

Converting Colors

HunterLab(50.8822, 1.9472,
4.7563)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(50.8822, 1.9472, 4.7563)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(50.9283, 1.7928,
4.7281)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	978887
RGB	151, 136, 135
RGB Percent	59%, 53%, 53%
CMY	0.4078, 0.4667, 0.4706
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.11, 0.41
HSL	4°, 7%, 56%
HSV	4°, 11%, 59%
XYZ	25.9399, 25.9369, 26.5608
YIQ	140.3710, 9.2610, 2.8690

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

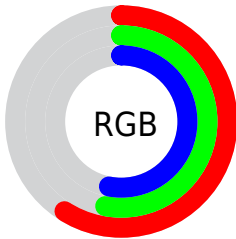
Format	Color
RYB	151, 136, 135
Decimal	9930887
CIELab	57.98, 5.46, 2.58
CIELCh	58, 6.036, 25.328
Yxy	25.9381, 0.3307, 0.3307
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288120967 (0xFF978887)
YUV	140.3710, -2.6479, 9.3216
Hunter-Lab	50.9283, 1.7928, 4.7281

Details

The HunterLab color $50.9283, 1.7928, 4.7281$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $54.0346, -7.0730, 1.0460$, and the grayscale version is $51.3671, -2.7408, 2.7909$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $72.8046, 1.1908, 6.1374$, and $31.6556, 2.2483, 3.4485$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $46.7069, 6.4983, 6.3779$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $55.3603, -2.7065, 3.1173$.

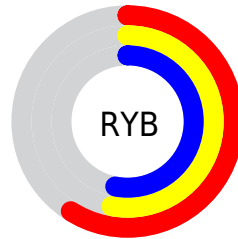
Distribution



Red (59%)

Green (53%)

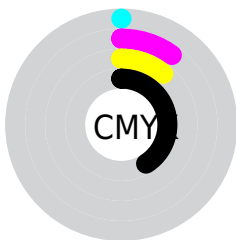
Blue (53%)



Red (59%)

Yellow (53%)

Blue (53%)

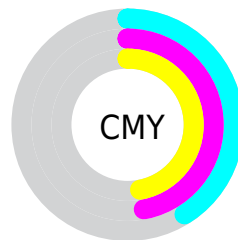


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (11%)

Black (41%)



Cyan (41%)

Magenta (47%)

Yellow (47%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 50.9283, 1.7928, 4.7281 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 50.9283, 1.7928, 4.7281 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 50.9283, 1.7928,
4.7281

