

Converting Colors

HunterLab(51.6391, 18.1511,
-8.7338)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(51.6391, 18.1511,
-8.7338) contains.

HunterLab(51.6391, 18.1511, -8.7338)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(51.6391, 18.1511,
-8.7338)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AC7FA5
RGB	172, 127, 165
RGB Percent	67%, 50%, 65%
CMY	0.3255, 0.5019, 0.3529
CMYK	0.00, 0.26, 0.04, 0.33
HSL	309°, 21%, 59%
HSV	309°, 26%, 67%
XYZ	31.3941, 26.6660, 39.0896
YIQ	144.7870, 14.6220, 21.3580

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

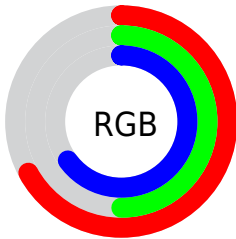
Format	Color
RYB	172, 127, 165
Decimal	11304869
CIELab	58.66, 23.80, -13.41
CIElCh	59, 27.317, 330.594
Yxy	26.6671, 0.3232, 0.2745
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289494949 (0xFFAC7FA5)
YUV	144.7870, 9.9650, 23.8658
Hunter-Lab	51.6391, 18.1511, -8.7338

Details

The HunterLab color **51.6391, 18.1511, -8.7338** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **59.7822, -21.5854, 14.0895**, and the grayscale version is **53.0843, -2.8324, 2.8842**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **73.6911, 19.3671, -8.7307**, and **32.2830, 16.7240, -8.5069** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47.4347, 26.5650, -13.2209**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **56.2088, 9.7832, -4.1032**.

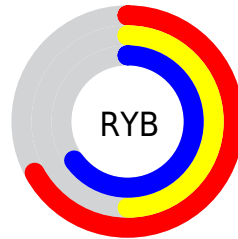
Distribution



Red (67%)

Green (50%)

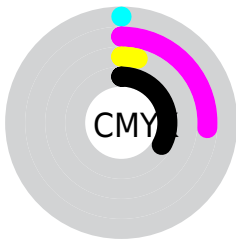
Blue (65%)



Red (67%)

Yellow (50%)

Blue (65%)

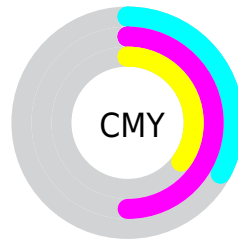


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (26%)

Yellow (4%)

Black (33%)



Cyan (33%)

Magenta (50%)

Yellow (35%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 51.6391, 18.1511, -8.7338 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 51.6391, 18.1511, -8.7338 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 51.6391, 18.1511,
-8.7338

