

Converting Colors

HunterLab(50.8096, 95.9797,
-36.6770)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(50.8096, 95.9797,
-36.6770) contains.

HunterLab(50.8075, 95.9726, -36.6498)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(50.8075, 95.9726,
-36.6498)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF00D0
RGB	255, 0, 208
RGB Percent	100%, 0%, 82%
CMY	0.0000, 0.9998, 0.1843
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.18, 0.00
HSL	311°, 100%, 50%
HSV	311°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	52.6251, 25.8140, 61.8834
YIQ	99.9570, 85.2120, 118.7480

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

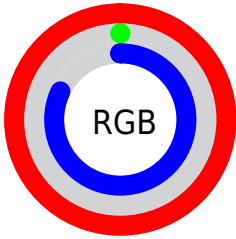
Format	Color
R_{YB}	255, 0, 208
Decimal	16711888
CIE _{Lab}	57.86, 92.21, -38.32
CIE _{LCh}	58, 99.851, 337.433
Yxy	25.8152, 0.3750, 0.1840
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294901968 (0xFFFF00D0)
YUV	99.9570, 53.2652, 135.9727
Hunter-Lab	50.8075, 95.9726, -36.6498

Details

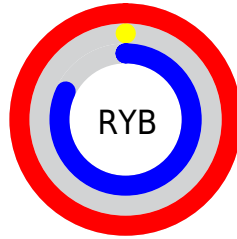
The HunterLab color **50.8075, 95.9726, -36.6498** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF00CC**. The color can be described as light saturated magenta. A complement of this color would be **84.6912, -71.7547, 49.0434**, and the grayscale version is **35.4776, -1.8930, 1.9276**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **61.7904, 77.1552, -51.3537**, and **36.9288, 69.4695, -24.4141** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50.8071, 95.9709, -36.6435**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **51.7379, 94.2862, -38.3807**.

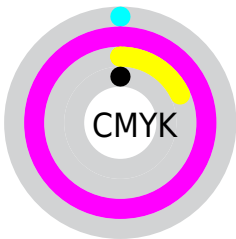
Distribution



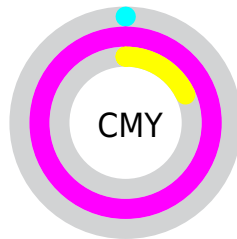
- Red (100%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (18%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 50.8075, 95.9726, -36.6498 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 50.8075, 95.9726, -36.6498 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

50.8075, 95.9726,
-36.6498

50.8075, 95.9726,
-36.6498

167.8910,
117.7856, -41.2164

40.8479, 93.3933,
-36.0028

72.7851, 101.2465,
-37.9446

31.6394, 91.0320,
-35.4319

84.7215, 103.8371,
-38.5500

23.2506, 89.1987,
-35.0670

97.2472, 106.3619,
-39.1131

15.7713, 88.6519,
-35.2282

110.3358,
108.8106, -39.6299

9.3289, 91.6457,
-36.8673

123.9640,
111.1781, -40.0986

0.0000, INF, -NF

138.1112,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

113.4628, -40.5190

0.0000, NaN, NaN

152.7591,
115.6648, -40.8913

■ 50.8075, 95.9726,
-36.6498

■ 50.8075, 95.9726,
-36.6498

■ 50.8071, 95.9709,
-36.6435

■ 51.7379, 94.2862,
-38.3807

■ 53.5379, 89.6933,
-38.4427

■ 56.3782, 82.0014,
-36.5772

■ 60.2566, 71.8014,
-32.9811

■ 65.1002, 59.9030,
-28.0319

70.8013, 47.0572,
-22.1349

77.2444, 33.8241,
-15.6303

84.3215, 20.5617,
-8.7661

91.9387, 7.4688,
-1.7062

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.8087, 56.5807, -104.5631



50.8075, 95.9726, -36.6498



50.8087, 105.3172, 11.7682

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.8087, 95.9685, -36.6478



50.8087, -12.7858, 35.5050



50.8087, -52.4102, -70.0324

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.8075, 95.9726, -36.6498



84.6912, -71.7547, 49.0434

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



50.8087, -60.7201, -8.2616



50.8075, 95.9726, -36.6498



50.8087, -43.2119, 33.8032

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.8087, 95.9685, -36.6478



50.8087, 32.3097, 34.9497



50.8087, -58.0130, 24.3593



50.8087, -30.2441, -132.5180

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.8075, 95.9726, -36.6498



50.8087, 91.1714, 27.0172



50.8087, -58.0130, 24.3593



50.8087, -56.5213, -47.1662

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.8087, 95.9685, -36.6478



77.2301, 33.8522, -15.6445



27.9654, 73.6977, -182.0576



34.4351, 18.2521, -8.5324

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.8087, 95.9685, -36.6478



50.8071, 95.9709, -36.6435



46.7462, 81.3118, 20.4079



42.7078, 3.1709, -0.6330



36.7544, 69.4728, -26.8680



11.5306, 21.8964, -9.2155

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50.8087, 95.9685, -36.6478



50.8071, 95.9709, -36.6435



86.3636, -61.3802, 24.5574



42.7078, 3.1709, -0.6330



36.7544, 69.4728, -26.8680



11.5306, 21.8964, -9.2155

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 50.8075, 95.9726, -36.6498 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

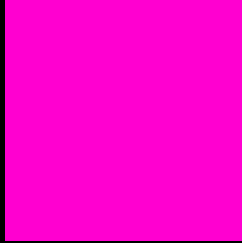
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 50.8075, 95.9726, -36.6498 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 50.8075, 95.9726, -36.6498 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 50.8075, 95.9726, -36.6498.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 50.8075, 95.9726, -36.6498.

-36.6498.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50.8075, 95.9726, -36.6498

Protanopia

51.7849, 13.8324, -76.1672

Deuteranopia

51.2393, 4.2674, -28.0937



Tritanopia

51.1067, 58.4900, 22.3018

Trichromacy



Original Color

50.8075, 95.9726, -36.6498



Protanomaly

43.4957, 48.4035, -82.6124



Deuteranomaly

44.3798, 44.9799, -44.8681



Tritanomaly

49.2010, 74.7050, 6.1756

Monochromacy



Original Color

50.8075, 95.9726, -36.6498



Achromatopsia

35.6984, -1.9048, 1.9396



Achromatomaly

35.4948, 39.4877, -18.2380

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 50.8075, 95.9726, -36.6498 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 0, 208)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 0, 208)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 0, 208) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 0, 208) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 50.8075, 95.9726, -36.6498 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 0, 208) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 0, 208) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 0, 208) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 0, 208); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 0, 208);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 0,  
208) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 50.8075, 95.9726, -36.6498 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 0, 208) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255, 0,  
208) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor