

Converting Colors

HunterLab(50.9977, -2.5667,
6.8250)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(50.9977, -2.5667, 6.8250)
contains.

HunterLab(50.9963, -2.5651, 6.8250)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(50.9963, -2.5651,
6.8250)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	908B82
RGB	144, 139, 130
RGB Percent	56%, 55%, 51%
CMY	0.4353, 0.4549, 0.4902
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.10, 0.44
HSL	39°, 6%, 54%
HSV	39°, 10%, 56%
XYZ	24.7635, 26.0062, 24.8336
YIQ	139.4690, 5.8690, -1.7390

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

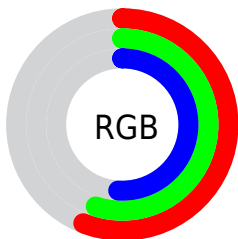
Format	Color
R_{YB}	138, 144, 130
Decimal	9472898
CIE _{Lab}	58.04, 0.19, 5.47
CIE _{LCh}	58, 5.469, 87.973
Yxy	26.0074, 0.3275, 0.3440
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287662978 (0xFF908B82)
YUV	139.4690, -4.6682, 3.9737
Hunter-Lab	50.9963, -2.5651, 6.8250

Details

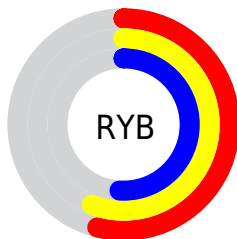
The HunterLab color $50.9963, -2.5651, 6.8250$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $49.0785, -2.5851, -1.6791$, and the grayscale version is $51.0159, -2.7221, 2.7718$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $72.8862, -3.4206, 8.4094$, and $31.8096, -1.3829, 5.0670$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $49.1870, -2.1121, 10.5013$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $52.8633, -2.8224, 2.7508$.

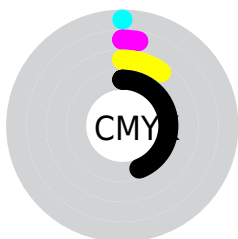
Distribution



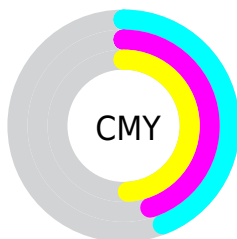
- Red (56%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (54%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 50.9963, -2.5651, 6.8250 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 50.9963, -2.5651, 6.8250 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 50.9963, -2.5651,
6.8250