■ 51.6391, 18.1511,
-8.7338

169.1277, 20.8075,
-7.0111

■ 41.6214, 17.4520,
-8.6451

■ 73.7220, 19.2474,
-8.7108

■ 32.3502, 16.6379,
-8.4842

■ 85.7067, 19.6682,
-8.6117

■ 23.8926, 15.6904,
-8.2440

■ 98.2786, 20.0140,
-8.4595

■ 16.3361, 14.5912,
-7.9234

111.4114, 20.2912,
-8.2577

■ 9.8047, 13.3337,
-7.5429

125.0820, 20.5049,
-8.0095

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

139.2701, 20.6597,

-7.7175

0.0000, NaN, NaN

153.9575, 20.7595,
-7.3840

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 51.6391, 18.1511,
-8.7338

■ 51.6391, 18.1511,
-8.7338

■ 47.4347, 26.5650,
-13.2209

■ 56.2088, 9.7832,
-4.1032

■ 43.6530, 34.8608,
-17.4434

■ 61.0881, 1.5553,
0.5888

■ 40.3624, 42.7592,
-21.2192

■ 66.2350, -6.4965,
5.2974

■ 37.6304, 49.8616,
-24.3127

■ 71.6137, -14.3649,
9.9975

■ 35.5126, 55.6864,
-26.4664

■ 77.1953, -22.0589,
14.6774

■ 34.0355, 59.7851,
-27.4728

■ 82.9559, -29.5950,
19.3328

■ 33.1630, 61.9648,
-27.2957

■ 88.8760, -36.9929,
23.9639

■ 32.8977, 62.5751,
-27.0886

■ 91.5714, -40.0177,
25.5000

■ 91.6343, -39.6492,
24.5891

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



51.6402, 9.0937, -18.9973



51.6391, 18.1511, -8.7338



51.6402, 21.4971, 3.0303

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



51.6402, 18.1495, -8.7327



51.6402, -2.9891, 19.8478



51.6402, -20.5932, -9.1986

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51.6391, 18.1511, -8.7338



59.7822, -21.5854, 14.0895

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



51.6402, -23.2266, 2.5905



51.6391, 18.1511, -8.7338



51.6402, -13.6291, 17.9454

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



51.6402, 18.1495, -8.7327



51.6402, 8.6587, 18.0919



51.6402, -20.7916, 12.1831



51.6402, -13.2619, -19.3055

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51.6391, 18.1511, -8.7338



51.6402, 19.8290, 9.7324



51.6402, -20.7916, 12.1831



51.6402, -22.0266, -5.2248

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51.6402, 18.1495, -8.7327



80.9462, 4.2738, -0.4630



48.1731, 7.6969, -18.2185



37.2788, 2.7485, -0.6498



93.2148, -4.9737, 5.0645



40.3295, -2.1519, 2.1912

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51.6402, 18.1495, -8.7327



66.4326, 30.5634, -15.0557



50.9178, 14.4598, 1.4831



28.5067, 1.9770, -0.4272



28.3906, 54.0209, -23.5231



4.7947, 9.2189, -4.7144

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51.6402, 18.1495, -8.7327



66.4326, 30.5634, -15.0557



60.3544, -18.2910, 5.8621



28.5067, 1.9770, -0.4272



28.3906, 54.0209, -23.5231



4.7947, 9.2189, -4.7144

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 51.6391, 18.1511, -8.7338 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

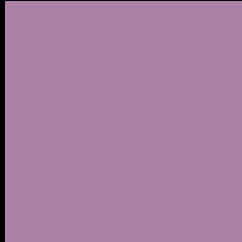
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 51.6391, 18.1511, -8.7338 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

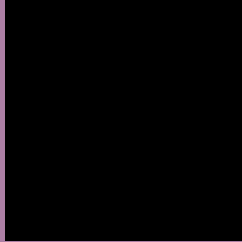
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 51.6391, 18.1511, -8.7338 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 51.6391, 18.1511, -8.7338.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 51.6391, 18.1511, -8.7338.

-8.7338.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

51.6391, 18.1511, -8.7338

Protanopia

51.8464, 1.7082, -13.8162

Deuteranopia

51.8083, 3.6578, -7.6661



Tritanopia

51.5662, 11.1355, 2.9960

Trichromacy



Original Color

51.6391, 18.1511, -8.7338

Protanomaly

51.5404, 7.5644, -12.4298

Deuteranomaly

51.6712, 8.8710, -8.3058

Tritanomaly

51.6849, 13.3851, -1.0175

Monochromacy



Original Color

51.6391, 18.1511, -8.7338

Achromatopsia

53.2117, -2.8392, 2.8911

Achromatomaly

52.3570, 4.7680, -1.2938

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 51.6391, 18.1511, -8.7338 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(172, 127, 165)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(172, 127, 165)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(172, 127, 165) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(172, 127, 165) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 51.6391, 18.1511, -8.7338 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(172, 127, 165) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(172, 127, 165) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(172, 127, 165)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(172, 127, 165); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 127, 165);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 127,  
165) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 51.6391, 18.1511, -8.7338 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(172, 127, 165) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(172,  
127, 165) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor