

Converting Colors

HunterLab(50.8753, -8.2745,
1.3804)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(50.8753, -8.2745, 1.3804)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(50.8753, -8.2745,
1.3804)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7C8F8E
RGB	124, 143, 142
RGB Percent	49%, 56%, 56%
CMY	0.5137, 0.4392, 0.4431
CMYK	0.13, 0.00, 0.01, 0.44
HSL	177°, 8%, 52%
HSV	177°, 13%, 56%
XYZ	23.0171, 25.8830, 29.3739
YIQ	137.2050, -11.0030, -4.3390

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

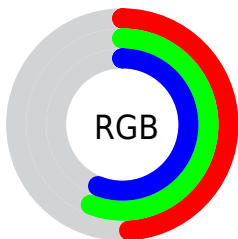
Format	Color
R_{YB}	124, 134, 143
Decimal	8163214
CIE _{Lab}	57.93, -6.99, -1.77
CIE _{LCh}	58, 7.213, 194.214
Yxy	25.8840, 0.2941, 0.3307
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286353294 (0xFF7C8F8E)
YUV	137.2050, 2.3639, -11.5808
Hunter-Lab	50.8753, -8.2745, 1.3804

Details

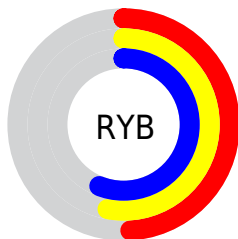
The HunterLab color $50.8753, -8.2745, 1.3804$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $46.6222, 3.5524, 4.1153$, and the grayscale version is $50.0923, -2.6728, 2.7216$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $72.9830, -10.1725, 2.3674$, and $31.7762, -6.4685, 0.5748$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $49.8720, -11.9621, 0.4489$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $52.0102, -4.2101, 2.4616$.

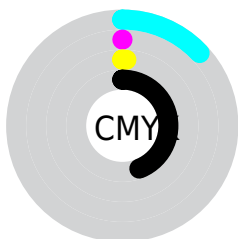
Distribution



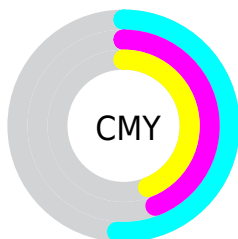
- Red (49%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 50.8753, -8.2745, 1.3804 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 50.8753, -8.2745, 1.3804 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 50.8753, -8.2745,
1.3804

■ 50.8753, -8.2745,
1.3804

167.9918,
-17.3500, 7.0928

■ 40.9108, -7.3357,
0.9332

■ 72.8614, -10.1861,
2.4059

■ 31.6972, -6.4012,
0.5337

■ 84.8017, -11.1615,
2.9767

■ 23.3028, -5.4647,
0.1883

■ 97.3312, -12.1520,
3.5831

■ 15.8171, -4.5128,
-0.0948

110.4234,
-13.1584, 4.2234

■ 9.3678, -3.7526,
-0.3030

124.0550,
-14.1812, 4.8958

0.0000, NaN, NaN

138.2056,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-15.2206, 5.5990

0.0000, NaN, NaN

152.8567,
-16.2768, 6.3317

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 50.8753, -8.2745,
1.3804

■ 50.8753, -8.2745,
1.3804

■ 49.8720, -11.9621,
0.4489

■ 52.0102, -4.2101,
2.4616

■ 48.9982, -15.2405,
-0.3276

■ 53.2711, 0.2000,
3.6805

■ 48.2549, -18.0870,
-0.9428

■ 54.6556, 4.9191,
5.0271

■ 47.6400, -20.4866,
-1.3948

■ 56.1596, 9.9108,
6.4899

■ 47.1496, -22.4345,
-1.6851

■ 57.7783, 15.1400,
8.0574

■ 46.7777, -23.9384,
-1.8195

■ 59.5066, 20.5734,
9.7184

■ 46.5155, -25.0204,
-1.8085

■ 61.3393, 26.1806,
11.4621

■ 46.3513, -25.7190,
-1.6677

■ 63.2710, 31.9341,
13.2787

■ 46.2689, -26.0782,
-1.5367

■ 65.2964, 37.8098,
15.1592

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.8764, -8.2356, 4.2630



50.8753, -8.2745, 1.3804



50.8764, -6.8506, -1.2742

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.8764, -8.2754, 1.3812



50.8764, 1.4348, -1.3913



50.8764, -1.1130, 7.8478

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.8753, -8.2745, 1.3804



46.6222, 3.5524, 4.1153

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



50.8764, 1.5522, 6.5060



50.8753, -8.2745, 1.3804



50.8764, 3.0466, 1.2290

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.8764, -8.2754, 1.3812



50.8764, -1.2702, -2.9375



50.8764, 3.0901, 4.1194



50.8764, -4.1485, 7.8832

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.8753, -8.2745, 1.3804



50.8764, -5.2421, -2.5113



50.8764, 3.0901, 4.1194



50.8764, -0.1424, 7.5383

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.8764, -8.2754, 1.3812



69.4726, -6.0850, 3.1719



50.4790, -10.6930, 8.5200



33.2160, -3.1013, 1.4684



85.4018, -4.5568, 4.6400



33.5864, -1.7921, 1.8248

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.8764, -8.2754, 1.3812



67.6540, -12.6348, 1.4462



48.5098, -4.2989, -1.9468



24.7214, -3.2023, 0.8707



43.5074, -24.5144, -1.4608



4.2655, -2.3286, -0.3048

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46.6222, 3.5524, 4.1153



60.6830, 6.7655, 5.9337



48.8484, -0.5267, 6.9456



23.2989, 0.7487, 1.7835



22.7573, 39.0413, 14.1732



2.2416, 3.8783, 1.1427

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 50.8753, -8.2745, 1.3804 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 50.8753, -8.2745, 1.3804 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

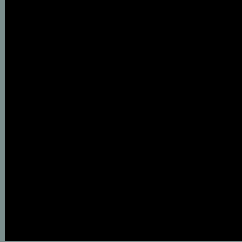
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 50.8753, -8.2745, 1.3804 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 50.8753, -8.2745, 1.3804.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 50.8753, -8.2745,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50.8753, -8.2745, 1.3804

Protanopia

50.6989, -1.6427, 2.6465

Deuteranopia

50.8189, 3.3596, 0.5894



Tritanopia

50.7792, -4.9243, -3.9844

Trichromacy



Original Color

50.8753, -8.2745, 1.3804

Protanomaly

50.7942, -4.1862, 2.2651

Deuteranomaly

50.8162, -1.0032, 0.9752

Tritanomaly

50.8684, -6.3629, -1.9077

Monochromacy



Original Color

50.8753, -8.2745, 1.3804

Achromatopsia

50.0158, -2.6687, 2.7175

Achromatomaly

50.2343, -4.7313, 2.0419

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 50.8753, -8.2745, 1.3804 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(124, 143, 142)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(124, 143, 142)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(124, 143, 142) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(124, 143, 142) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 50.8753, -8.2745, 1.3804 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(124, 143, 142) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(124, 143, 142) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(124, 143, 142)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(124, 143, 142); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 143, 142);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 143,  
142) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 50.8753, -8.2745, 1.3804 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(124, 143, 142) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(124,  
143, 142) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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