

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(51.1233, -27.5416,  
19.6521)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(51.1233, -27.5416,  
19.6521) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(51.0790,  
-27.3304, 19.5076)**

# Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	5B9A5B
RGB	91, 154, 91
RGB Percent	36%, 60%, 36%
CMY	0.6431, 0.3961, 0.6431
CMYK	0.41, 0.00, 0.41, 0.40
HSL	120°, 26%, 48%
HSV	120°, 41%, 60%
XYZ	17.7583, 26.0906, 13.9976
YIQ	127.9810, -17.3250, -32.9490

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

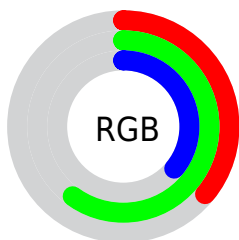
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">91, 154, 154</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">6003291</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">58.12, -33.66, 26.86</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">58, 43.060, 141.408</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">26.0917, 0.3070, 0.4510</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4284193371</a> (0xFF5B9A5B)
YUV	<a href="#">127.9810, -18.2316, -32.4323</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">51.0790, -27.3304, 19.5076</a>

# Details

The HunterLab color **51.0790, -27.3304, 19.5076** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **40.8482, 28.5895, -18.7043**, and the grayscale version is **46.5284, -2.4826, 2.5280**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **73.1322, -32.3403, 23.7502**, and **31.8055, -21.7467, 14.7757** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50.1484, -31.5363, 22.3508**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52.2015, -22.3819, 16.1625**.

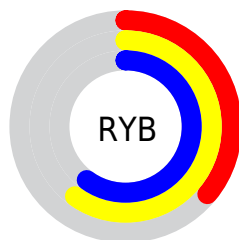
# Distribution



Red (36%)

Green (60%)

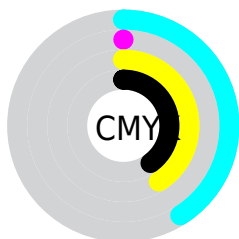
Blue (36%)



Red (36%)

Yellow (60%)

Blue (60%)

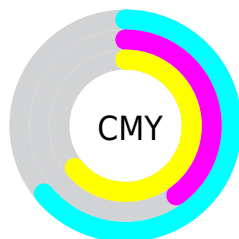


Cyan (41%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (41%)

Black (40%)



Cyan (64%)

Magenta (40%)


Yellow (64%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 51.0790, -27.3304, 19.5076 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 51.0790, -27.3304, 19.5076 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 51.0790, -27.3304,  
19.5076


