

Converting Colors

HunterLab(50.8906, -29.1347,
-0.7154)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(50.8906, -29.1347,
-0.7154) contains.

HunterLab(50.8451, -29.0282, -0.8885)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(50.8451,
-29.0282, -0.8885)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	009C92
RGB	0, 156, 146
RGB Percent	0%, 61%, 57%
CMY	0.9999, 0.3882, 0.4274
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.06, 0.39
HSL	176°, 100%, 31%
HSV	176°, 100%, 61%
XYZ	17.0768, 25.8522, 31.2841
YIQ	108.2160, -89.7660, -36.1820

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

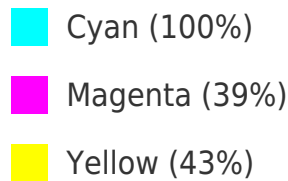
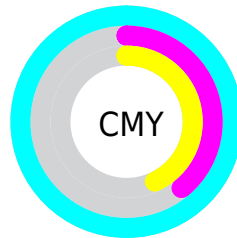
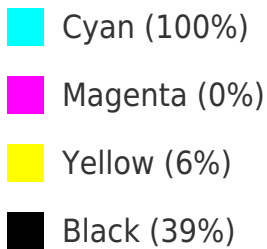
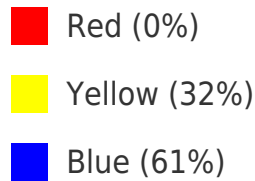
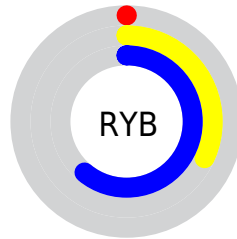
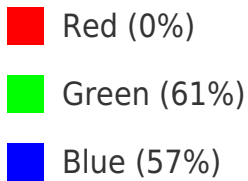
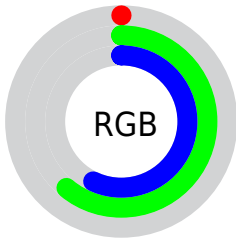
Format	Color
RYB	0, 81, 156
Decimal	40082
CIELab	57.90, -36.38, -4.56
CIELCh	58, 36.668, 187.150
Yxy	25.8532, 0.2301, 0.3484
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278230162 (0xFF009C92)
YUV	108.2160, 18.6275, -94.9054
Hunter-Lab	50.8451, -29.0282, -0.8885

Details

The HunterLab color **50.8451, -29.0282, -0.8885** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009999**. A complement of this color would be **26.6281, 45.6796, 16.5670**, and the grayscale version is **38.7657, -2.0684, 2.1062**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **72.7546, -34.2463, -0.2993**, and **32.7798, -18.9111, -0.1484** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50.8459, -29.0291, -0.8875**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50.9816, -28.4263, -1.1861**.


Distribution




Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 50.8451, -29.0282, -0.8885 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 50.8451, -29.0282, -0.8885 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 50.8451, -29.0282,
-0.8885


