

Converting Colors

HunterLab(50.8752, 4.6578,
2.9644)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(50.8752, 4.6578, 2.9644)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(50.8752, 4.6578,
2.9644)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9B868B
RGB	155, 134, 139
RGB Percent	61%, 53%, 55%
CMY	0.3922, 0.4745, 0.4549
CMYK	0.00, 0.14, 0.10, 0.39
HSL	346°, 10%, 57%
HSV	346°, 14%, 61%
XYZ	26.7029, 25.8829, 28.0146
YIQ	140.8490, 10.9110, 6.0070

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

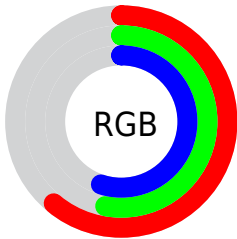
Format	Color
R_{YB}	155, 134, 139
Decimal	10192523
CIE Lab	57.93, 8.83, 0.25
CIE LCh	58, 8.831, 1.648
Yxy	25.8840, 0.3313, 0.3211
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288382603 (0xFF9B868B)
YUV	140.8490, -0.9116, 12.4104
Hunter-Lab	50.8752, 4.6578, 2.9644

Details

The HunterLab color $50.8752, 4.6578, 2.9644$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $55.4200, -9.8319, 3.1067$, and the grayscale version is $51.5508, -2.7506, 2.8009$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $72.8341, 4.5467, 4.3640$, and $31.6306, 4.9301, 1.8612$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $46.4561, 10.5289, 3.1020$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $55.5442, -1.0635, 3.0402$.

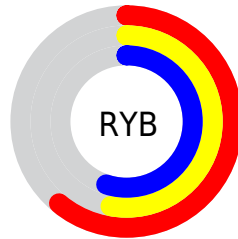
Distribution



Red (61%)

Green (53%)

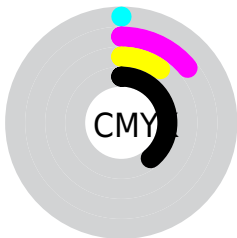
Blue (55%)



Red (61%)

Yellow (53%)

Blue (55%)

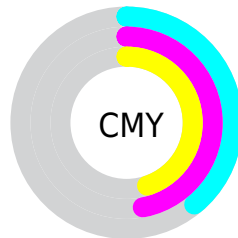


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (14%)

Yellow (10%)

Black (39%)



Cyan (39%)

Magenta (47%)

Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 50.8752, 4.6578, 2.9644 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 50.8752, 4.6578, 2.9644 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 50.8752, 4.6578,
2.9644

■ 50.8752, 4.6578,
2.9644

■ 167.9917, 1.8429,
9.4363

■ 40.9107, 4.7012,
2.4090

■ 72.8613, 4.3714,
4.1870

■ 31.6971, 4.6691,
1.8926

■ 84.8016, 4.1443,
4.8484

■ 23.3027, 4.5465,
1.4193

■ 97.3311, 3.8672,
5.5414

■ 15.8171, 4.3138,
0.9934

■ 110.4233, 3.5438,
6.2645

■ 9.3677, 3.9402,
0.6223

■ 124.0550, 3.1772,
7.0166

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 138.2055, 2.7701,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

7.7966

0.0000, NaN, NaN

152.8566, 2.3247,
8.6034

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 50.8752, 4.6578,
2.9644

■ 50.8752, 4.6578,
2.9644

■ 46.4561, 10.5289,
3.1020

■ 55.5442, -1.0635,
3.0402

■ 42.3278, 16.5292,
3.4918

■ 60.4245, -6.6307,
3.2908

■ 38.5455, 22.5865,
4.1786

■ 65.4890, -12.0576,
3.6876

■ 35.1742, 28.5543,
5.2009

■ 70.7149, -17.3612,
4.2063

■ 32.2869, 34.1795,
6.5761

■ 76.0841, -22.5596,
4.8277

■ 29.9562, 39.0919,
8.2767

■ 81.5817, -27.6700,
5.5362

■ 28.2388, 42.8569,
10.2083

■ 87.1954, -32.7080,
6.3193

■ 27.1505, 45.1246,
12.2056

■ 91.8694, -36.3125,
5.9842

■ 26.6487, 46.1353,
13.3546

■ 92.2495, -34.1054,
0.5698

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.8763, 3.7532, -0.5803



50.8752, 4.6578, 2.9644



50.8763, 3.5368, 6.2225

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.8763, 4.6563, 2.9653



50.8763, -6.4282, 8.2446



50.8763, -6.0805, -3.6120

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.8752, 4.6578, 2.9644



55.4200, -9.8319, 3.1067

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



50.8763, -8.6833, -0.9443



50.8752, 4.6578, 2.9644



50.8763, -8.8799, 5.9056

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.8763, 4.6563, 2.9653



50.8763, -2.9236, 9.1313



50.8763, -9.6936, 2.5726



50.8763, -2.5108, -4.5377

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.8752, 4.6578, 2.9644



50.8763, 1.8123, 7.8371



50.8763, -9.6936, 2.5726



50.8763, -7.0939, -2.8802

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.8763, 4.6563, 2.9653



73.9916, -1.0215, 4.0568



50.8707, 5.6254, -4.6983



34.9853, -0.2284, 1.9231



88.7363, -4.7347, 4.8212



36.4511, -1.9449, 1.9805

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.8763, 4.6563, 2.9653



66.4131, 8.3849, 3.9883



52.1810, 1.3535, 6.5488



24.9912, 1.0210, 1.4058



23.8938, 41.3873, 11.8081



3.0055, 5.3682, 0.2270

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50.8763, 4.6563, 2.9653



66.4131, 8.3849, 3.9883



54.0081, -6.5488, -0.8786



24.9912, 1.0210, 1.4058



23.8938, 41.3873, 11.8081



3.0055, 5.3682, 0.2270

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 50.8752, 4.6578, 2.9644 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 50.8752, 4.6578, 2.9644 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 50.8752, 4.6578, 2.9644 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 50.8752, 4.6578, 2.9644.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 50.8752, 4.6578,

2.9644.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50.8752, 4.6578, 2.9644

Protanopia

51.0695, -1.6426, 1.7295

Deuteranopia

50.9552, 3.5235, 3.0385



Tritanopia

50.8494, 6.2564, 0.6773

Trichromacy



Original Color

50.8752, 4.6578, 2.9644

Protanomaly

50.9170, 0.6674, 2.0433

Deuteranomaly

51.0510, 3.8446, 3.1565

Tritanomaly

50.7897, 5.9400, 1.5262

Monochromacy



Original Color

50.8752, 4.6578, 2.9644

Achromatopsia

51.6097, -2.7538, 2.8041

Achromatomaly

51.1678, 0.0283, 2.7805

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 50.8752, 4.6578, 2.9644 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(155, 134, 139)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(155, 134, 139)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(155, 134, 139) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(155, 134, 139) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 50.8752, 4.6578, 2.9644 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(155, 134, 139) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(155, 134, 139) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(155, 134, 139)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(155, 134, 139); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 134, 139);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 134,  
139) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 50.8752, 4.6578, 2.9644 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(155, 134, 139) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(155,  
134, 139) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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