

Converting Colors

HunterLab(51.6981, 5.5042,
-1.9190)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(51.6981, 5.5042, -1.9190)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(51.7159, 5.4436,
-2.0940)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9A8898
RGB	154, 136, 152
RGB Percent	60%, 53%, 60%
CMY	0.3961, 0.4667, 0.4039
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.01, 0.40
HSL	307°, 8%, 57%
HSV	307°, 12%, 60%
XYZ	27.7981, 26.7453, 33.4031
YIQ	143.2060, 5.5920, 8.7920

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

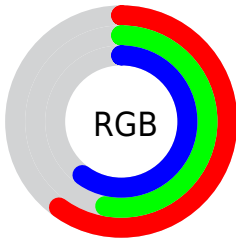
Format	Color
RYB	154, 136, 152
Decimal	10127512
CIELab	58.74, 9.74, -6.03
CIELCh	59, 11.457, 328.255
Yxy	26.7465, 0.3161, 0.3041
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288317592 (0xFF9A8898)
YUV	143.2060, 4.3354, 9.4663
Hunter-Lab	51.7159, 5.4436, -2.0940

Details

The HunterLab color $51.7159, 5.4436, -2.0940$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $54.9373, -10.6960, 7.7136$, and the grayscale version is $52.4748, -2.7999, 2.8511$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $73.6623, 5.2177, -1.5178$, and $32.3709, 5.4977, -2.5073$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $47.6026, 12.8563, -6.5334$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $56.0866, -1.8241, 2.3430$.

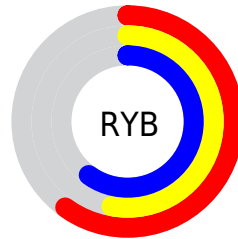
Distribution



Red (60%)

Green (53%)

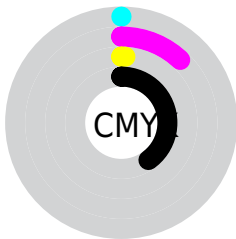
Blue (60%)



Red (60%)

Yellow (53%)

Blue (60%)

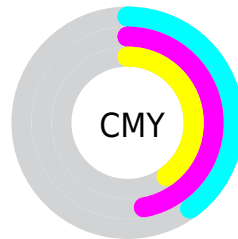


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (1%)

Black (40%)



Cyan (40%)

Magenta (47%)

Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 51.7159, 5.4436, -2.0940 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 51.7159, 5.4436, -2.0940 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 51.7159, 5.4436,
-2.0940

■ 51.7159, 5.4436,
-2.0940

169.2417, 2.9433,
2.1072

■ 41.6928, 5.4444,
-2.3311

■ 73.8084, 5.2368,
-1.4548

■ 32.4159, 5.3672,
-2.5070

■ 85.7976, 5.0470,
-1.0638

■ 23.9520, 5.1968,
-2.6121

■ 98.3738, 4.8057,
-0.6295

■ 16.3885, 4.9133,
-2.6347

111.5106, 4.5168,
-0.1547

■ 9.8488, 4.4856,
-2.5586

125.1851, 4.1836,
0.3583

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

139.3770, 3.8087,

0.9074

0.0000, NaN, NaN

154.0680, 3.3946,
1.4909

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 51.7159, 5.4436,
-2.0940

■ 51.7159, 5.4436,
-2.0940

■ 47.6026, 12.8563,
-6.5334

■ 56.0866, -1.8241,
2.3430

■ 43.7850, 20.3624,
-10.9276

■ 60.6766, -8.9232,
6.7482

■ 40.3134, 27.8472,
-15.1888

■ 65.4588, -15.8562,
11.1109

■ 37.2436, 35.1137,
-19.1817

■ 70.4098, -22.6348,
15.4282

■ 34.6339, 41.8630,
-22.7155

■ 75.5105, -29.2756,
19.7019

■ 32.5377, 47.7035,
-25.5563

■ 80.7451, -35.7963,
23.9364

■ 30.9909, 52.2171,
-27.4725

■ 86.1007, -42.2142,
28.1370

■ 29.9949, 55.0913,
-28.3149

■ 90.0733, -46.7684,
31.0346

■ 29.4500, 56.5559,
-28.4255

■ 90.1083, -46.5604,
30.5252

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



51.7170, 1.7447, -5.6598



51.7159, 5.4436, -2.0940



51.7170, 6.9318, 2.5433

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



51.7170, 5.4423, -2.0930



51.7170, -2.4770, 10.9489



51.7170, -10.7529, -1.5808

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51.7159, 5.4436, -2.0940



54.9373, -10.6960, 7.7136

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



51.7170, -11.7910, 3.0855



51.7159, 5.4436, -2.0940



51.7170, -7.1200, 10.0612

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



51.7170, 5.4423, -2.0930



51.7170, 2.2560, 9.8303



51.7170, -10.4852, 7.2849



51.7170, -7.5962, -5.3453

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51.7159, 5.4436, -2.0940



51.7170, 6.4320, 5.5278



51.7170, -10.4852, 7.2849



51.7170, -11.3560, -0.0531

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51.7170, 5.4423, -2.0930



74.1549, -0.1342, 1.7295



50.3279, 0.9004, -4.9887



35.0768, 0.2679, 0.6195



88.7363, -4.7347, 4.8212



36.4511, -1.9449, 1.9805

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51.7170, 5.4423, -2.0930



68.2303, 9.9103, -4.3752



51.4478, 4.0065, 1.7315



25.1233, 1.7307, -0.4748



26.5882, 51.0697, -25.7382



3.2957, 6.4008, -3.7366

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51.7170, 5.4423, -2.0930



68.2303, 9.9103, -4.3752



55.1783, -9.3452, 4.2637



25.1233, 1.7307, -0.4748



26.5882, 51.0697, -25.7382



3.2957, 6.4008, -3.7366

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 51.7159, 5.4436, -2.0940 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 51.7159, 5.4436, -2.0940 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

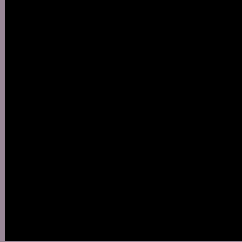
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 51.7159, 5.4436, -2.0940 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 51.7159, 5.4436, -2.0940.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 51.7159, 5.4436, -2.0940.

-2.0940.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

51.7159, 5.4436, -2.0940

Protanopia

51.6703, -0.2245, -3.7483

Deuteranopia

51.6162, 3.7033, -2.2516



Tritanopia

51.7399, 3.8077, 0.3168

Trichromacy



Original Color

51.7159, 5.4436, -2.0940

Protanomaly

51.7862, 1.5517, -3.0642

Deuteranomaly

51.7084, 4.0123, -2.1285

Tritanomaly

51.8011, 4.1348, -0.5525

Monochromacy



Original Color

51.7159, 5.4436, -2.0940

Achromatopsia

52.4097, -2.7964, 2.8475

Achromatomaly

51.9947, 0.3247, 1.0349

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 51.7159, 5.4436, -2.0940 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(154, 136, 152)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(154, 136, 152)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(154, 136, 152) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(154, 136, 152) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 51.7159, 5.4436, -2.0940 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(154, 136, 152) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(154, 136, 152) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(154, 136, 152)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(154, 136, 152); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 136, 152);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 136,  
152) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 51.7159, 5.4436, -2.0940 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(154, 136, 152) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(154,  
136, 152) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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