

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(51.5124, 23.8343,  
8.0001)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(51.5124, 23.8343,  
8.0001) contains.

<b>HunterLab(51.4917, 24.2652, 7.8362)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(51.4917, 24.2652,  
7.8362)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C27882
RGB	194, 120, 130
RGB Percent	76%, 47%, 51%
CMY	0.2392, 0.5294, 0.4902
CMYK	0.00, 0.38, 0.33, 0.24
HSL	352°, 38%, 62%
HSV	352°, 38%, 76%
XYZ	32.9938, 26.5140, 24.4978
YIQ	143.2660, 40.8940, 18.7980

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

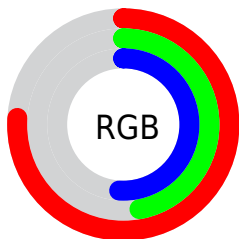
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	194, 120, 130
Decimal	12744834
CIELab	58.52, 30.18, 6.84
CIELCh	59, 30.949, 12.776
Yxy	26.5152, 0.3928, 0.3156
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290934914 (0xFFC27882)
YUV	143.2660, -6.5401, 44.4937
Hunter-Lab	51.4917, 24.2652, 7.8362

# Details

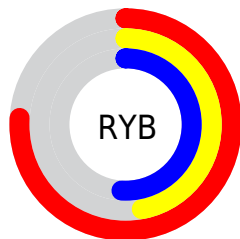
The HunterLab color **51.4917, 24.2652, 7.8362** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **67.8512, -24.8469, 1.7469**, and the grayscale version is **52.5311, -2.8029, 2.8541**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **73.4857, 25.9739, 9.5908**, and **32.2144, 22.0665, 5.9093** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **46.7947, 31.9986, 9.5175**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **56.7026, 16.5817, 6.4612**.

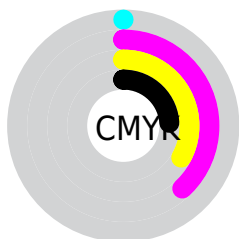
# Distribution



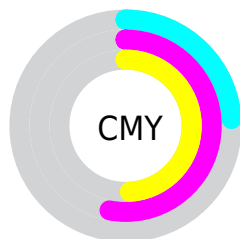
- Red (76%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Black (24%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (49%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 51.4917, 24.2652, 7.8362 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 51.4917, 24.2652, 7.8362 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 51.4917, 24.2652,  
7.8362

■ 51.4917, 24.2652,  
7.8362

168.9089, 29.1486,  
16.8983

■ 41.4843, 23.2758,  
6.9032

■ 73.5561, 25.9116,  
9.7388

■ 32.2242, 22.1643,  
5.9751

■ 85.5323, 26.5943,  
10.7111

■ 23.7787, 20.9155,  
5.0452

■ 98.0961, 27.1937,  
11.6993

■ 16.2358, 19.5239,  
4.0996

111.2210, 27.7166,  
12.7043

■ 9.7201, 18.0255,  
3.4562

124.8842, 28.1689,  
13.7265

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

139.0651, 28.5555,

14.7661

0.0000, NaN, NaN

153.7455, 28.8808,  
15.8233

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 51.4917, 24.2652,  
7.8362

■ 51.4917, 24.2652,  
7.8362

■ 46.7947, 31.9986,  
9.5175

■ 56.7026, 16.5817,  
6.4612

■ 42.7053, 39.5315,  
11.4943

■ 62.3403, 9.0848,  
5.3674

■ 39.3289, 46.4365,  
13.7041

■ 68.3381, 1.8204,  
4.5214

■ 36.7583, 52.1427,  
16.0054

■ 74.6417, -5.2080,  
3.8873

■ 35.0434, 56.0825,  
18.1840

■ 81.2081, -12.0181,  
3.4320

■ 34.1144, 58.0971,  
19.9812

■ 88.0029, -18.6364,  
3.1271

■ 33.9777, 58.4101,  
20.2329

■ 94.7275, -24.6970,  
2.6305

■ 94.9786, -23.2711,  
-0.9405

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



51.4930, 23.6568, -4.8292



51.4917, 24.2652, 7.8362



51.4930, 17.1265, 16.5935

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



51.4930, 24.2627, 7.8372



51.4930, -18.8020, 17.5011



51.4930, -10.0161, -25.8248

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51.4917, 24.2652, 7.8362



67.8512, -24.8469, 1.7469

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



51.4930, -20.0054, -16.3251



51.4917, 24.2652, 7.8362



51.4930, -24.7181, 9.4204

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



51.4930, 24.2627, 7.8372



51.4930, -8.2165, 21.1573



51.4930, -25.1353, -2.7973



51.4930, 2.9539, -26.5576



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51.4917, 24.2652, 7.8362



51.4930, 9.3181, 19.9148



51.4930, -25.1353, -2.7973



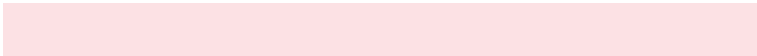
51.4930, -13.8004, -23.4593

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51.4930, 24.2627, 7.8372



89.4890, 5.3816, 6.3989



52.3300, 31.0819, -25.0375



41.3509, 3.1490, 3.0655

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51.4930, 24.2627, 7.8372



63.8329, 41.6063, 12.4661



57.7525, 9.9000, 17.5161



31.7798, 1.2685, 2.1691



27.5636, 47.4096, 16.2141



5.7933, 10.0907, 2.4304



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51.4930, 24.2627, 7.8372



63.8329, 41.6063, 12.4661



59.9428, -11.0815, -13.7407



31.7798, 1.2685, 2.1691



27.5636, 47.4096, 16.2141



5.7933, 10.0907, 2.4304



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 51.4917, 24.2652, 7.8362 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

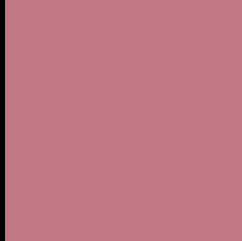
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 51.4917, 24.2652, 7.8362 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

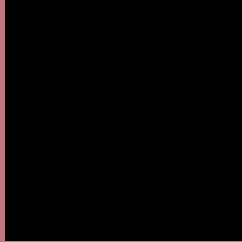
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 51.4917, 24.2652, 7.8362 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 51.4917, 24.2652, 7.8362.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 51.4917, 24.2652,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

51.4917, 24.2652, 7.8362

### Protanopia

51.5835, -1.3821, 2.7972

### Deuteranopia

51.5890, 3.5976, 8.7759



## Tritanopia

51.4658, 24.1366, 8.2092

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

51.4917, 24.2652, 7.8362

## Protanomaly

51.2470, 7.1597, 4.3222

## Deuteranomaly

51.2781, 10.8375, 8.1741

## Tritanomaly

51.4658, 24.1366, 8.2092

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

51.4917, 24.2652, 7.8362

## Achromatopsia

52.4097, -2.7964, 2.8475

## Achromatomaly

51.8115, 6.3176, 4.5212

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 51.4917, 24.2652, 7.8362 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(194, 120, 130)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(194, 120, 130)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(194, 120, 130) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(194, 120, 130) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 51.4917, 24.2652, 7.8362 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(194, 120, 130) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(194, 120, 130) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(194, 120, 130)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(194, 120, 130); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 120, 130);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 120,  
130) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 51.4917, 24.2652, 7.8362 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(194, 120, 130) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(194,  
120, 130) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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