

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(51.2066, -20.0936,  
12.3865)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(51.2066, -20.0936,  
12.3865) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(51.0429,  
-19.9904, 12.2621)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	699673
RGB	105, 150, 115
RGB Percent	41%, 59%, 45%
CMY	0.5882, 0.4118, 0.5490
CMYK	0.30, 0.00, 0.23, 0.41
HSL	133°, 18%, 50%
HSV	133°, 30%, 59%
XYZ	19.8266, 26.0538, 20.2036
YIQ	132.5550, -15.5850, -20.4250

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

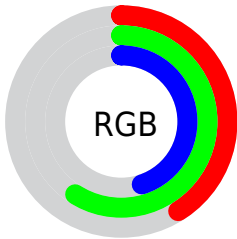
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	105, 142, 150
Decimal	6919795
CIELab	58.09, -22.81, 13.66
CIELCh	58, 26.593, 149.079
Yxy	26.0549, 0.3000, 0.3943
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285109875 (0xFF699673)
YUV	132.5550, -8.6546, -24.1657
Hunter-Lab	51.0429, -19.9904, 12.2621

# Details

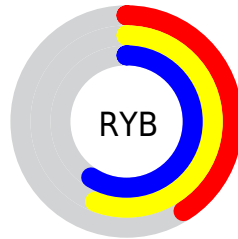
The HunterLab color  $51.0429, -19.9904, 12.2621$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $669966$ . A complement of this color would be  $42.9898, 17.6256, -7.4212$ , and the grayscale version is  $48.2930, -2.5768, 2.6239$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $72.8998, -23.5779, 14.7739$ , and  $31.8899, -16.0333, 9.4970$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $49.9734, -24.6295, 15.0333$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $52.2786, -14.7936, 9.3116$ .

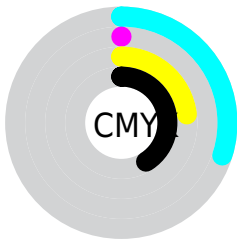
# Distribution



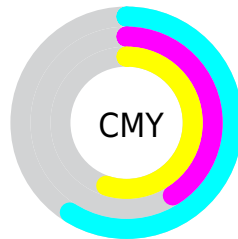
- Red (41%)
- Green (59%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (41%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (59%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Black (41%)



- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (55%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 51.0429, -19.9904, 12.2621 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 51.0429, -19.9904, 12.2621 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 51.0429, -19.9904,  
12.2621

■ 51.0429, -19.9904,  
12.2621

168.2413,  
-35.7246, 24.1479

■ 41.0666, -18.0685,  
10.9048

■ 73.0503, -23.6620,  
14.9180

■ 31.8403, -16.0572,  
9.5096

■ 85.0004, -25.4385,  
16.2312

■ 23.4320, -13.9185,  
8.0547

■ 97.5392, -27.1884,  
17.5417

■ 15.9307, -11.5865,  
6.5019

■ 110.6403,  
-28.9182, 18.8529

■ 9.4633, -11.0105,  
6.5009

124.2806,  
-30.6332, 20.1673

0.0000, NaN, NaN

138.4394,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-32.3372, 21.4870

0.0000, NaN, NaN

153.0985,  
-34.0334, 22.8134

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 51.0429, -19.9904,  
12.2621

■ 51.0429, -19.9904,  
12.2621

■ 49.9734, -24.6295,  
15.0333

■ 52.2786, -14.7936,  
9.3116

■ 49.0678, -28.6610,  
17.5909

■ 53.6744, -9.0922,  
6.2136

■ 48.3255, -32.0514,  
19.9053

■ 55.2268, -2.9473,  
3.0009

■ 47.7421, -34.7842,  
21.9513

■ 56.9299, 3.5804,  
-0.2965

■ 47.3094, -36.8643,  
23.7098

■ 58.7771, 10.4322,  
-3.6515

■ 47.0157, -38.3222,  
25.1692

■ 60.7611, 17.5540,  
-7.0413

■ 46.8246, -39.3005,  
26.3120

■ 62.8744, 24.8968,  
-10.4463

■ 65.1095, 32.4178,  
-13.8511

■ 67.4590, 40.0804,  
-17.2434

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



51.0440, -12.8209, 17.6904



51.0429, -19.9904, 12.2621



51.0440, -22.6064, 3.1083

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



51.0440, -19.9913, 12.2627



51.0440, -3.0737, -22.3790



51.0440, 17.5901, 11.8026

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51.0429, -19.9904, 12.2621



42.9898, 17.6256, -7.4212

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



51.0440, 20.7559, 2.4465



51.0429, -19.9904, 12.2621



51.0440, 8.2193, -18.6780

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



51.0440, -19.9913, 12.2627



51.0440, -13.3742, -18.2171



51.0440, 17.1903, -8.9683



51.0440, 8.8730, 17.4680



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51.0429, -19.9904, 12.2621



51.0440, -21.6051, -4.4165



51.0440, 17.1903, -8.9683



51.0440, 19.3705, 9.0580

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51.0440, -19.9913, 12.2627



71.4642, -11.4272, 7.9080



53.3208, -11.9145, 17.7864



33.5195, -5.8736, 3.9858



86.5109, -4.6160, 4.7003



34.5370, -1.8428, 1.8765



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51.0440, -19.9913, 12.2627



66.8295, -30.7765, 18.7882



51.6047, -16.7487, 4.2045



25.4721, -4.0772, 2.8209



42.6472, -35.7594, 23.8890



4.7581, -3.7073, 2.0559



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42.9898, 17.6256, -7.4212



53.9374, 29.6260, -12.7161



42.2963, 14.1217, 2.3926



24.2639, 1.5361, -0.1315



25.3798, 47.6545, -16.0864



2.8845, 5.5426, -2.8081



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 51.0429, -19.9904, 12.2621 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 51.0429, -19.9904, 12.2621 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

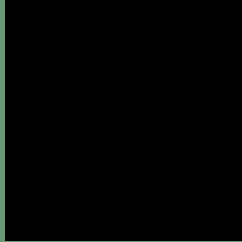
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 51.0429, -19.9904, 12.2621 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 51.0429, -19.9904, 12.2621.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 51.0429,

-19.9904, 12.2621.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

51.0429, -19.9904, 12.2621

### Protanopia

50.8792, -3.9276, 14.0923

### Deuteranopia

50.8250, 3.3963, 11.3834



## Tritanopia

51.1486, -9.4666, -5.1070

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

51.0429, -19.9904, 12.2621

## Protanomaly

50.7152, -10.3942, 13.1474

## Deuteranomaly

50.6122, -6.0291, 11.3663

## Tritanomaly

51.0936, -13.7012, 2.0020

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

51.0429, -19.9904, 12.2621

## Achromatopsia

48.4304, -2.5841, 2.6313

## Achromatomaly

49.1758, -9.2252, 6.3419

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 51.0429, -19.9904, 12.2621 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(105, 150, 115)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(105, 150, 115)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(105, 150, 115) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(105, 150, 115) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 51.0429, -19.9904, 12.2621 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(105, 150, 115) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(105, 150, 115) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(105, 150, 115)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(105, 150, 115); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 150, 115);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 150,  
115) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 51.0429, -19.9904, 12.2621 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(105, 150, 115) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(105,  
150, 115) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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