 50.8451, -29.0282,
-0.8885


167.9467,
-50.7653, 3.8028


 40.8826, -26.2001,
-1.1927


 72.8272, -34.3056,
-0.1255


 31.6713, -23.1897,
-1.4392


 84.7657, -36.8079,
0.3237


 23.2794, -19.9266,
-1.6190

 97.2936, -39.2430,
0.8138

 15.7966, -16.2929,
-1.7208

 110.3841,
-41.6235, 1.3424

 9.3504, -16.3632,
-1.7279

 124.0142,
-43.9589, 1.9074

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

 138.1633,

-46.2571, 2.5068

0.0000, NaN, NaN

152.8130,
-48.5242, 3.1391

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 50.8451, -29.0282,
-0.8885

■ 50.8451, -29.0282,
-0.8885

■ 50.8459, -29.0291,
-0.8875

■ 50.9816, -28.4263,
-1.1861

■ 51.1963, -27.5114,
-1.3817

■ 51.5246, -26.1538,
-1.4287

■ 51.9785, -24.3158,
-1.3108

■ 52.5669, -21.9779,
-1.0172

■ 53.2959, -19.1362,
-0.5423

■ 54.1692, -15.7999,
0.1149

■ 55.1884, -11.9896,
0.9514

■ 56.3530, -7.7346,
1.9610

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.8461, -27.3606, 12.5886



50.8451, -29.0282, -0.8885



50.8461, -24.3495, -17.4944

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.8461, -29.0283, -0.8879



50.8461, 16.5559, -25.3991



50.8461, 9.3778, 22.5701

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.8451, -29.0282, -0.8885



26.6281, 45.6796, 16.5670

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



50.8461, 23.2757, 17.0805



50.8451, -29.0282, -0.8885



50.8461, 27.7541, -9.5130

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.8461, -29.0283, -0.8879



50.8461, 1.0460, -34.1468



50.8461, 30.3499, 6.1705



50.8461, -6.3712, 23.6222

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.8451, -29.0282, -0.8885



50.8461, -17.8880, -27.2615



50.8461, 30.3499, 6.1705



50.8461, 14.4748, 21.2840

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.8461, -29.0283, -0.8879



72.9255, -21.5845, 0.0941



48.8314, -41.5186, 29.3621



33.9844, -10.9769, -0.1288



88.7363, -4.7347, 4.8212



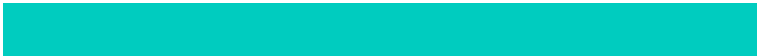
36.4511, -1.9449, 1.9805

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.8461, -29.0283, -0.8879



68.5155, -39.1707, -1.0802



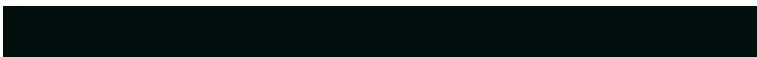
30.7368, 1.5241, -41.7060



27.3900, -3.5945, 0.9905



46.1478, -26.3331, -0.8353



6.1868, -3.4252, -0.3389

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.6281, 45.6796, 16.5670



35.8701, 61.5102, 22.5460



33.4002, 25.7468, 21.0308



25.7928, 0.8803, 1.9522



24.1700, 41.4748, 14.9745



3.2595, 5.6480, 1.5950

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 50.8451, -29.0282, -0.8885 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 50.8451, -29.0282, -0.8885 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 50.8451, -29.0282, -0.8885 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 50.8451, -29.0282, -0.8885.



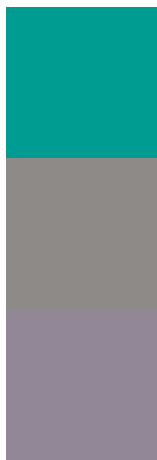
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 50.8451, -29.0282, -0.8885.

-29.0282, -0.8885.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

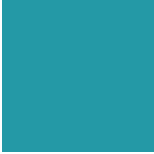
50.8451, -29.0282, -0.8885

Protanopia

50.5855, -2.2620, 4.2651

Deuteranopia

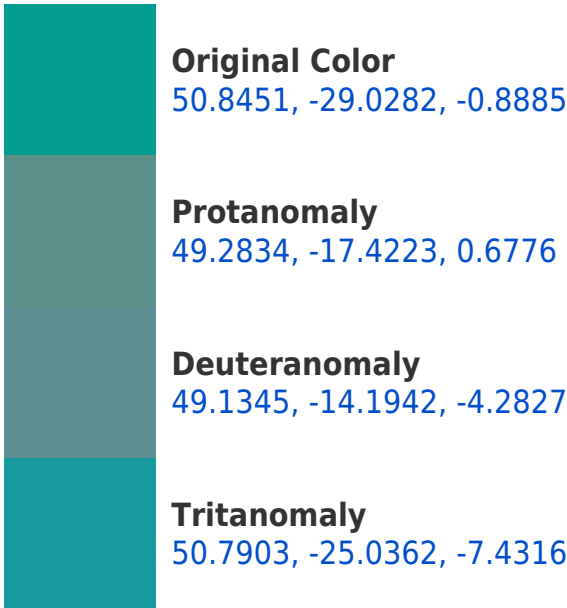
50.6688, 3.2905, -2.9803



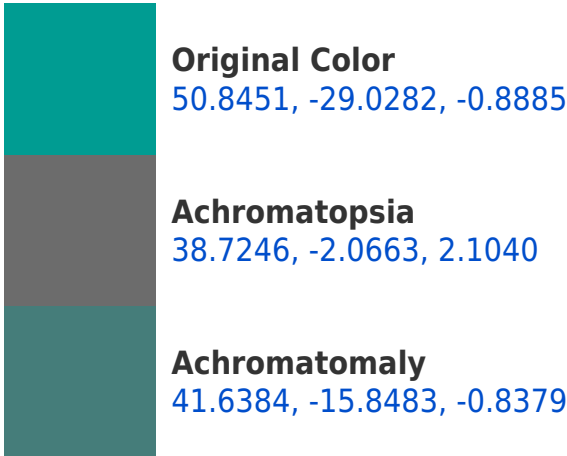
Tritanopia

50.9026, -22.4461, -11.0479

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 50.8451, -29.0282, -0.8885 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 156, 146)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 156, 146)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 156, 146) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 156, 146) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 50.8451, -29.0282, -0.8885 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 156, 146) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 156, 146) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 156, 146)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 156, 146); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 156, 146);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 156,  
146) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 50.8451, -29.0282, -0.8885 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 156, 146) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 156,  
146) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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