

Converting Colors

HunterLab(51.3029, 1.2685,
8.0333)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(51.3029, 1.2685, 8.0333)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(51.3029, 1.2685,
8.0333)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9A8980
RGB	154, 137, 128
RGB Percent	60%, 54%, 50%
CMY	0.3961, 0.4627, 0.4980
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.17, 0.40
HSL	21°, 11%, 55%
HSV	21°, 17%, 60%
XYZ	26.1684, 26.3199, 24.1231
YIQ	141.0570, 13.0210, 0.8050

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

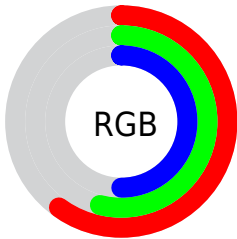
Format	Color
R_{YB}	154, 142, 128
Decimal	10127744
CIE Lab	58.34, 4.84, 7.15
CIE LCh	58, 8.639, 55.897
Yxy	26.3211, 0.3416, 0.3436
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288317824 (0xFF9A8980)
YUV	141.0570, -6.4371, 11.3510
Hunter-Lab	51.3029, 1.2685, 8.0333

Details

The HunterLab color $[51.3029, 1.2685, 8.0333]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $[52.1272, -6.0940, -2.7591]$, and the grayscale version is $[51.6546, -2.7562, 2.8065]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[73.2928, 0.9336, 9.8151]$, and $[32.0382, 1.9489, 6.0868]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[48.1827, 4.0952, 10.6820]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[54.5482, -1.3479, 5.1697]$.

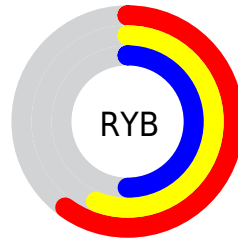
Distribution



Red (60%)

Green (54%)

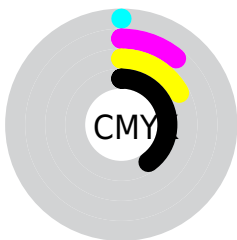
Blue (50%)



Red (60%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (50%)

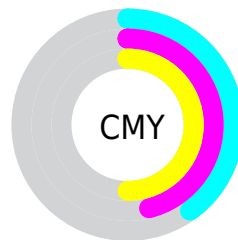


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (17%)

Black (40%)



Cyan (40%)

Magenta (46%)

Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 51.3029, 1.2685, 8.0333 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 51.3029, 1.2685, 8.0333 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 51.3029, 1.2685,
8.0333

