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



50.7787, -36.8897, 26.8812



50.7779, 14.5030, -75.9908



50.7787, 9.8980, 31.8003

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.7787, 14.5042, -75.9894



50.7787, 60.6091, 15.8737



50.7787, -17.9021, 31.5462



50.7787, -45.0210, -15.1647

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.7779, 14.5030, -75.9908



50.7787, 58.0400, -21.6816



50.7787, -17.9021, 31.5462



50.7787, -43.8703, 19.0172

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.7787, 14.5042, -75.9894



84.4090, -2.7581, -14.4895



86.8234, -52.7244, 16.2844



38.0709, -1.0354, -8.0955

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.7787, 14.5042, -75.9894



43.9153, 24.4217, -100.2418



40.2268, 49.6961, -110.0820



41.8713, -1.9638, -1.6832



26.1024, 27.6899, -92.4002



9.0112, 5.7064, -23.5816

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53.0620, 66.3180, 8.6556



49.3617, 76.7498, 13.5086



92.4606, -34.5509, 51.5009



41.6113, 2.1173, 1.9705



33.3147, 58.0076, 14.1229



10.2284, 17.9832, 2.9911

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 50.7779, 14.5030, -75.9908 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 50.7779, 14.5030, -75.9908 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

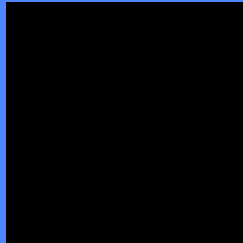
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

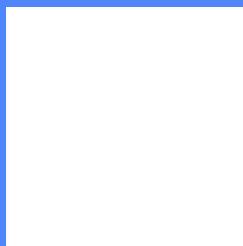
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 50.7779, 14.5030, -75.9908 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 50.7779, 14.5030, -75.9908.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 50.7779, 14.5030, -75.9908.

-75.9908.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50.7779, 14.5030, -75.9908

Protanopia

50.7353, 14.3693, -76.1096

Deuteranopia

50.8815, 4.3574, -73.0039



Tritanopia

50.5328, -23.8815, -11.6083

Trichromacy



Original Color

50.7779, 14.5030, -75.9908

Protanomaly

50.7353, 14.3693, -76.1096

Deuteranomaly

50.3391, 7.1169, -75.3808

Tritanomaly

49.8500, -12.5302, -32.3285

Monochromacy



Original Color

50.7779, 14.5030, -75.9908

Achromatopsia

47.6409, -2.5420, 2.5884

Achromatomaly

48.0025, 0.2998, -20.5101

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 50.7779, 14.5030, -75.9908 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(80, 134, 252)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(80, 134, 252)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(80, 134, 252) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(80, 134, 252) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 50.7779, 14.5030, -75.9908 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(80, 134, 252) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(80, 134, 252) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(80, 134, 252)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(80, 134, 252); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 134, 252);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 134,  
252) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 50.7779, 14.5030, -75.9908 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(80, 134, 252) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(80, 134,  
252) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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