

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(50.9163, -27.5447,  
-4.1797)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(50.9163, -27.5447,  
-4.1797) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(51.0655,  
-27.7099, -4.0096)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	009C99
RGB	0, 156, 153
RGB Percent	0%, 61%, 60%
CMY	0.9999, 0.3882, 0.4000
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.02, 0.39
HSL	179°, 100%, 31%
HSV	179°, 100%, 61%
XYZ	17.6383, 26.0769, 34.2407
YIQ	109.0140, -92.0130, -34.0050

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

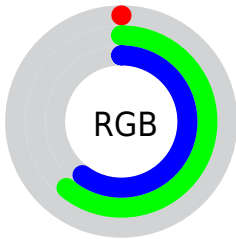
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 79, 156
Decimal	40089
CIELab	58.11, -34.24, -8.23
CIELCh	58, 35.219, 193.513
Yxy	26.0778, 0.2263, 0.3345
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278230169 (0xFF009C99)
YUV	109.0140, 21.6851, -95.6053
Hunter-Lab	51.0655, -27.7099, -4.0096

# Details

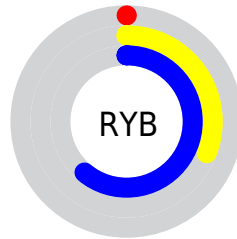
The HunterLab color **51.0655, -27.7099, -4.0096** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009999**. A complement of this color would be **26.5995, 45.5720, 16.9946**, and the grayscale version is **39.0597, -2.0841, 2.1222**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **73.0190, -32.7599, -3.5120**, and **32.9544, -17.8661, -2.6224** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51.0663, -27.7107, -4.0089**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **51.1805, -27.2384, -4.0031**.

# Distribution



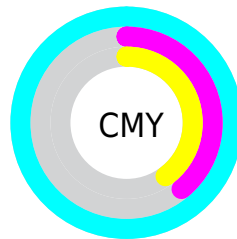
- Red (0%)
- Green (61%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (61%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (39%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (40%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 51.0655, -27.7099, -4.0096 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 51.0655, -27.7099, -4.0096 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 51.0655, -27.7099,  
-4.0096

■ 51.0655, -27.7099,  
-4.0096

168.2747,  
-48.4748, -0.5972

■ 41.0876, -25.0305,  
-4.1398

■ 73.0756, -32.7250,  
-3.5703

■ 31.8595, -22.1852,  
-4.2027

■ 85.0270, -35.1093,  
-3.2726

■ 23.4494, -19.1092,  
-4.1886

■ 97.5671, -37.4335,  
-2.9281

■ 15.9460, -15.6937,  
-4.0862

■ 110.6694,  
-39.7088, -2.5398

■ 9.4761, -16.2536,  
-3.8839

■ 124.3108,  
-41.9441, -2.1104

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 138.4707,

-44.1466, -1.6422

0.0000, NaN, NaN

153.1309,  
-46.3220, -1.1372

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 51.0655, -27.7099,  
-4.0096

■ 51.0655, -27.7099,  
-4.0096

■ 51.0663, -27.7107,  
-4.0089

■ 51.1805, -27.2384,  
-4.0031

■ 51.3735, -26.4571,  
-3.8894

■ 51.6795, -25.2360,  
-3.6218

■ 52.1110, -23.5364,  
-3.1854

■ 52.6768, -21.3370,  
-2.5716

■ 53.3832, -18.6323,  
-1.7767

■ 54.2341, -15.4298,  
-0.8019

■ 55.2312, -11.7487,  
0.3477

■ 56.3743, -7.6168,  
1.6637

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



51.0665, -27.4026, 9.9265



51.0655, -27.7099, -4.0096



51.0665, -21.8919, -19.7761

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



51.0665, -27.7100, -4.0089



51.0665, 18.5381, -21.2043



51.0665, 5.6621, 22.6187

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51.0655, -27.7099, -4.0096



26.5995, 45.5720, 16.9946

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



51.0665, 19.7601, 18.2119



51.0655, -27.7099, -4.0096



51.0665, 27.7573, -5.5775

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



51.0665, -27.7100, -4.0089



51.0665, 4.1423, -31.4629



51.0665, 28.2286, 8.7478



51.0665, -9.2523, 22.8159



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51.0655, -27.7099, -4.0096



51.0665, -14.8898, -28.1323



51.0665, 28.2286, 8.7478



51.0665, 10.6916, 21.6539

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51.0665, -27.7100, -4.0089



73.0143, -21.0766, -1.1677



48.7970, -41.6654, 29.3382



34.0316, -10.7058, -0.7988



88.7363, -4.7347, 4.8212



36.4511, -1.9449, 1.9805



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51.0665, -27.7100, -4.0089



68.8181, -37.3605, -5.3661



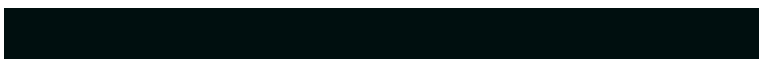
29.3594, 4.0135, -45.3575



27.3994, -3.5424, 0.8568



46.3464, -25.1452, -3.6478



6.2023, -3.3324, -0.5587



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.5995, 45.5720, 16.9946



35.8413, 61.4033, 22.9737



34.3642, 23.3945, 21.5834



25.7839, 0.8323, 2.0794



24.1409, 41.3670, 15.4059



3.2364, 5.5623, 1.9367



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 51.0655, -27.7099, -4.0096 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 51.0655, -27.7099, -4.0096 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

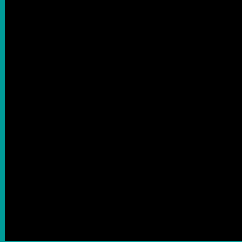
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 51.0655, -27.7099, -4.0096 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 51.0655, -27.7099, -4.0096.



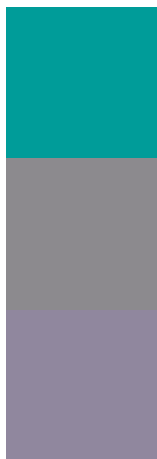
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 51.0655,

-27.7099, -4.0096.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

51.0655, -27.7099, -4.0096

### Protanopia

50.7005, -1.4618, 1.2891

### Deuteranopia

50.7207, 3.9264, -6.4904



## Tritanopia

51.1426, -23.1725, -10.7154

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

51.0655, -27.7099, -4.0096



## Protanomaly

49.4469, -16.3784, -2.4253



## Deuteranomaly

49.3159, -13.0550, -7.6541



## Tritanomaly

51.1514, -25.1559, -8.0042

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

51.0655, -27.7099, -4.0096



## Achromatopsia

39.1058, -2.0866, 2.1247



## Achromatomaly

42.0328, -15.7314, -1.7428

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 51.0655, -27.7099, -4.0096 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 156, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 156, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 156, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 156, 153) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 51.0655, -27.7099, -4.0096 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 156, 153) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 156, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 156, 153)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 156, 153); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 156, 153);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 156,  
153) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 51.0655, -27.7099, -4.0096 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 156, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 156,  
153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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