■ 51.3029, 1.2685,
8.0333

168.6282, -3.0976,
17.2172

■ 41.3086, 1.5303,
7.0818

■ 73.3433, 0.5824,
9.9683

■ 32.0626, 1.7325,
6.1334

■ 85.3086, 0.1704,
10.9553

■ 23.6328, 1.8641,
5.1807

■ 97.8618, -0.2834,
11.9574

■ 16.1073, 1.9112,
4.2086

110.9768, -0.7763,
12.9756

■ 9.6119, 1.8511,
3.6116

124.6303, -1.3060,
14.0104

0.0000, NaN, NaN

138.8019, -1.8706,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

15.0621

0.0000, NaN, NaN

153.4734, -2.4683,
16.1310

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 51.3029, 1.2685,
8.0333

■ 51.3029, 1.2685,
8.0333

■ 48.1827, 4.0952,
10.6820

■ 54.5482, -1.3479,
5.1697

■ 45.1984, 7.1530,
13.0766

■ 57.9028, -3.7677,
2.1193

■ 42.3678, 10.4512,
15.1743

■ 61.3572, -6.0108,
-1.0920

■ 39.7095, 13.9917,
16.9251

■ 64.9022, -8.0954,
-4.4436

■ 37.2446, 17.7602,
18.2749

■ 68.5300, -10.0379,
-7.9187

■ 34.9955, 21.7191,
19.1704

■ 72.2337, -11.8535,
-11.5035

■ 32.9850, 25.7979,
19.5703

■ 76.0075, -13.5559,
-15.1866

■ 31.2316, 29.8726,
19.5060

■ 79.8463, -15.1572,
-18.9585

■ 30.7345, 31.0931,
19.4828

■ 83.2846, -19.2680,
-16.3687

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



51.3040, 3.7476, 5.6322



51.3029, 1.2685, 8.0333



51.3040, -2.2355, 9.0333

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



51.3040, 1.2669, 8.0341



51.3040, -9.5749, 3.2695



51.3040, 0.3708, -3.6044

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51.3029, 1.2685, 8.0333



52.1272, -6.0940, -2.7591

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



51.3040, -3.2430, -4.3462



51.3029, 1.2685, 8.0333



51.3040, -8.9208, -0.2192

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



51.3040, 1.2669, 8.0341



51.3040, -8.4403, 6.4074



51.3040, -6.6280, -3.0678



51.3040, 3.2201, -1.1059

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51.3029, 1.2685, 8.0333



51.3040, -4.6542, 8.8249



51.3040, -6.6280, -3.0678



51.3040, -0.7977, -4.0747

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51.3040, 1.2669, 8.0341



74.3156, -2.4166, 6.2522



49.3593, 8.3061, -1.7797



35.2169, -1.0453, 3.1000



88.7363, -4.7347, 4.8212



36.4511, -1.9449, 1.9805

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51.3040, 1.2669, 8.0341



67.6477, 3.0148, 12.1197



54.8956, -4.7740, 11.6856



25.6029, -0.3594, 2.7883



27.8524, 27.7637, 17.6486



4.2370, 1.4425, 2.6361

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52.1272, -6.0940, -2.7591



68.9816, -8.9258, -5.3838



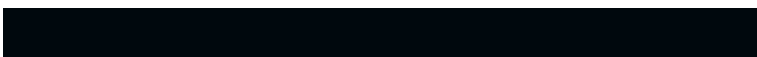
48.4930, -0.0845, -7.4992



25.8190, -2.2889, -0.0420



30.8233, -4.4153, -28.9951



4.5756, -1.7063, -2.0356

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 51.3029, 1.2685, 8.0333 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 51.3029, 1.2685, 8.0333 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

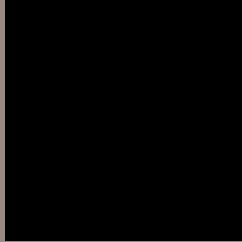
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 51.3029, 1.2685, 8.0333 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 51.3029, 1.2685, 8.0333.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 51.3029, 1.2685,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

51.3029, 1.2685, 8.0333

Protanopia

51.3689, -2.7306, 7.2298

Deuteranopia

51.1425, 3.5534, 7.9005



Tritanopia

51.1492, 5.9214, 0.5700

Trichromacy



Original Color

51.3029, 1.2685, 8.0333

Protanomaly

51.3285, -1.4666, 7.6124

Deuteranomaly

51.3176, 2.7357, 8.0748

Tritanomaly

51.1474, 4.1673, 3.2751

Monochromacy



Original Color

51.3029, 1.2685, 8.0333

Achromatopsia

51.6097, -2.7538, 2.8041

Achromatomaly

51.6185, -1.5430, 5.0258

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 51.3029, 1.2685, 8.0333 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(154, 137, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(154, 137, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(154, 137, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(154, 137, 128) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 51.3029, 1.2685, 8.0333 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

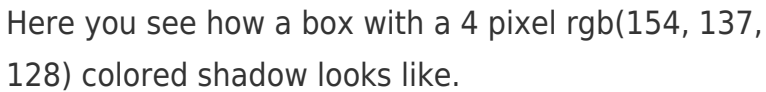
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(154, 137, 128) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(154, 137, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(154, 137, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 137, 128); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 137, 128); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 137, 128) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 51.3029, 1.2685, 8.0333 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(154, 137, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(154,  
137, 128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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