■ 50.9963, -2.5651,
6.8250

168.1720, -8.7481,
15.3268

■ 41.0233, -2.0447,
5.9740

■ 72.9978, -3.7216,
8.5799

■ 31.8006, -1.5640,
5.1356

■ 84.9452, -4.3505,
9.4848

■ 23.3961, -1.1282,
4.3055

■ 97.4814, -5.0113,
10.4092

■ 15.8992, -0.7424,
3.4738

110.5801, -5.7026,
11.3533

■ 9.4368, -0.4142,
2.9144

124.2179, -6.4229,
12.3171

0.0000, NaN, NaN

138.3745, -7.1713,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

13.3007

0.0000, NaN, NaN

153.0313, -7.9466,
14.3040

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 50.9963, -2.5651,
6.8250

■ 50.9963, -2.5651,
6.8250

■ 49.1870, -2.1121,
10.5013

■ 52.8633, -2.8224,
2.7508

■ 47.4349, -1.4490,
13.7502

■ 54.7817, -2.8905,
-1.6968

■ 45.7443, -0.5683,
16.5458

■ 56.7499, -2.7817,
-6.4912

■ 44.1182, 0.5376,
18.8631

■ 58.7652, -2.5067,
-11.6078

■ 42.5594, 1.8734,
20.6809

■ 60.8252, -2.0759,
-17.0238

■ 41.0706, 3.4401,
21.9843

■ 62.9275, -1.4993,
-22.7177

■ 39.6539, 5.2334,
22.7686

■ 65.0700, -0.7864,
-28.6699

■ 38.3105, 7.2414,
23.0456

■ 67.2507, 0.0540,
-34.8622

■ 37.0325, 9.4023,
22.9655

■ 69.2513, -0.1582,
-38.3295

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.9974, -0.3437, 6.2342



50.9963, -2.5651, 6.8250



50.9974, -4.7933, 6.3729

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.9974, -2.5665, 6.8258



50.9974, -6.5927, 0.7512



50.9974, 1.1019, 0.4809

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.9963, -2.5651, 6.8250



49.0785, -2.5851, -1.6791

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



50.9974, -0.6208, -1.1038



50.9963, -2.5651, 6.8250



50.9974, -5.0611, -0.9429

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.9974, -2.5665, 6.8258



50.9974, -7.0930, 2.9253



50.9974, -2.8810, -1.6359



50.9974, 1.7976, 2.6261

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.9963, -2.5651, 6.8250



50.9974, -5.9858, 5.5280



50.9974, -2.8810, -1.6359



50.9974, 0.6223, -0.1386

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.9974, -2.5665, 6.8258



69.3703, -3.6632, 5.5174



48.6292, 2.5065, 2.0018



33.1293, -1.7431, 2.8415



85.4018, -4.5568, 4.6400



33.5864, -1.7921, 1.8248

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.9974, -2.5665, 6.8258



67.1138, -3.2815, 10.3487



52.2696, -5.4788, 8.1563



24.4252, -1.2359, 3.1605



34.5906, 8.7014, 21.4669



3.9517, -0.1780, 2.4319

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49.0785, -2.5851, -1.6791



63.9120, -3.3093, -3.8481



47.8268, 0.3223, -3.2336



23.5593, -1.2445, -0.6768



19.7158, 14.8449, -56.6889



2.7576, -0.1942, -3.0275

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 50.9963, -2.5651, 6.8250 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

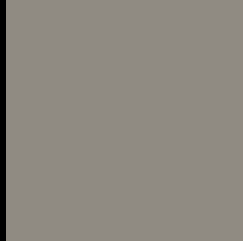
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 50.9963, -2.5651, 6.8250 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

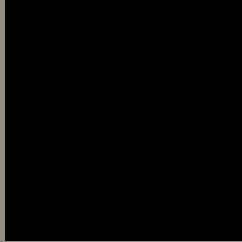
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

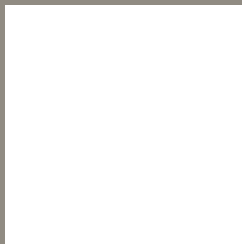
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 50.9963, -2.5651, 6.8250 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 50.9963, -2.5651, 6.8250.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 50.9963, -2.5651,

6.8250.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50.9963, -2.5651, 6.8250

Protanopia

50.9963, -2.5651, 6.8250

Deuteranopia

51.0241, 3.3127, 6.5475



Tritanopia

50.8192, 2.1256, -0.8531

Trichromacy



Original Color

50.9963, -2.5651, 6.8250

Protanomaly

50.9963, -2.5651, 6.8250

Deuteranomaly

50.9141, 1.5274, 6.3945

Tritanomaly

50.8273, 0.3611, 1.9309

Monochromacy



Original Color

50.9963, -2.5651, 6.8250

Achromatopsia

50.8117, -2.7112, 2.7607

Achromatomaly

50.8975, -2.5830, 4.1843

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 50.9963, -2.5651, 6.8250 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(144, 139, 130)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(144, 139, 130)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(144, 139, 130) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(144, 139, 130) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 50.9963, -2.5651, 6.8250 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(144, 139, 130) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(144, 139, 130) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(144, 139, 130)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(144, 139, 130); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 139, 130);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 139,  
130) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 50.9963, -2.5651, 6.8250 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(144, 139, 130) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(144,  
139, 130) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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