

Converting Colors

HunterLab(50.9519, 3.7747,
-10.5701)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(50.9519, 3.7747,
-10.5701) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(50.9283, 3.7641,
-10.5519)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8C88A6
RGB	140, 136, 166
RGB Percent	55%, 53%, 65%
CMY	0.4510, 0.4667, 0.3490
CMYK	0.16, 0.18, 0.00, 0.35
HSL	248°, 14%, 59%
HSV	248°, 18%, 65%
XYZ	26.5023, 25.9369, 39.6859
YIQ	140.6160, -7.2460, 10.1780

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

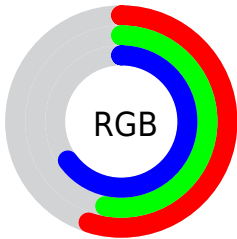
Format	Color
R_{YB}	140, 136, 166
Decimal	9210022
CIE _{Lab}	57.98, 7.78, -15.32
CIE _{LCh}	58, 17.180, 296.940
Yxy	25.9380, 0.2877, 0.2815
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287400102 (0xFF8C88A6)
YUV	140.6160, 12.5143, -0.5402
Hunter-Lab	50.9283, 3.7641, -10.5519

Details

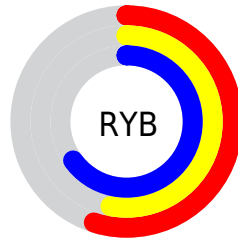
The HunterLab color $50.9283, 3.7641, -10.5519$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex $9999CC$. A complement of this color would be $60.6069, -8.9255, 14.4019$, and the grayscale version is $51.4109, -2.7432, 2.7933$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $72.8594, 3.5592, -10.7085$, and $31.6925, 4.1358, -10.1810$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $45.2210, 8.0009, -19.2959$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $56.8456, -0.2218, -2.6040$.

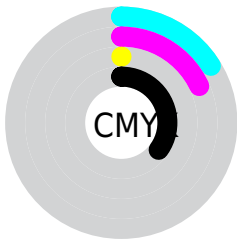
Distribution



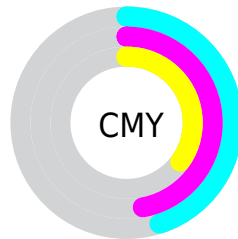
- Red (55%)
- Green (53%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (35%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (35%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 50.9283, 3.7641, -10.5519 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 50.9283, 3.7641, -10.5519 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 50.9283, 3.7641,
-10.5519

■ 50.9283, 3.7641,
-10.5519

168.0707, 0.5480,
-9.4575

■ 40.9600, 3.8644,
-10.3850

■ 72.9211, 3.3750,
-10.6816

■ 31.7424, 3.8925,
-10.1455

■ 84.8645, 3.1000,
-10.6560

■ 23.3436, 3.8350,
-9.8301

■ 97.3970, 2.7772,
-10.5753

■ 15.8530, 3.6736,
-9.4453

110.4920, 2.4099,
-10.4432

■ 9.3980, 3.3786,
-9.0380

124.1263, 2.0010,
-10.2627

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

138.2795, 1.5530,

-10.0367

0.0000, NaN, NaN

152.9332, 1.0681,
-9.7676

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 50.9283, 3.7641,
-10.5519

■ 50.9283, 3.7641,
-10.5519

■ 45.2210, 8.0009,
-19.2959

■ 56.8456, -0.2218,
-2.6040

■ 39.7603, 12.5658,
-29.0771

■ 62.9406, -4.0138,
4.7291

■ 34.6032, 17.5423,
-40.1854

■ 69.1922, -7.6591,
11.5880

■ 29.8298, 23.0013,
-52.9229

■ 75.5835, -11.1933,
18.0785

■ 25.5557, 28.9293,
-67.4455

■ 82.1011, -14.6433,
24.2809

■ 21.9427, 35.0592,
-83.3458

■ 88.7342, -18.0300,
30.2563

■ 19.1927, 40.6061,
-98.9109

■ 95.4737, -21.3695,
36.0524

■ 17.4016, 44.5951,
-111.4157

■ 97.7411, -17.8553,
38.0308

■ 17.1033, 45.3869,
-113.7297

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.9294, -3.4635, -12.3591



50.9283, 3.7641, -10.5519



50.9294, 9.5215, -5.0209

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.9294, 3.7632, -10.5509



50.9294, 5.1247, 12.6974



50.9294, -15.9297, 3.4763

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.9283, 3.7641, -10.5519



60.6069, -8.9255, 14.4019

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



50.9294, -13.9048, 9.5003



50.9283, 3.7641, -10.5519



50.9294, -1.9726, 14.3346

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.9294, 3.7632, -10.5509



50.9294, 10.3381, 8.4317



50.9294, -8.8946, 13.2509



50.9294, -14.5824, -3.6219

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.9283, 3.7641, -10.5519



50.9294, 11.6114, -0.3222



50.9294, -8.8946, 13.2509



50.9294, -15.6237, 5.6839

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.9294, 3.7632, -10.5509



79.0026, -1.8441, -0.4892



58.3140, -10.0795, -0.9242



37.1117, -0.7073, -0.5528



92.0917, -4.9138, 5.0035



39.3538, -2.0998, 2.1382

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.9294, 3.7632, -10.5509



65.2378, 7.4989, -19.1754



52.2319, 8.0751, -8.6254



27.1048, 0.1231, -1.7105



15.1020, 39.9991, -99.8251



2.6361, 6.4848, -13.5709

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53.2212, 11.0104, -5.0940



69.1277, 19.5567, -9.5780



59.4138, -13.2324, 13.1336



27.6571, 1.9302, -0.4800



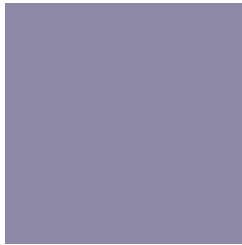
28.0178, 53.5613, -25.1498



4.4225, 8.5377, -4.6151

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 50.9283, 3.7641, -10.5519 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 50.9283, 3.7641, -10.5519 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

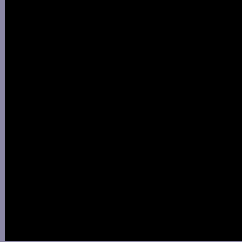
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 50.9283, 3.7641, -10.5519 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 50.9283, 3.7641, -10.5519.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 50.9283, 3.7641, -10.5519.

-10.5519.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50.9283, 3.7641, -10.5519

Protanopia

50.9446, 1.0223, -11.1384

Deuteranopia

50.9283, 3.7641, -10.5519



Tritanopia

50.9761, -1.4774, -2.1748

Trichromacy



Original Color

50.9283, 3.7641, -10.5519

Protanomaly

50.9073, 2.3374, -11.1694

Deuteranomaly

50.9283, 3.7641, -10.5519

Tritanomaly

50.9711, 0.3479, -5.1715

Monochromacy



Original Color

50.9283, 3.7641, -10.5519

Achromatopsia

51.6097, -2.7538, 2.8041

Achromatomaly

51.3127, -0.3185, -1.7268

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 50.9283, 3.7641, -10.5519 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(140, 136, 166)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(140, 136, 166)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(140, 136, 166) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(140, 136, 166) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 50.9283, 3.7641, -10.5519 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(140, 136, 166) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(140, 136, 166) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(140, 136, 166)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(140, 136, 166); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 136, 166);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 136,  
166) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 50.9283, 3.7641, -10.5519 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(140, 136, 166) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(140,  
136, 166) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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