

Converting Colors

HunterLab(51.5281, -11.7476,
-0.2162)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(51.5281, -11.7476,
-0.2162) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(51.5281,
-11.7476, -0.2162)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	729393
RGB	114, 147, 147
RGB Percent	45%, 58%, 58%
CMY	0.5529, 0.4235, 0.4235
CMYK	0.22, 0.00, 0.00, 0.42
HSL	180°, 13%, 51%
HSV	180°, 22%, 58%
XYZ	22.6396, 26.5515, 31.5355
YIQ	137.1330, -19.6680, -6.9960

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

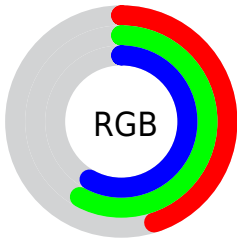
Format	Color
R_YB	114, 131, 147
Decimal	7508883
CIE _{Lab}	58.56, -11.42, -3.78
CIE _{LCh}	59, 12.033, 198.300
Yxy	26.5525, 0.2804, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285698963 (0xFF729393)
YUV	137.1330, 4.8644, -20.2876
Hunter-Lab	51.5281, -11.7476, -0.2162

Details

The HunterLab color $51.5281, -11.7476, -0.2162$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669999 . A complement of this color would be $44.1059, 8.1600, 5.9192$, and the grayscale version is $50.0565, -2.6709, 2.7197$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $73.6246, -14.0070, 0.6223$, and $32.1755, -9.0379, -1.1715$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $50.6405, -15.0248, -1.3773$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $52.5537, -8.0445, 1.0995$.

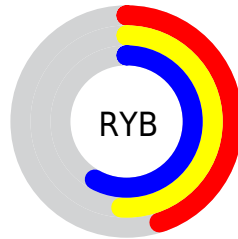
Distribution



Red (45%)

Green (58%)

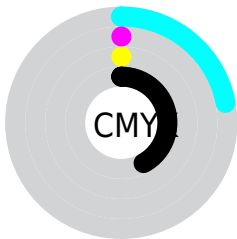
Blue (58%)



Red (45%)

Yellow (51%)

Blue (58%)

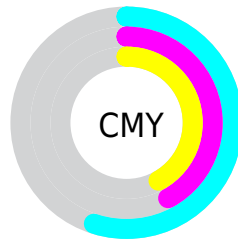


Cyan (22%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (42%)



Cyan (55%)

Magenta (42%)

Yellow (42%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 51.5281, -11.7476, -0.2162 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 51.5281, -11.7476, -0.2162 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 51.5281, -11.7476,
-0.2162

