

Converting Colors

HunterLab(51.0010, -27.0397,
-5.3760)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(51.0010, -27.0397,
-5.3760) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(51.1637,
-27.1245, -5.3961)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	009C9C
RGB	0, 156, 156
RGB Percent	0%, 61%, 61%
CMY	0.9999, 0.3882, 0.3882
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.39
HSL	180°, 100%, 31%
HSV	180°, 100%, 61%
XYZ	17.8892, 26.1772, 35.5623
YIQ	109.3560, -92.9760, -33.0720

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

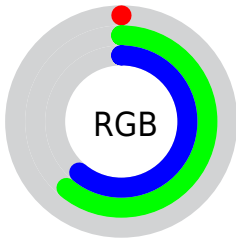
Format	Color
RYB	0, 78, 156
Decimal	40092
CIELab	58.21, -33.31, -9.79
CIELCh	58, 34.717, 196.385
Yxy	26.1782, 0.2247, 0.3287
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278230172 (0xFF009C9C)
YUV	109.3560, 22.9955, -95.9052
Hunter-Lab	51.1637, -27.1245, -5.3961

Details

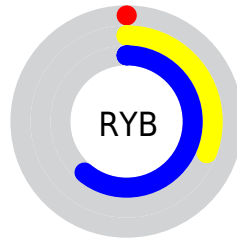
The HunterLab color **51.1637, -27.1245, -5.3961** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009999**. A complement of this color would be **26.5872, 45.5261, 17.1781**, and the grayscale version is **39.1856, -2.0908, 2.1290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **73.1553, -32.0298, -4.8992**, and **33.0463, -17.3189, -3.9184** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51.1645, -27.1252, -5.3956**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **51.2688, -26.7129, -5.2500**.

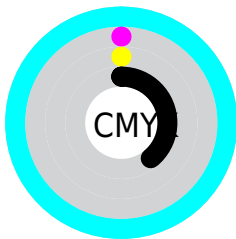
Distribution



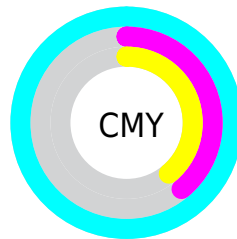
- Red (0%)
- Green (61%)
- Blue (61%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (61%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (39%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (39%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 51.1637, -27.1245, -5.3961 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 51.1637, -27.1245, -5.3961 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 51.1637, -27.1245,
-5.3961

■ 51.1637, -27.1245,
-5.3961

■ 168.4208,
-47.4661, -2.5104

■ 41.1789, -24.5097,
-5.4566

■ 73.1863, -32.0255,
-5.0882

■ 31.9435, -21.7361,
-5.4471

■ 85.1434, -34.3586,
-4.8527

■ 23.5251, -18.7412,
-5.3583

■ 97.6889, -36.6344,
-4.5681

■ 16.0126, -15.4205,
-5.1807

■ 110.7965,
-38.8639, -4.2378

■ 9.5322, -15.7382,
-4.9093

■ 124.4429,
-41.0556, -3.8646

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 138.6077,

-43.2165, -3.4509

0.0000, NaN, NaN

153.2725,
-45.3518, -2.9989

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 51.1637, -27.1245,
-5.3961

■ 51.1637, -27.1245,
-5.3961

■ 51.1645, -27.1252,
-5.3956

■ 51.2688, -26.7129,
-5.2500

■ 51.4518, -25.9923,
-4.9953

■ 51.7477, -24.8330,
-4.5855

■ 52.1690, -23.1954,
-4.0063

■ 52.7247, -21.0578,
-3.2498

■ 53.4211, -18.4136,
-2.3134

■ 54.2621, -15.2700,
-1.1991

■ 55.2495, -11.6452,
0.0870

■ 56.3833, -7.5668,
1.5357

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



51.1646, -27.4080, 8.7186



51.1637, -27.1245, -5.3961



51.1646, -20.8071, -20.7567

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



51.1646, -27.1245, -5.3954



51.1646, 19.3816, -19.4510



51.1646, 4.0922, 22.6317

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51.1637, -27.1245, -5.3961



26.5872, 45.5261, 17.1781

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



51.1646, 18.2612, 18.6780



51.1637, -27.1245, -5.3961



51.1646, 27.7384, -3.9571

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



51.1646, -27.1245, -5.3954



51.1646, 5.4874, -30.3094



51.1646, 27.3066, 9.8043



51.1646, -10.4647, 22.4485

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51.1637, -27.1245, -5.3961



51.1646, -13.5703, -28.4845



51.1646, 27.3066, 9.8043



51.1646, 9.0894, 21.8039

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51.1646, -27.1245, -5.3954



73.0528, -20.8566, -1.7144



48.7798, -41.7390, 29.3263



34.0521, -10.5882, -1.0895



88.7363, -4.7347, 4.8212



36.4511, -1.9449, 1.9805

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51.1646, -27.1245, -5.3954



68.9531, -36.5560, -7.2715



28.6848, 5.2785, -47.2449



27.4035, -3.5199, 0.7992



46.4349, -24.6178, -4.8969



6.2091, -3.2918, -0.6548

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.5872, 45.5261, 17.1781



35.8293, 61.3587, 23.1519



34.8666, 22.2021, 21.8720



25.7801, 0.8118, 2.1338



24.1284, 41.3207, 15.5911



3.2264, 5.5253, 2.0848

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 51.1637, -27.1245, -5.3961 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

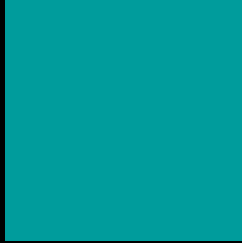
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 51.1637, -27.1245, -5.3961 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

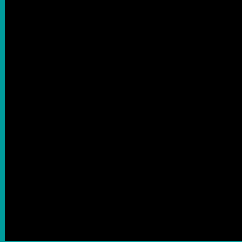
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 51.1637, -27.1245, -5.3961 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 51.1637, -27.1245, -5.3961.



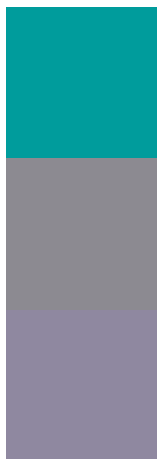
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 51.1637, -27.1245, -5.3961.

-27.1245, -5.3961.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

51.1637, -27.1245, -5.3961

Protanopia

50.7905, -0.9714, 0.0090

Deuteranopia

50.9765, 3.5034, -7.2087



Tritanopia

51.1352, -23.1292, -11.2851

Trichromacy



Original Color

51.1637, -27.1245, -5.3961

Protanomaly

49.5425, -15.8288, -3.7774

Deuteranomaly

49.3683, -12.6532, -9.1940

Tritanomaly

51.2012, -24.8219, -9.0090

Monochromacy



Original Color

51.1637, -27.1245, -5.3961

Achromatopsia

39.1058, -2.0866, 2.1247

Achromatomaly

42.0634, -15.5543, -2.1755

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 51.1637, -27.1245, -5.3961 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 156, 156)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 156, 156)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 156, 156) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 156, 156) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 51.1637, -27.1245, -5.3961 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 156, 156) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 156, 156) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 156, 156)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 156, 156); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 156, 156);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 156,  
156) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 51.1637, -27.1245, -5.3961 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 156, 156) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 156,  
156) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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