

Converting Colors

HunterLab(51.0768, -38.4136,
25.9651)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(51.0768, -38.4136,
25.9651) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(51.0742,
-38.4270, 25.9957)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	30A03B
RGB	48, 160, 59
RGB Percent	19%, 63%, 23%
CMY	0.8118, 0.3725, 0.7686
CMYK	0.70, 0.00, 0.63, 0.37
HSL	126°, 54%, 41%
HSV	126°, 70%, 63%
XYZ	14.5791, 26.0857, 8.4043
YIQ	114.9980, -34.3310, -55.1550

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

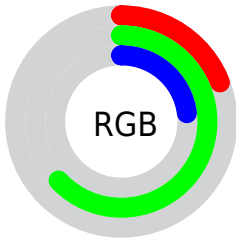
Format	Color
R_{YB}	48, 150, 160
Decimal	3186747
CIE _{Lab}	58.12, -51.83, 42.63
CIE _{LCh}	58, 67.109, 140.557
Yxy	26.0868, 0.2971, 0.5316
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281376827 (0xFF30A03B)
YUV	114.9980, -27.6070, -58.7572
Hunter-Lab	51.0742, -38.4270, 25.9957

Details

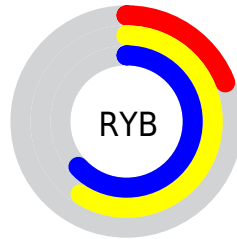
The HunterLab color $51.0742, -38.4270, 25.9957$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 339933 . A complement of this color would be $34.2896, 49.2059, -27.1746$, and the grayscale version is $41.5180, -2.2153, 2.2558$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $73.1796, -45.6173, 32.3424$, and $32.4342, -27.7641, 19.3948$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $50.6319, -40.5453, 27.6322$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $51.6908, -35.5434, 23.9131$.

Distribution



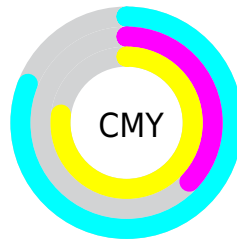
- Red (19%)
- Green (63%)
- Blue (23%)



- Red (19%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Blue (63%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Black (37%)



- Cyan (81%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (77%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 51.0742, -38.4270, 25.9957 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 51.0742, -38.4270, 25.9957 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 51.0742, -38.4270,
25.9957

■ 51.0742, -38.4270,
25.9957

168.2879,
-67.2551, 51.2404

■ 41.0957, -34.5226,
22.6157

■ 73.0856, -45.6123,
32.2518

■ 31.8671, -30.3239,
19.0118

■ 85.0375, -48.9740,
35.1889

■ 23.4562, -25.7272,
15.3861

■ 97.5780, -52.2191,
38.0286

■ 15.9520, -20.7386,
11.1664

■ 110.6808,
-55.3673, 40.7874

■ 9.4812, -16.5920,
6.6368

■ 124.3227,
-58.4338, 43.4783

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 138.4830,

-61.4310, 46.1120

0.0000, NaN, NaN

153.1436,
-64.3687, 48.6970

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 51.0742, -38.4270,
25.9957

■ 51.0742, -38.4270,
25.9957

■ 50.6319, -40.5453,
27.6322

■ 51.6908, -35.5434,
23.9131

■ 50.3461, -41.9394,
28.8308

■ 52.4885, -31.8815,
21.3904

■ 50.1789, -42.7682,
29.6050

■ 53.4739, -27.4587,
18.4487

■ 54.6491, -22.3143,
15.1195

■ 56.0131, -16.5045,
11.4423

■ 57.5623, -10.0967,
7.4611

■ 59.2914, -3.1637,
3.2215

■ 61.1931, 4.2206,
-1.2322

■ 63.2594, 11.9854,
-5.8584

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



51.0753, -20.5233, 31.4225



51.0742, -38.4270, 25.9957



51.0753, -46.2040, 10.5893

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



51.0753, -38.4277, 25.9960



51.0753, -11.3816, -79.5906



51.0753, 59.1171, 17.8639

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51.0742, -38.4270, 25.9957



34.2896, 49.2059, -27.1746

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



51.0753, 63.0718, -6.4974



51.0742, -38.4270, 25.9957



51.0753, 17.8960, -73.6933

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



51.0753, -38.4277, 25.9960



51.0753, -32.9963, -55.8039



51.0753, 46.6536, -42.4561



51.0753, 36.7997, 28.8264

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51.0742, -38.4270, 25.9957



51.0753, -46.0880, -7.6825



51.0753, 46.6536, -42.4561



51.0753, 62.8031, 11.4113

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51.0753, -38.4277, 25.9960



75.2018, -23.3899, 16.1402



56.4834, -17.2932, 31.5667



34.9895, -11.9198, 8.1673



89.8524, -4.7943, 4.8819



37.4146, -1.9963, 2.0328

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51.0753, -38.4277, 25.9960



67.9834, -55.8030, 38.2118



51.9335, -33.1754, 13.4714



27.2234, -4.5235, 3.3724



44.2907, -37.7231, 26.0739



5.9454, -4.9004, 3.1473

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34.2896, 49.2059, -27.1746



42.9907, 75.8045, -40.8351



32.2615, 40.9508, 0.8445



25.9679, 1.8211, -0.5411



27.2043, 52.3920, -27.4113



3.6777, 7.1453, -4.1908

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 51.0742, -38.4270, 25.9957 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 51.0742, -38.4270, 25.9957 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 51.0742, -38.4270, 25.9957 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 51.0742, -38.4270, 25.9957.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 51.0742,

-38.4270, 25.9957.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

51.0742, -38.4270, 25.9957

Protanopia

50.6861, -6.3190, 27.1820

Deuteranopia

50.5625, 3.5111, 24.9911



Tritanopia

51.0304, -17.3518, -8.5741

Trichromacy



Original Color

51.0742, -38.4270, 25.9957



Protanomaly

49.8561, -21.6363, 26.0439



Deuteranomaly

49.1445, -16.2561, 24.1462



Tritanomaly

50.7791, -27.0938, 8.1616

Monochromacy



Original Color

51.0742, -38.4270, 25.9957



Achromatopsia

41.4054, -2.2093, 2.2496



Achromatomaly

43.9124, -17.9207, 12.1271

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 51.0742, -38.4270, 25.9957 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(48, 160, 59)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(48, 160, 59)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(48, 160, 59) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(48, 160, 59) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 51.0742, -38.4270, 25.9957 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(48, 160, 59) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(48, 160, 59) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(48, 160, 59)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(48, 160, 59); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(48, 160, 59);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(48, 160,  
59) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 51.0742, -38.4270, 25.9957 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(48, 160, 59) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(48, 160,  
59) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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