 51.0790, -27.3304,  
19.5076


168.2950,  
-47.8325, 37.2545


 41.1002, -24.6918,  
17.2575


 73.0910, -32.2755,  
23.7435

 31.8712, -21.8906,  
14.8780


 85.0432, -34.6280,  
25.7681

 23.4599, -18.8643,  
12.3212

 97.5840, -36.9220,  
27.7484

 15.9552, -15.5065,  
10.0284

 110.6870,  
-39.1688, 29.6941

 9.4839, -15.9713,  
6.6387

124.3291,  
-41.3769, 31.6123

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN


138.4897,


-43.5534, 33.5088


0.0000, NaN, NaN


153.1505,  
-45.7037, 35.3882


0.0000, NaN, NaN


 51.0790, -27.3304,  
19.5076


 51.0790, -27.3304,  
19.5076


 50.1484, -31.5363,  
22.3508


 52.2015, -22.3819,  
16.1625


 49.4039, -34.9611,  
24.6664


 53.5122, -16.7433,  
12.3517


 48.8400, -37.5948,  
26.4473


 55.0087, -10.4834,  
8.1218


 48.4458, -39.4571,  
27.7066


 56.6856, -3.6771,  
3.5235


 48.2051, -40.6033,  
28.4818

 58.5359, 3.5995,  
-1.3913

 48.0752, -41.2244,  
28.9019

 60.5513, 11.2724,  
-6.5728

 62.7229, 19.2734,  
-11.9745

 65.0417, 27.5414,  
-17.5550

 67.4985, 36.0233,  
-23.2786

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



51.0801, -14.8989, 25.0958



51.0790, -27.3304, 19.5076



51.0801, -32.9620, 7.5135

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



51.0801, -27.3313, 19.5080



51.0801, -7.8581, -42.3759



51.0801, 34.1572, 13.5118

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51.0790, -27.3304, 19.5076



40.8482, 28.5895, -18.7043

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



51.0801, 36.7392, -2.4539



51.0790, -27.3304, 19.5076



51.0801, 10.7007, -39.0031

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



51.0801, -27.3313, 19.5080



51.0801, -22.7984, -30.7347



51.0801, 27.6446, -22.6863



51.0801, 21.0166, 22.5741



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51.0790, -27.3304, 19.5076



51.0801, -32.7371, -4.2616



51.0801, 27.6446, -22.6863



51.0801, 36.3555, 8.9437

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51.0801, -27.3313, 19.5080



73.8568, -15.2967, 11.7352



55.4417, -10.8298, 23.3887



35.0197, -7.7680, 5.9145



88.7363, -4.7347, 4.8212



36.4511, -1.9449, 1.9805



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51.0801, -27.3313, 19.5080



67.6947, -42.0221, 29.7981



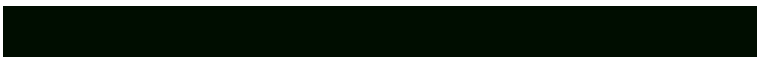
51.7243, -23.5180, 10.1677



26.3165, -4.4605, 3.5082



43.3928, -37.2092, 26.0869



5.3056, -4.5496, 3.1896



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40.8482, 28.5895, -18.7043



51.3487, 47.8971, -31.6444



39.7117, 23.1541, -2.8583



25.1469, 1.8567, -0.8088



27.3824, 53.8344, -36.1138



3.3481, 6.5824, -4.4158



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 51.0790, -27.3304, 19.5076 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 51.0790, -27.3304, 19.5076 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

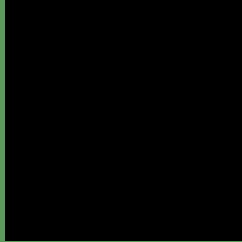
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 51.0790, -27.3304, 19.5076 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 51.0790, -27.3304, 19.5076.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 51.0790,

-27.3304, 19.5076.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

51.0790, -27.3304, 19.5076

### Protanopia

50.7903, -5.1645, 21.1737

### Deuteranopia

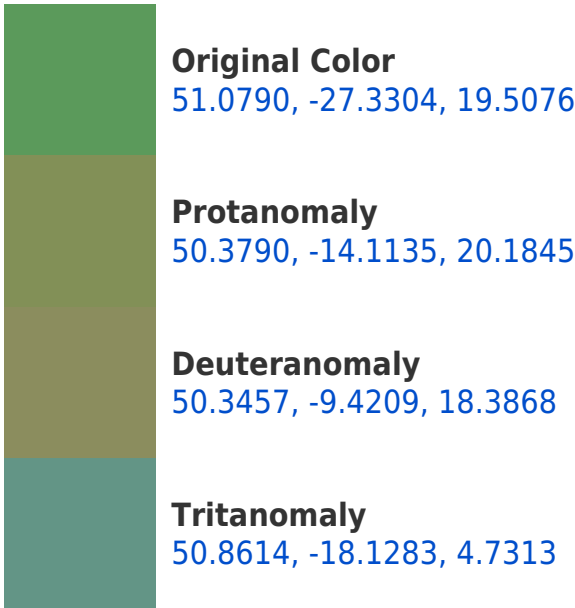
50.7214, 3.5284, 18.3802



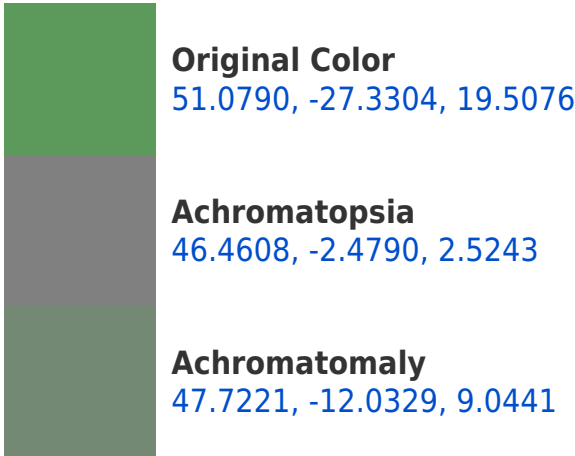
## Tritanopia

50.9602, -11.5621, -6.4362

# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 51.0790, -27.3304, 19.5076 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(91, 154, 91)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(91, 154, 91)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(91, 154, 91) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(91, 154, 91) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 51.0790, -27.3304, 19.5076 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(91, 154, 91) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(91, 154, 91) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(91, 154, 91)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(91, 154, 91); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(91, 154, 91);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(91, 154,  
91) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 51.0790, -27.3304, 19.5076 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(91, 154, 91) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(91, 154,  
91) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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