

Converting Colors

HunterLab(51.5437, -30.1480,
3.9220)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(51.5437, -30.1480,
3.9220) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(51.5431,
-30.1573, 4.0087)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	209E89
RGB	32, 158, 137
RGB Percent	13%, 62%, 54%
CMY	0.8745, 0.3804, 0.4627
CMYK	0.80, 0.00, 0.13, 0.38
HSL	170°, 66%, 37%
HSV	170°, 80%, 62%
XYZ	17.3379, 26.5669, 27.8810
YIQ	117.9320, -68.3550, -33.2430

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

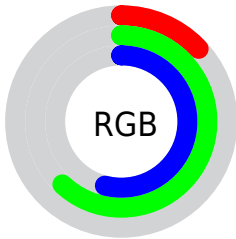
Format	Color
R_{YB}	32, 101, 158
Decimal	2137737
CIE _{Lab}	58.57, -37.86, 1.57
CIE _{LCh}	59, 37.893, 177.627
Yxy	26.5679, 0.2415, 0.3701
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280327817 (0xFF209E89)
YUV	117.9320, 9.4005, -75.3624
Hunter-Lab	51.5431, -30.1573, 4.0087

Details

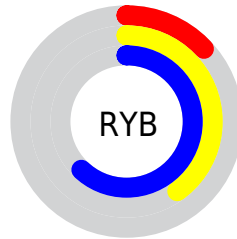
The HunterLab color **51.5431, -30.1573, 4.0087** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009999**. A complement of this color would be **29.2573, 41.9049, 11.9340**, and the grayscale version is **42.5224, -2.2689, 2.3103**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **73.4953, -35.4894, 5.3667**, and **33.1605, -21.0270, 3.9434** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51.2816, -31.3588, 4.8185**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **51.9240, -28.4933, 3.3268**.

Distribution



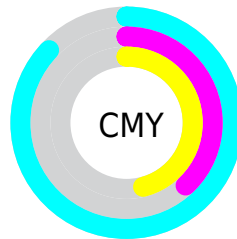
- Red (13%)
- Green (62%)
- Blue (54%)



- Red (13%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Black (38%)



- Cyan (87%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (46%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 51.5431, -30.1573, 4.0087 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 51.5431, -30.1573, 4.0087 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 51.5431, -30.1573,
4.0087