■ 51.5281, -11.7476,
-0.2162

168.9627,
-22.6541, 4.7811

■ 41.5180, -10.5421,
-0.5632

■ 73.5969, -14.1393,
0.6256

■ 32.2551, -9.3173,
-0.8556

■ 85.5752, -15.3344,
1.1112

■ 23.8067, -8.0591,
-1.0851

■ 98.1409, -16.5337,
1.6362

■ 16.2605, -6.7417,
-1.2412

■ 111.2678,
-17.7394, 2.1982

■ 9.7409, -5.6561,
-1.3079

124.9328,
-18.9532, 2.7954

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

139.1155,

-20.1763, 3.4259

0.0000, NaN, NaN

153.7976,
-21.4097, 4.0882

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 51.5281, -11.7476,
-0.2162

■ 51.5281, -11.7476,
-0.2162

■ 50.6405, -15.0248,
-1.3773

■ 52.5537, -8.0445,
1.0995

■ 49.8875, -17.8503,
-2.3782

■ 53.7128, -3.9435,
2.5573

■ 49.2680, -20.2101,
-3.2134

■ 55.0042, 0.5202,
4.1462

■ 48.7779, -22.1003,
-3.8818

■ 56.4242, 5.3096,
5.8535

■ 48.4108, -23.5298,
-4.3869

■ 57.9685, 10.3872,
7.6665

■ 48.1579, -24.5220,
-4.7373

■ 59.6323, 15.7165,
9.5725

■ 48.0069, -25.1171,
-4.9472

■ 61.4102, 21.2629,
11.5594

■ 47.9321, -25.4130,
-5.0514

■ 63.2968, 26.9945,
13.6163

■ 65.2864, 32.8826,
15.7332

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



51.5292, -12.0202, 4.6636



51.5281, -11.7476, -0.2162



51.5292, -9.1236, -4.6689

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



51.5292, -11.7484, -0.2154



51.5292, 4.7869, -3.8046



51.5292, -0.7456, 11.1397

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51.5281, -11.7476, -0.2162



44.1059, 8.1600, 5.9192

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



51.5292, 3.9446, 9.3037



51.5281, -11.7476, -0.2162



51.5292, 7.2209, 0.8743

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



51.5292, -11.7484, -0.2154



51.5292, 0.3676, -6.8761



51.5292, 6.9068, 5.6527



51.5292, -5.7996, 10.9093

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51.5281, -11.7476, -0.2162



51.5292, -6.3332, -6.6517



51.5292, 6.9068, 5.6527



51.5292, 0.9293, 10.7516

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51.5292, -11.7484, -0.2154



71.1281, -7.9168, 2.4835



50.6930, -16.5884, 12.3265



33.9460, -3.9167, 1.1389



86.5109, -4.6160, 4.7003



34.5370, -1.8428, 1.8765

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51.5292, -11.7484, -0.2154



68.3265, -18.0340, -1.1084



46.8304, -4.4641, -6.1710



25.6169, -3.2712, 0.7538



44.6285, -23.6615, -4.7033



4.9374, -2.6176, -0.5206

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44.1059, 8.1600, 5.9192



56.2442, 14.4779, 8.9127



48.3434, 0.4956, 10.2727



24.1151, 0.7362, 1.9880



23.1899, 39.7136, 14.9842



2.5656, 4.3937, 1.6574

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 51.5281, -11.7476, -0.2162 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

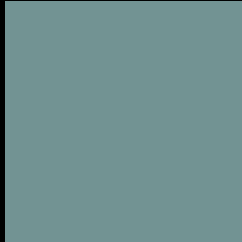
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 51.5281, -11.7476, -0.2162 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

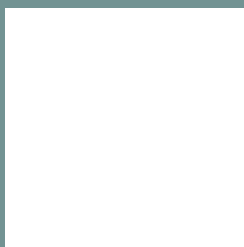
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 51.5281, -11.7476, -0.2162 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 51.5281, -11.7476, -0.2162.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 51.5281,

-11.7476, -0.2162.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

51.5281, -11.7476, -0.2162

Protanopia

51.4686, -1.6625, 1.7499

Deuteranopia

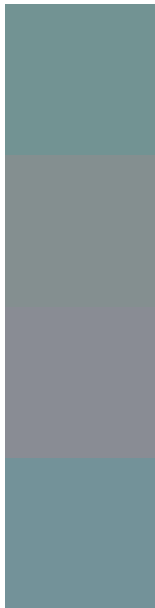
51.2467, 3.6898, -1.2539



Tritanopia

51.3791, -8.5703, -5.3002

Trichromacy



Original Color

51.5281, -11.7476, -0.2162

Protanomaly

51.5403, -5.7871, 1.3047

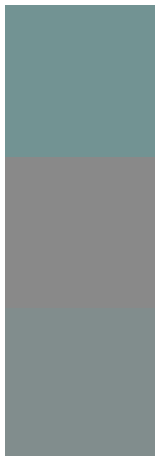
Deuteranomaly

51.1983, -2.2968, -0.9370

Tritanomaly

51.4806, -9.9997, -3.1616

Monochromacy



Original Color

51.5281, -11.7476, -0.2162

Achromatopsia

50.0158, -2.6687, 2.7175

Achromatomaly

50.6359, -6.1739, 1.5875

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 51.5281, -11.7476, -0.2162 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(114, 147, 147)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(114, 147, 147)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(114, 147, 147) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(114, 147, 147) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 51.5281, -11.7476, -0.2162 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(114, 147, 147) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(114, 147, 147) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(114, 147, 147) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(114, 147, 147); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(114, 147, 147);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(114, 147,  
147) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 51.5281, -11.7476, -0.2162 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(114, 147, 147) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(114,  
147, 147) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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