

Converting Colors

HunterLab(51.4122, 4.4071,
-35.5827)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(51.4122, 4.4071,
-35.5827) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(51.4122, 4.4071,
-35.5827)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	718BCE
RGB	113, 139, 206
RGB Percent	44%, 55%, 81%
CMY	0.5568, 0.4549, 0.1922
CMYK	0.45, 0.33, 0.00, 0.19
HSL	223°, 49%, 63%
HSV	223°, 45%, 81%
XYZ	27.1832, 26.4321, 62.0616
YIQ	138.8640, -37.0030, 15.3250

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

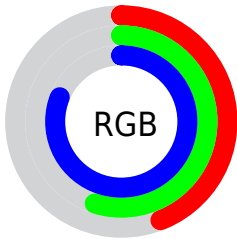
Format	Color
R _Y B	113, 133, 206
Decimal	7441358
CIE Lab	58.45, 8.54, -37.47
CIE LCh	58, 38.432, 282.842
Yxy	26.4331, 0.2350, 0.2285
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285631438 (0xFF718BCE)
YUV	138.8640, 33.0980, -22.6827
Hunter-Lab	51.4122, 4.4071, -35.5827

Details

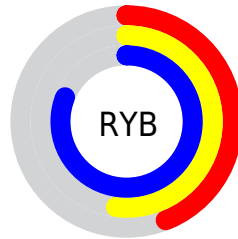
The HunterLab color $51.4122, 4.4071, -35.5827$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $6699CC$. A complement of this color would be $68.5258, -3.3359, 28.6486$, and the grayscale version is $50.6414, -2.7021, 2.7514$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $73.0440, 2.3306, -31.7431$, and $32.0604, 4.5994, -34.3089$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $46.0523, 7.8696, -46.6630$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $57.0540, 1.6443, -25.4962$.

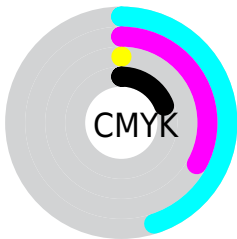
Distribution



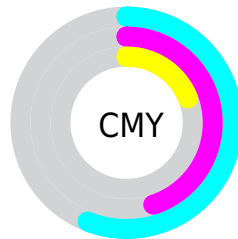
- Red (44%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (81%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (81%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (19%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (19%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 51.4122, 4.4071, -35.5827 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 51.4122, 4.4071, -35.5827 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 51.4122, 4.4071,
-35.5827

