

Converting Colors

HunterLab(50.9531, 84.1994,
-12.0854)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(50.9531, 84.1994,
-12.0854) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(50.9196, 84.2551,
-12.0101)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | FF2BAB |
| RGB | 255, 43, 171 |
| RGB Percent | 100%, 17%, 67% |
| CMY | 0.0000, 0.8313, 0.3294 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.83, 0.33, 0.00 |
| HSL | 324°, 100%, 58% |
| HSV | 324°, 83%, 100% |
| XYZ | 49.4546, 25.9281, 40.9262 |
| YIQ | 120.9800, 85.2640, 84.7520 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

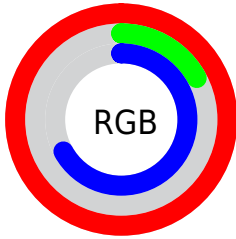
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| RYB | 255, 43, 171 |
| Decimal | 16722859 |
| CIELab | 57.97, 83.32, -16.80 |
| CIELCh | 58, 84.997, 348.598 |
| Yxy | 25.9294, 0.4252, 0.2229 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4294912939 (0xFFFF2BAB) |
| YUV | 120.9800, 24.6599, 117.5355 |
| Hunter-Lab | 50.9196, 84.2551, -12.0101 |

Details

The HunterLab color **50.9196, 84.2551, -12.0101** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF0099**. The color can be described as light washed rose. A complement of this color would be **85.7711, -65.6287, 37.8188**, and the grayscale version is **43.6067, -2.3267, 2.3692**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **62.4600, 65.3034, -28.6691**, and **35.5941, 64.6977, -6.0060** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **49.2410, 87.3673, -8.6699**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **53.6636, 78.0237, -13.9288**.

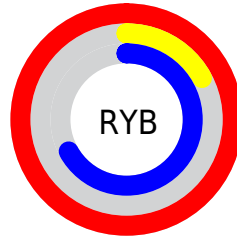
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (17%)

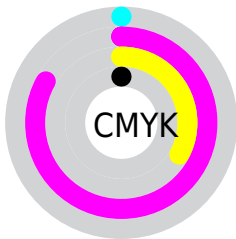
Blue (67%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (17%)

Blue (67%)

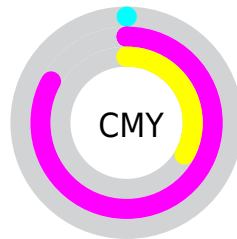


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (83%)

Yellow (33%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (83%)

Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 50.9196, 84.2551, -12.0101 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 50.9196, 84.2551, -12.0101 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

50.9196, 84.2551,
-12.0101

50.9196, 84.2551,
-12.0101

168.0582,
104.2182, -11.3696

40.9523, 81.7472,
-11.7881

72.9117, 89.2241,
-12.2472

31.7352, 79.3525,
-11.4957

84.8546, 91.6195,
-12.2744

23.3372, 77.2929,
-11.1316

97.3865, 93.9341,
-12.2454

15.8474, 76.1236,
-10.7101

110.4811, 96.1627,
-12.1639

9.3932, 77.5035,
-10.2998

124.1151, 98.3041,
-12.0329

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, INF, NaN

138.2678,

100.3591, -11.8552

0.0000, NaN, NaN

152.9211,
102.3296, -11.6334

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 50.9196, 84.2551,
-12.0101

■ 50.9196, 84.2551,
-12.0101

■ 49.2410, 87.3673,
-8.6699

■ 53.6636, 78.0237,
-13.9288

■ 48.5711, 87.9797,
-5.8243

■ 57.4801, 69.1877,
-14.3369

■ 62.2972, 58.5379,
-13.3635

■ 68.0007, 46.8417,
-11.2524

■ 74.4667, 34.6796,
-8.2635

81.5804, 22.4236,
-4.6213

89.2425, 10.2808,
-0.4995

97.3711, -1.6511,
3.9752

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.9210, 60.1602, -62.6680



50.9196, 84.2551, -12.0101



50.9210, 80.7039, 19.5939

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.9210, 84.2505, -12.0084



50.9210, -22.9351, 34.0019



50.9210, -40.8307, -75.2815

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.9196, 84.2551, -12.0101



85.7711, -65.6287, 37.8188

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



50.9210, -53.0521, -22.9617



50.9196, 84.2551, -12.0101



50.9210, -44.8731, 29.8950

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.9210, 84.2505, -12.0084



50.9210, 11.6714, 34.2749



50.9210, -54.2913, 14.1282



50.9210, -15.6712, -112.9158

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.9196, 84.2551, -12.0101



50.9210, 63.3107, 29.0897



50.9210, -54.2913, 14.1282



50.9210, -46.2492, -57.6431

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.9210, 84.2505, -12.0084



80.2055, 24.7117, -5.3435



36.4075, 69.9731, -130.4108



35.9367, 13.4250, -3.0774

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.9210, 84.2505, -12.0084



48.5711, 87.9797, -5.8243



48.3771, 74.5176, 24.4607



42.6278, 2.7427, 0.5030



35.1530, 63.7523, -4.8166



11.0668, 20.2454, -2.8732

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50.9210, 84.2505, -12.0084



48.5711, 87.9797, -5.8243



88.1829, -50.9284, 2.9788



42.6278, 2.7427, 0.5030



35.1530, 63.7523, -4.8166



11.0668, 20.2454, -2.8732

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 50.9196, 84.2551, -12.0101 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

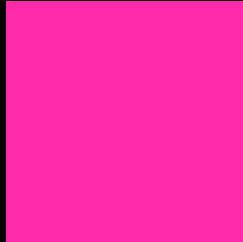
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 50.9196, 84.2551, -12.0101 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 50.9196, 84.2551, -12.0101 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 50.9196, 84.2551, -12.0101.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 50.9196, 84.2551, -12.0101.

-12.0101.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50.9196, 84.2551, -12.0101

Protanopia

51.4647, 10.4442, -58.6530

Deuteranopia

50.9765, 3.5034, -7.2087



Tritanopia

50.8801, 62.1631, 23.5965

Trichromacy



Original Color

50.9196, 84.2551, -12.0101



Protanomaly

46.2845, 35.6696, -50.6448



Deuteranomaly

47.3006, 35.0378, -14.2647



Tritanomaly

50.3669, 69.9117, 13.8693

Monochromacy



Original Color

50.9196, 84.2551, -12.0101



Achromatopsia

43.7266, -2.3331, 2.3758



Achromatomaly

42.7069, 30.3898, -7.0629

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 50.9196, 84.2551, -12.0101 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 43, 171)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 43, 171)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 43, 171) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 43, 171) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 50.9196, 84.2551, -12.0101 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 43, 171) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 43, 171) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 43, 171)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 43, 171); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 43, 171);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 43,  
171) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 50.9196, 84.2551, -12.0101 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 43, 171) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255, 43,  
171) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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