

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(50.7912, 76.2812,  
-0.1852)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(50.7912, 76.2812,  
-0.1852) contains.

<b>HunterLab(50.7541, 76.3129, -0.1184)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(50.7541, 76.3129,  
-0.1184)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FC3994
RGB	252, 57, 148
RGB Percent	99%, 22%, 58%
CMY	0.0118, 0.7764, 0.4196
CMYK	0.00, 0.77, 0.41, 0.01
HSL	332°, 97%, 61%
HSV	332°, 77%, 99%
XYZ	46.9533, 25.7598, 30.5143
YIQ	125.6790, 87.0090, 69.6410

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

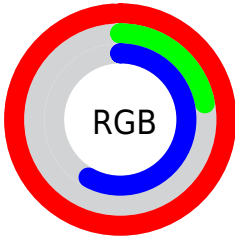
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	252, 57, 148
Decimal	16529812
CIE Lab	57.81, 77.11, -3.62
CIE LCh	58, 77.198, 357.309
Yxy	25.7612, 0.4548, 0.2496
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294719892 (0xFFFC3994)
YUV	125.6790, 11.0043, 110.7835
Hunter-Lab	50.7541, 76.3129, -0.1184

# Details

The HunterLab color **50.7541, 76.3129, -0.1184** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF3399**. The color can be described as light washed rose. A complement of this color would be **85.4779, -59.9315, 28.2294**, and the grayscale version is **45.4884, -2.4271, 2.4715**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **62.8039, 57.3844, -13.0466**, and **34.3933, 61.4635, 2.3491** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48.4307, 81.0963, 3.4000**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **54.1768, 68.7770, -2.5367**.

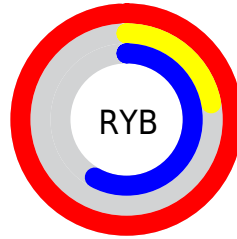
# Distribution



Red (99%)

Green (22%)

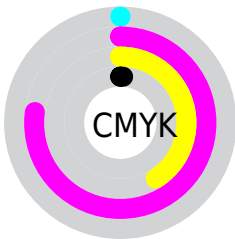
Blue (58%)



Red (99%)

Yellow (22%)

Blue (58%)

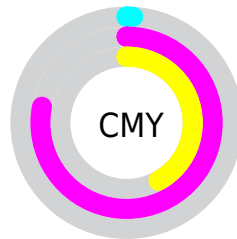


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (77%)

Yellow (41%)

Black (1%)



Cyan (1%)

Magenta (78%)

Yellow (42%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 50.7541, 76.3129, -0.1184 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 50.7541, 76.3129, -0.1184 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



50.7541, 76.3129,  
-0.1184

50.7541, 76.3129,  
-0.1184

167.8118, 94.8775,  
4.9106

40.7984, 73.8893,  
-0.4686

72.7252, 81.0252,  
0.7317

31.5940, 71.5212,  
-0.7649

84.6584, 83.2696,  
1.2209

23.2097, 69.3822,  
-0.9983

97.1811, 85.4253,  
1.7494

15.7353, 67.9182,  
-1.1582

110.2669, 87.4904,  
2.3149

9.2983, 68.4911,  
-1.2295

123.8924, 89.4657,  
2.9153

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, INF, NaN

138.0370, 91.3533,

3.5491

0.0000, NaN, NaN

152.6823, 93.1562,  
4.2146

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 50.7541, 76.3129,  
-0.1184

■ 50.7541, 76.3129,  
-0.1184

■ 48.4307, 81.0963,  
3.4000

■ 54.1768, 68.7770,  
-2.5367

■ 47.1406, 82.8814,  
7.6997

■ 58.6413, 59.2301,  
-3.7734

■ 46.8974, 83.0815,  
8.8449

■ 64.0390, 48.4607,  
-3.9091

■ 70.2417, 37.1050,  
-3.1093

■ 77.1267, 25.5844,  
-1.5552

■ 84.5868, 14.1391,  
0.5914

■ 92.5334, 2.8857,  
3.2001

■ 99.7173, -6.3205,  
5.0827

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.7555, 61.5516, -41.1484



50.7541, 76.3129, -0.1184



50.7555, 65.8593, 23.2131

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.7555, 76.3083, -0.1169



50.7555, -28.3876, 32.3190



50.7555, -32.3239, -77.4038

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.7541, 76.3129, -0.1184



85.4779, -59.9315, 28.2294

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



50.7555, -47.2633, -32.9162



50.7541, 76.3129, -0.1184



50.7555, -45.4264, 25.5696

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.7555, 76.3083, -0.1169



50.7555, 0.2653, 33.5242



50.7555, -51.3760, 5.4830



50.7555, -5.6201, -100.1863



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.7541, 76.3129, -0.1184



50.7555, 47.1683, 29.9542



50.7555, -51.3760, 5.4830



50.7555, -38.6044, -63.5151

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.7555, 76.3083, -0.1169



81.4030, 20.8537, -0.6928



41.8733, 70.5242, -103.3644



36.4180, 11.5943, -0.6629

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.7555, 76.3083, -0.1169



48.2284, 83.5725, 5.8578



49.6016, 66.8239, 27.1049



41.6654, 2.4078, 1.1997



33.8909, 60.1207, 5.7642



10.4163, 18.6690, 0.2910



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50.7555, 76.3083, -0.1169



48.2284, 83.5725, 5.8578



85.7359, -41.6444, -11.5867



41.6654, 2.4078, 1.1997



33.8909, 60.1207, 5.7642



10.4163, 18.6690, 0.2910



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 50.7541, 76.3129, -0.1184 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

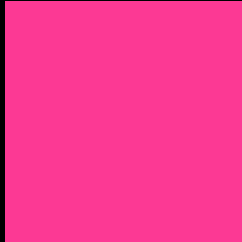
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 50.7541, 76.3129, -0.1184 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 50.7541, 76.3129, -0.1184 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 50.7541, 76.3129, -0.1184.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 50.7541, 76.3129, -0.1184.

-0.1184.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

50.7541, 76.3129, -0.1184

### Protanopia

50.9525, 5.0162, -30.6838

### Deuteranopia

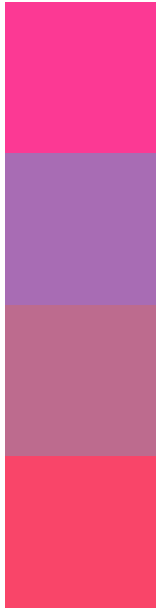
50.9266, 3.3704, 3.4463



## Tritanopia

50.6996, 61.7653, 23.4468

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

50.7541, 76.3129, -0.1184

## Protanomaly

47.2708, 29.6128, -24.5127

## Deuteranomaly

48.2568, 30.6860, -1.1694

## Tritanomaly

50.4142, 66.6612, 16.5145

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

50.7541, 76.3129, -0.1184

## Achromatopsia

45.6768, -2.4372, 2.4817

## Achromatomaly

44.4963, 26.3118, -2.1738

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 50.7541, 76.3129, -0.1184 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(252, 57, 148)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(252, 57, 148)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(252, 57, 148) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(252, 57, 148) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 50.7541, 76.3129, -0.1184 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(252, 57, 148) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(252, 57, 148) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(252, 57, 148)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(252, 57, 148); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 57, 148);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 57,  
148) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 50.7541, 76.3129, -0.1184 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(252, 57, 148) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(252, 57,  
148) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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