■ 51.4122, 4.4071,
-35.5827

168.7903, 1.4632,
-39.9761

■ 41.4101, 4.4709,
-34.9374

■ 73.4662, 4.0880,
-36.8539

■ 32.1559, 4.4592,
-34.3518

■ 85.4378, 3.8453,
-37.4413

■ 23.7170, 4.3592,
-33.9420

■ 97.9971, 3.5533,
-37.9844

■ 16.1815, 4.1520,
-33.9911

111.1179, 3.2157,
-38.4799

■ 9.6743, 3.8074,
-35.3279

124.7769, 2.8355,
-38.9266

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

138.9539, 2.4153,

-39.3244

0.0000, NaN, -NF

153.6305, 1.9572,
-39.6739

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 51.4122, 4.4071,
-35.5827

■ 51.4122, 4.4071,
-35.5827

■ 46.0523, 7.8696,
-46.6630

■ 57.0540, 1.6443,
-25.4962

■ 41.0270, 12.1792,
-58.8926

■ 62.9325, -0.5477,
-16.2441

■ 36.4091, 17.4795,
-72.3483

■ 69.0158, -2.2754,
-7.6768

■ 32.2891, 23.8522,
-86.9086

■ 75.2784, -3.6236,
0.3318

■ 28.7717, 31.1984,
-102.0556

■ 81.7000, -4.6597,
7.8856

■ 27.2784, 34.9290,
-109.4973

■ 88.2647, -5.4366,
15.0688

■ 94.7373, -6.7706,
21.7138

■ 98.6084, -13.0135,
25.4245

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



51.4131, -11.6691, -34.6159



51.4122, 4.4071, -35.5827



51.4131, 20.3481, -24.2127

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



51.4131, 4.4071, -35.5815



51.4131, 22.3115, 19.2240



51.4131, -29.3961, 10.8399

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51.4122, 4.4071, -35.5827



68.5258, -3.3359, 28.6486

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



51.4131, -22.3689, 20.2110



51.4122, 4.4071, -35.5827



51.4131, 6.8304, 23.9129

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



51.4131, 4.4071, -35.5815



51.4131, 31.5184, 8.9939



51.4131, -9.5282, 24.2066



51.4131, -29.8739, -4.2788

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51.4122, 4.4071, -35.5827



51.4131, 28.2171, -12.7545



51.4131, -9.5282, 24.2066



51.4131, -27.7658, 14.6319

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51.4131, 4.4071, -35.5815



88.6118, -3.0824, -8.7537



71.3688, -32.1428, 7.6967



40.2016, -1.2292, -5.1144

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51.4131, 4.4071, -35.5815



58.9330, 9.7851, -58.6952



46.1156, 22.8134, -46.2592



33.6840, -1.4350, -1.3954



21.7357, 26.4307, -84.2241



6.1149, 3.0210, -14.1646

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51.7660, 33.6129, 4.5092



60.3705, 52.8913, 7.3256



74.6698, -22.4628, 33.2120



33.5624, 1.5721, 1.7293



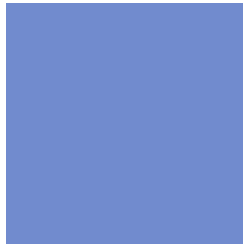
28.7749, 49.9726, 13.2079



6.6355, 11.7169, 1.5474

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 51.4122, 4.4071, -35.5827 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

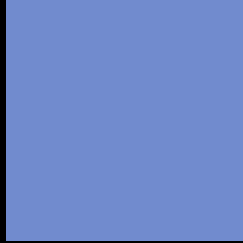
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 51.4122, 4.4071, -35.5827 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

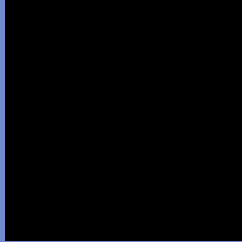
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 51.4122, 4.4071, -35.5827 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 51.4122, 4.4071, -35.5827.

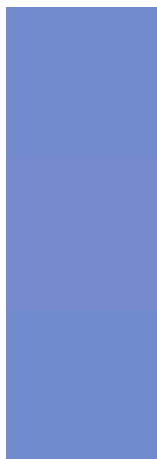


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 51.4122, 4.4071, -35.5827.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

51.4122, 4.4071, -35.5827

Protanopia

51.4162, 5.7672, -34.8191

Deuteranopia

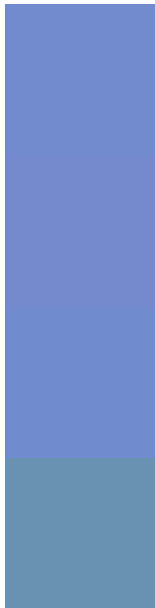
51.3480, 4.1926, -35.7102



Tritanopia

51.4074, -12.9113, -6.9064

Trichromacy



Original Color

51.4122, 4.4071, -35.5827

Protanomaly

51.2813, 5.3197, -35.0853

Deuteranomaly

51.3480, 4.1926, -35.7102

Tritanomaly

51.4085, -7.0252, -16.4172

Monochromacy



Original Color

51.4122, 4.4071, -35.5827

Achromatopsia

50.8117, -2.7112, 2.7607

Achromatomaly

50.8482, -1.0498, -9.0889

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 51.4122, 4.4071, -35.5827 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(113, 139, 206)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(113, 139, 206)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(113, 139, 206) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(113, 139, 206) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 51.4122, 4.4071, -35.5827 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(113, 139, 206) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(113, 139, 206) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(113, 139, 206)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(113, 139, 206); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 139, 206);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 139,  
206) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 51.4122, 4.4071, -35.5827 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(113, 139, 206) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(113,  
139, 206) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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