

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(50.9534, 66.3125,  
23.5551)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(50.9534, 66.3125,  
23.5551) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(51.0345, 66.5035,  
23.5677)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FE4651
RGB	254, 70, 81
RGB Percent	100%, 27%, 32%
CMY	0.0039, 0.7254, 0.6824
CMYK	0.00, 0.72, 0.68, 0.00
HSL	356°, 99%, 64%
HSV	356°, 72%, 100%
XYZ	44.5484, 26.0452, 10.4638
YIQ	126.2700, 106.1330, 42.4290

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

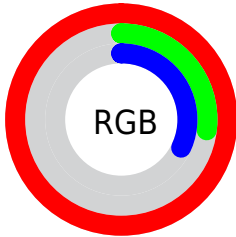
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	254, 70, 81
Decimal	16664145
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	58.08, 69.08, 36.12
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	58, 77.947, 27.603
Yxy	26.0467, 0.5496, 0.3213
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294854225 (0xFFFE4651)
YUV	126.2700, -22.3181, 112.0192
Hunter-Lab	51.0345, 66.5035, 23.5677

# Details

The HunterLab color **51.0345, 66.5035, 23.5677** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6666**. The color can be described as middle washed red. A complement of this color would be **88.6891, -46.2253, -2.8520**, and the grayscale version is **45.8403, -2.4459, 2.4906**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **62.3193, 43.4696, 19.0694**, and **33.0850, 57.0441, 18.3944** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48.1816, 73.2739, 26.1898**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **55.0884, 57.6566, 20.6044**.

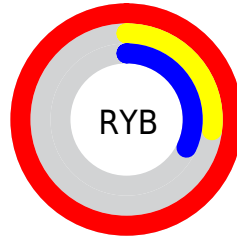
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (27%)

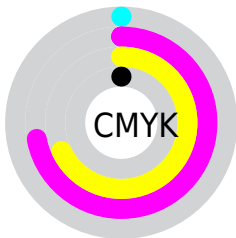
Blue (32%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (27%)

Blue (32%)

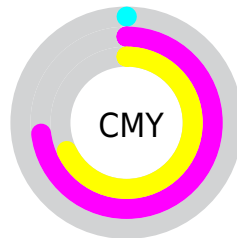


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (72%)

Yellow (68%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (73%)


Yellow (68%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 51.0345, 66.5035, 23.5677 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 51.0345, 66.5035, 23.5677 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 51.0345, 66.5035,  
23.5677


 51.0345, 66.5035,  
23.5677


168.2294, 83.0761,  
45.6673


 41.0592, 64.2282,  
20.6576


 73.0413, 70.8223,  
28.9797


 31.8335, 61.9432,  
17.5573


 84.9909, 72.8472,  
31.5340


 23.4259, 59.7624,  
14.2216

 97.5293, 74.7763,  
34.0128

 15.9254, 57.9933,  
11.1477

 110.6300, 76.6113,  
36.4299

 9.4588, 57.5820,  
6.6212

 124.2699, 78.3551,  
38.7961

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, INF, NaN

138.4283, 80.0112,

41.1199

0.0000, NaN, NaN

153.0870, 81.5836,  
43.4084

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 51.0345, 66.5035,  
23.5677

■ 51.0345, 66.5035,  
23.5677

■ 48.1816, 73.2739,  
26.1898

■ 55.0884, 57.6566,  
20.6044

■ 46.5347, 77.3186,  
28.1729

■ 60.2319, 47.6150,  
17.5841


■ 45.9409, 78.7513,  
29.0958

■ 66.3193, 37.1033,  
14.7079

■ 73.2013, 26.5974,  
12.0792

■ 80.7457, 16.3493,  
9.7302

 88.8430, 6.4610,  
7.6531

 97.4058, -3.0502,  
5.8215

99.9053, -5.6653,  
5.3159

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



51.0360, 77.3357, 0.1902



51.0345, 66.5035, 23.5677



51.0360, 35.8849, 31.9730

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



51.0360, 66.4983, 23.5687



51.0360, -45.9888, 25.6809



51.0360, -5.3510, -101.7038

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51.0345, 66.5035, 23.5677



88.6891, -46.2253, -2.8520

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



51.0360, -32.4500, -78.9046



51.0345, 66.5035, 23.5677



51.0360, -51.8844, 5.2371

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



51.0360, 66.4983, 23.5687



51.0360, -28.9083, 32.5351



51.0360, -47.6389, -33.8181



51.0360, 30.1025, -84.7954



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51.0345, 66.5035, 23.5677



51.0360, 11.6131, 33.5533



51.0360, -47.6389, -33.8181



51.0360, -15.6381, -98.2259

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51.0360, 66.4983, 23.5687



81.4475, 15.9866, 9.6784



55.1070, 86.9208, -65.4044



36.7000, 8.6704, 4.7594

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51.0360, 66.4983, 23.5687



47.4937, 75.8252, 27.3144



65.7594, 28.3620, 35.7909



42.4319, 1.6900, 3.2960



33.3676, 57.2184, 20.9771



10.4402, 17.9590, 6.1267



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51.0360, 66.4983, 23.5687



47.4937, 75.8252, 27.3144



62.3182, -7.0733, -50.9326



42.4319, 1.6900, 3.2960



33.3676, 57.2184, 20.9771



10.4402, 17.9590, 6.1267



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 51.0345, 66.5035, 23.5677 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

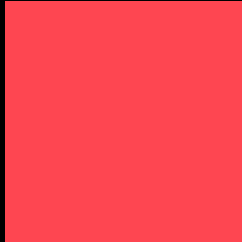
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 51.0345, 66.5035, 23.5677 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 51.0345, 66.5035, 23.5677 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 51.0345, 66.5035, 23.5677.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 51.0345, 66.5035,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

51.0345, 66.5035, 23.5677

### Protanopia

51.1930, -4.4179, 15.3576

### Deuteranopia

50.9908, 3.6662, 24.5530



## Tritanopia

51.0605, 65.7284, 25.0912

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

51.0345, 66.5035, 23.5677

## Protanomaly

48.6910, 20.4767, 16.2910

## Deuteranomaly

49.2102, 27.0650, 22.7768

## Tritanomaly

51.1010, 65.8961, 24.4955

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

51.0345, 66.5035, 23.5677

## Achromatopsia

45.6768, -2.4372, 2.4817

## Achromatomaly

45.0756, 20.9183, 8.7378

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 51.0345, 66.5035, 23.5677 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 70, 81)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 70, 81)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 70, 81) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 70, 81) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 51.0345, 66.5035, 23.5677 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 70, 81) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 70, 81) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 70, 81) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 70, 81); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 70, 81);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 70,  
81) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 51.0345, 66.5035, 23.5677 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 70, 81) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254, 70,  
81) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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