

Converting Colors

HunterLab(51.6653, -41.7508,
30.5427)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(51.6653, -41.7508,
30.5427) contains.

HunterLab(51.6555, -41.7916, 30.5356)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(51.6555,
-41.7916, 30.5356)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	28A310
RGB	40, 163, 16
RGB Percent	16%, 64%, 6%
CMY	0.8431, 0.3608, 0.9372
CMYK	0.75, 0.00, 0.90, 0.36
HSL	110°, 82%, 35%
HSV	110°, 90%, 64%
XYZ	14.0658, 26.6829, 4.8992
YIQ	109.4650, -26.1210, -71.7930

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

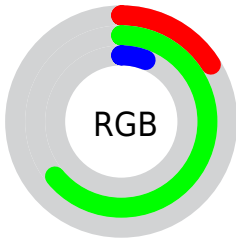
Format	Color
RYB	16, 163, 139
Decimal	2663184
CIELab	58.68, -57.42, 57.62
CIElCh	59, 81.350, 134.902
Yxy	26.6840, 0.3081, 0.5845
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280853264 (0xFF28A310)
YUV	109.4650, -46.0782, -60.9208
Hunter-Lab	51.6555, -41.7916, 30.5356

Details

The HunterLab color $51.6555, -41.7916, 30.5356$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 009900 . A complement of this color would be $29.1641, 55.7433, -51.4996$, and the grayscale version is $39.4619, -2.1056, 2.1440$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $73.7149, -49.6487, 38.7563$, and $33.3944, -28.6357, 20.0762$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $51.4034, -42.9403, 30.9228$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $52.0344, -40.0678, 29.7795$.

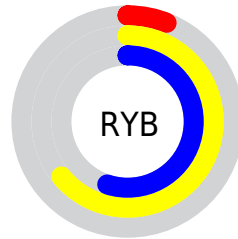
Distribution



Red (16%)

Green (64%)

Blue (6%)



Red (6%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (55%)

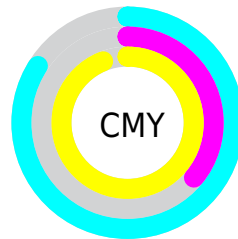


Cyan (75%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (90%)

Black (36%)



Cyan (84%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (94%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 51.6555, -41.7916, 30.5356 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 51.6555, -41.7916, 30.5356 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 51.6555, -41.7916,
30.5356

■ 51.6555, -41.7916,
30.5356

169.1520,
-73.2013, 63.1111

■ 41.6366, -37.5003,
26.1113

■ 73.7404, -49.6673,
38.7241

■ 32.3642, -32.8785,
21.4934

■ 85.7261, -53.3415,
42.5503

■ 23.9052, -27.8136,
16.7337

■ 98.2989, -56.8817,
46.2330

■ 16.3473, -22.4513,
11.4431

■ 111.4325,
-60.3099, 49.7931

■ 9.8141, -17.1746,
6.8699

■ 125.1040,
-63.6434, 53.2477

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 139.2929,

-66.8960, 56.6113

0.0000, NaN, NaN

153.9810,
-70.0789, 59.8958

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 51.6555, -41.7916,
30.5356

■ 51.6555, -41.7916,
30.5356

■ 51.4034, -42.9403,
30.9228

■ 52.0344, -40.0678,
29.7795

■ 52.5520, -37.6949,
28.4925

■ 53.2183, -34.6505,
26.6297

■ 54.0390, -30.9339,
24.1703

■ 55.0171, -26.5631,
21.1134

■ 56.1534, -21.5713,
17.4741

■ 57.4465, -16.0031,
13.2805

■ 58.8936, -9.9106,
8.5695

■ 60.4903, -3.3499,
3.3845

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



51.6566, -18.7597, 34.1898



51.6555, -41.7916, 30.5356



51.6566, -52.5307, 16.7149

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



51.6566, -41.7924, 30.5358



51.6566, -18.9520, -103.0069



51.6566, 78.4091, 16.5683

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51.6555, -41.7916, 30.5356



29.1641, 55.7433, -51.4996

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



51.6566, 78.3178, -16.5102



51.6555, -41.7916, 30.5356



51.6566, 15.4626, -103.1525

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



51.6566, -41.7924, 30.5358



51.6566, -41.9011, -64.6623



51.6566, 53.0085, -64.9833



51.6566, 53.2325, 30.4888

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51.6555, -41.7916, 30.5356



51.6566, -53.6907, -2.8858



51.6566, 53.0085, -64.9833



51.6566, 81.5111, 7.9263

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51.6566, -41.7924, 30.5358



75.5888, -26.9453, 21.9527



51.1334, -4.4478, 30.8614



35.5705, -13.8650, 11.2188



90.9709, -4.8540, 4.9426



38.3822, -2.0480, 2.0854

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51.6566, -41.7924, 30.5358



68.7470, -57.6445, 41.3524



51.6599, -41.1118, 25.3718



28.1922, -4.4566, 3.8761



45.3307, -37.7894, 27.2710



6.6825, -5.0073, 4.0301

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29.1641, 55.7433, -51.4996



37.5441, 76.9091, -73.5186



30.6150, 53.2842, -11.0359



26.7272, 1.6495, -1.0337



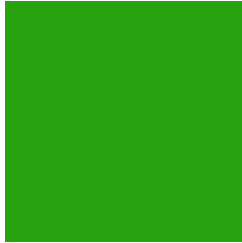
24.8307, 50.7998, -48.1122



3.7975, 7.6405, -6.3608

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 51.6555, -41.7916, 30.5356 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

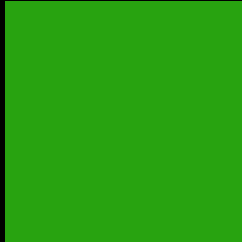
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 51.6555, -41.7916, 30.5356 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 51.6555, -41.7916, 30.5356 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 51.6555, -41.7916, 30.5356.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 51.6555,

-41.7916, 30.5356.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

51.6555, -41.7916, 30.5356

Protanopia

51.0150, -7.1251, 31.3104

Deuteranopia

51.1323, 3.5238, 29.4429



Tritanopia

51.6862, -17.9623, -8.7546

Trichromacy



Original Color

51.6555, -41.7916, 30.5356

Protanomaly

49.8375, -23.8457, 30.0872

Deuteranomaly

49.5503, -18.4114, 28.7406

Tritanomaly

50.9830, -30.3402, 13.7289

Monochromacy



Original Color

51.6555, -41.7916, 30.5356

Achromatopsia

39.1058, -2.0866, 2.1247

Achromatomaly

42.5363, -20.8233, 16.5676

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 51.6555, -41.7916, 30.5356 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(40, 163, 16)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(40, 163, 16)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(40, 163, 16) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(40, 163, 16) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 51.6555, -41.7916, 30.5356 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(40, 163, 16) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(40, 163, 16) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(40, 163, 16)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(40, 163, 16); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(40, 163, 16);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(40, 163,  
16) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 51.6555, -41.7916, 30.5356 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(40, 163, 16) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(40, 163,  
16) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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