■ 51.5431, -30.1573,
4.0087

168.9849,
-52.5250, 10.9983

■ 41.5319, -27.2391,
3.3786

■ 73.6137, -35.5992,
5.3659

■ 32.2679, -24.1317,
2.7814

■ 85.5929, -38.1770,
6.0894

■ 23.8183, -20.7638,
2.2194

■ 98.1595, -40.6841,
6.8414

■ 16.2706, -17.0165,
1.6936

■ 111.2871,
-43.1333, 7.6210

■ 9.7495, -17.0615,
1.2080

■ 124.9529,
-45.5348, 8.4272

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 139.1363,

-47.8964, 9.2594

0.0000, NaN, NaN

153.8191,
-50.2247, 10.1167

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 51.5431, -30.1573,
4.0087

■ 51.5431, -30.1573,
4.0087

■ 51.2816, -31.3588,
4.8185

■ 51.9240, -28.4933,
3.3268

■ 51.1037, -32.2211,
5.7097

■ 52.4333, -26.3309,
2.7908

■ 51.0993, -32.2425,
5.7327

■ 53.0808, -23.6544,
2.4166

■ 53.8722, -20.4639,
2.2145

■ 54.8107, -16.7732,
2.1908

■ 55.8975, -12.6070,
2.3475

■ 57.1320, -7.9984,
2.6829

■ 58.5118, -2.9861,
3.1923

■ 60.0334, 2.3880,
3.8685

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



51.5441, -26.3596, 16.2036



51.5431, -30.1573, 4.0087



51.5441, -27.3925, -12.7864

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



51.5441, -30.1576, 4.0093



51.5441, 12.3868, -30.6600



51.5441, 14.8742, 21.9820

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51.5431, -30.1573, 4.0087



29.2573, 41.9049, 11.9340

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



51.5441, 27.6106, 14.6688



51.5431, -30.1573, 4.0087



51.5441, 26.0551, -15.5640

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



51.5441, -30.1576, 4.0093



51.5441, -4.0276, -36.0959



51.5441, 31.9312, 1.5723



51.5441, -1.4659, 24.3949

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51.5431, -30.1573, 4.0087



51.5441, -21.9850, -24.0055



51.5441, 31.9312, 1.5723



51.5441, 19.7912, 20.1519

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51.5441, -30.1576, 4.0093



74.6085, -19.7197, 3.0333



50.3727, -38.2958, 28.7600



35.1953, -10.2479, 1.4120



89.8524, -4.7943, 4.8819



37.4146, -1.9963, 2.0328

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51.5441, -30.1576, 4.0093



68.9186, -43.1699, 7.4819



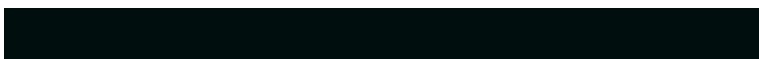
39.6955, -9.8477, -24.0291



27.3688, -3.7129, 1.2939



45.7349, -28.8214, 5.0526



6.1531, -3.6275, 0.1400

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29.2573, 41.9049, 11.9340



36.7999, 62.2094, 20.3387



34.6356, 25.3152, 19.4454



25.8134, 0.9909, 1.6591



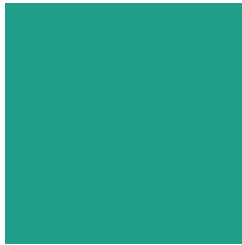
24.2630, 41.8196, 13.5974



3.3119, 5.8404, 0.8319

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 51.5431, -30.1573, 4.0087 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 51.5431, -30.1573, 4.0087 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

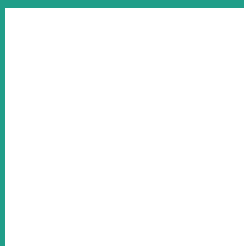
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 51.5431, -30.1573, 4.0087 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 51.5431, -30.1573, 4.0087.



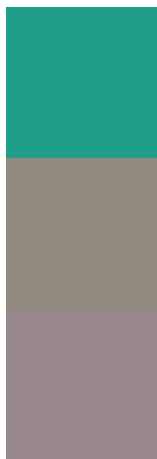
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 51.5431,

-30.1573, 4.0087.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

51.5431, -30.1573, 4.0087

Protanopia

51.0071, -2.6831, 8.0442

Deuteranopia

51.2218, 3.1826, 1.9962



Tritanopia

51.5698, -21.5235, -10.0769

Trichromacy



Original Color

51.5431, -30.1573, 4.0087

Protanomaly

50.1393, -16.2413, 5.2197

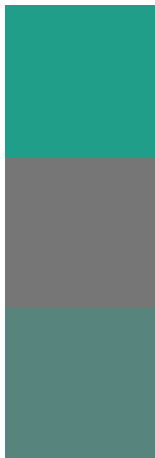
Deuteranomaly

50.0281, -13.0094, 1.1950

Tritanomaly

51.3489, -24.7861, -4.5990

Monochromacy



Original Color

51.5431, -30.1573, 4.0087

Achromatopsia

42.5634, -2.2711, 2.3126

Achromatomaly

45.0355, -15.3175, 1.9394

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 51.5431, -30.1573, 4.0087 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(32, 158, 137)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(32, 158, 137)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(32, 158, 137) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(32, 158, 137) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 51.5431, -30.1573, 4.0087 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(32, 158, 137) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(32, 158, 137) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(32, 158, 137)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(32, 158, 137); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(32, 158, 137);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(32, 158,  
137) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 51.5431, -30.1573, 4.0087 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(32, 158, 137) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(32, 158,  
137) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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