■ 50.9283, 1.7928,
4.7281

■ 168.0708, -2.3225,
12.0944

■ 40.9601, 2.0190,
4.0434

■ 72.9212, 1.1718,
6.1843

■ 31.7425, 2.1827,
3.3866

■ 84.8646, 0.7897,
6.9528

■ 23.3437, 2.2722,
2.7584

■ 97.3970, 0.3645,
7.7477

■ 15.8531, 2.2725,
2.1575

■ 110.4921, -0.1010,
8.5683

■ 9.3981, 2.1587,
1.6505

■ 124.1264, -0.6044,
9.4139

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 138.2796, -1.1436,

10.2838

0.0000, NaN, NaN

152.9333, -1.7168,
11.1775

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 50.9283, 1.7928,
4.7281

■ 50.9283, 1.7928,
4.7281

■ 46.7069, 6.4983,
6.3779

■ 55.3603, -2.7065,
3.1173

■ 42.7275, 11.4232,
8.0578

■ 59.9715, -7.0149,
1.5435

■ 39.0343, 16.5517,
9.7515

■ 64.7403, -11.1571,
0.0050

■ 35.6794, 21.8254,
11.4247

■ 69.6485, -15.1564,
-1.5021

■ 32.7232, 27.1154,
13.0177

■ 74.6812, -19.0341,
-2.9821

■ 30.2309, 32.1939,
14.4406

■ 79.8262, -22.8093,
-4.4392

■ 28.2635, 36.7305,
15.5794

■ 85.0733, -26.4984,
-5.8771

■ 26.8617, 40.3440,
16.3255

■ 90.3853, -30.2802,
-6.8949

■ 26.0477, 42.5804,
16.7959

■ 92.3685, -32.9947,
-4.3879

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.9294, 2.2632, 2.3905



50.9283, 1.7928, 4.7281



50.9294, 0.1014, 6.4636

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.9294, 1.7914, 4.7289



50.9294, -6.6932, 5.3568



50.9294, -3.1193, -2.1029

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.9283, 1.7928, 4.7281



54.0346, -7.0730, 1.0460

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



50.9294, -5.4817, -1.2180



50.9283, 1.7928, 4.7281



50.9294, -7.5191, 3.1510

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.9294, 1.7914, 4.7289



50.9294, -4.8024, 6.8134



50.9294, -7.0800, 0.7347



50.9294, -0.6040, -1.6299

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.9283, 1.7928, 4.7281



50.9294, -1.4713, 7.0842



50.9294, -7.0800, 0.7347



50.9294, -3.9571, -1.9532

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.9294, 1.7914, 4.7289



72.5999, -2.1633, 4.6984



51.1039, 4.6943, -2.0025



34.3917, -0.8122, 2.3188



87.6224, -4.6753, 4.7607



35.4919, -1.8938, 1.9283

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.9294, 1.7914, 4.7289



66.6207, 4.0474, 6.9116



53.1177, -1.9581, 7.1111



25.0634, 0.5680, 2.1928



24.0583, 39.1621, 15.5102



3.1784, 4.0405, 2.0293

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54.0346, -7.0730, 1.0460



71.8039, -10.7588, 0.7613



51.7602, -3.3974, -1.7028



26.3822, -3.1957, 0.6289



42.7285, -20.7580, -8.5962



5.3868, -2.7358, -0.8271

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 50.9283, 1.7928, 4.7281 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

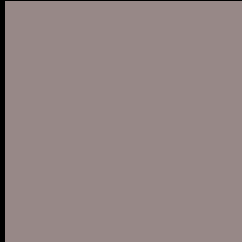
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 50.9283, 1.7928, 4.7281 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

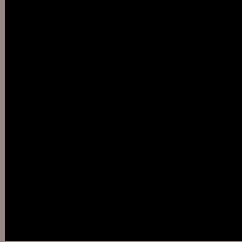
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 50.9283, 1.7928, 4.7281 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 50.9283, 1.7928, 4.7281.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 50.9283, 1.7928,

4.7281.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50.9283, 1.7928, 4.7281

Protanopia

51.0119, -2.1297, 3.8885

Deuteranopia

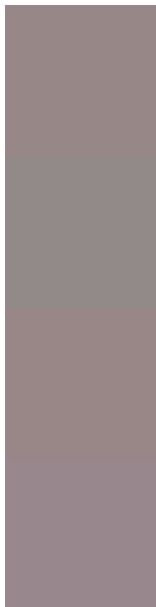
50.9384, 3.2418, 4.7650



Tritanopia

50.7641, 4.6421, 0.0747

Trichromacy



Original Color

50.9283, 1.7928, 4.7281

Protanomaly

50.9650, -0.8949, 4.2914

Deuteranomaly

50.8424, 2.9187, 4.6498

Tritanomaly

50.9180, 3.5144, 2.0944

Monochromacy



Original Color

50.9283, 1.7928, 4.7281

Achromatopsia

51.2104, -2.7325, 2.7824

Achromatomaly

51.2148, -1.3716, 3.6983

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 50.9283, 1.7928, 4.7281 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(151, 136, 135)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(151, 136, 135)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(151, 136, 135) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(151, 136, 135) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 50.9283, 1.7928, 4.7281 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(151, 136, 135) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(151, 136, 135) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(151, 136, 135)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(151, 136, 135); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 136, 135);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 136,  
135) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 50.9283, 1.7928, 4.7281 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(151, 136, 135) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(151,  
136, 135) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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