

Converting Colors

HunterLab(51.7088, -37.0826,
-36.2768)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(51.7088, -37.0826,
-36.2768) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(56.0493,
-19.3682, -28.2463)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00A5CF
RGB	0, 165, 207
RGB Percent	0%, 65%, 81%
CMY	0.9998, 0.3529, 0.1882
CMYK	1.00, 0.20, 0.00, 0.19
HSL	192°, 100%, 41%
HSV	192°, 100%, 81%
XYZ	24.7176, 31.4152, 63.7924
YIQ	120.4530, -111.8220, -21.9180

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

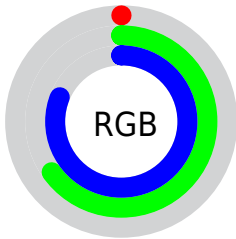
Format	Color
RYB	0, 92, 207
Decimal	42447
CIELab	62.86, -20.75, -31.39
CIELCh	63, 37.630, 236.536
Yxy	31.4163, 0.2061, 0.2620
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278232527 (0xFF00A5CF)
YUV	120.4530, 42.6677, -105.6373
Hunter-Lab	56.0493, -19.3682, -28.2463

Details

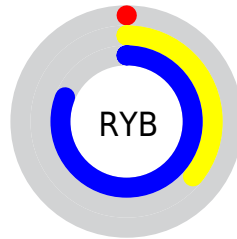
The HunterLab color **56.0493, -19.3682, -28.2463** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0099CC**. The color can be described as dark washed azure. A complement of this color would be **38.6328, 55.1217, 24.7682**, and the grayscale version is **43.3910, -2.3152, 2.3575**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78.2504, -24.8824, -23.9020**, and **37.5197, -10.6026, -24.0083** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **56.0468, -19.3645, -28.2512**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57.5441, -20.6952, -25.7270**.

Distribution



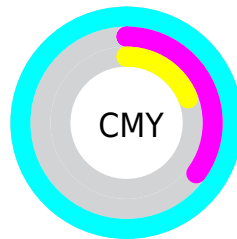
- Red (0%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (81%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (81%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (19%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (19%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 56.0493, -19.3682, -28.2463 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 56.0493, -19.3682, -28.2463 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 56.0493, -19.3682,
-28.2463

■ 56.0493, -19.3682,
-28.2463

175.6280,
-34.1454, -31.2133

■ 45.7341, -17.6054,
-27.6702

■ 78.6733, -22.7674,
-29.2663

■ 36.1423, -15.7793,
-27.0753

■ 90.9077, -24.4259,
-29.6997

■ 27.3344, -13.8619,
-26.5059

■ 103.7177,
-26.0665, -30.0796

■ 19.3877, -11.8087,
-26.0703

■ 117.0786,
-27.6944, -30.4066

■ 12.4080, -9.5383,
-26.0649

■ 130.9686,
-29.3134, -30.6818

■ 5.6245, -9.8428,
-33.5067

145.3681,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-30.9266, -30.9069

0.0000, NaN, -NF

160.2598,
-32.5366, -31.0835

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 56.0493, -19.3682,
-28.2463

■ 56.0493, -19.3682,
-28.2463

■ 56.0468, -19.3645,
-28.2512

■ 57.5441, -20.6952,
-25.7270

■ 59.1844, -21.4889,
-23.0444

■ 61.0063, -21.6153,
-20.1580

■ 63.0186, -21.0456,
-17.0760

■ 65.2240, -19.7810,
-13.8170

■ 67.6206, -17.8437,
-10.4044

■ 70.2037, -15.2704,
-6.8632

■ 72.9667, -12.1062,
-3.2175

■ 75.9013, -8.4007,
0.5103

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



56.0503, -28.5437, -12.0995



56.0493, -19.3682, -28.2463



56.0503, -4.8895, -35.9865

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



56.0503, -19.3678, -28.2453



56.0503, 32.1440, 1.2049



56.0503, -16.4173, 23.8239

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56.0493, -19.3682, -28.2463



38.6328, 55.1217, 24.7682

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



56.0503, -1.0724, 25.5183



56.0493, -19.3682, -28.2463



56.0503, 28.1536, 14.8821

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



56.0503, -19.3678, -28.2453



56.0503, 25.8623, -16.1731



56.0503, 15.5067, 22.7732



56.0503, -26.9829, 17.2182

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56.0493, -19.3682, -28.2463



56.0503, 6.2815, -34.0686



56.0503, 15.5067, 22.7732



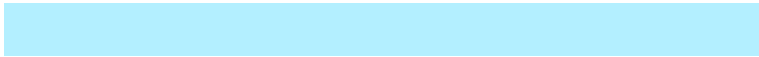
56.0503, -11.7024, 24.8868

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56.0503, -19.3678, -28.2453



88.7445, -19.4718, -8.8642



66.9250, -56.5165, 38.3552



40.4003, -9.6898, -4.9933

0.0000, NaN, NaN



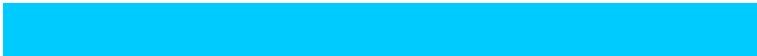
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56.0503, -19.3678, -28.2453



70.7461, -24.2312, -36.1184



28.2227, 32.7878, -106.0492



36.0313, -3.8733, 0.3419



44.6416, -15.5818, -22.1615



11.0452, -4.3417, -4.4330

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39.9791, 75.2537, -26.8408



50.5804, 95.1684, -33.5788



57.8710, 9.2880, 35.8210



34.5922, 2.4362, -0.3784



31.7539, 59.8126, -21.5982



7.5792, 14.3932, -6.0596

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 56.0493, -19.3682, -28.2463 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 56.0493, -19.3682, -28.2463 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

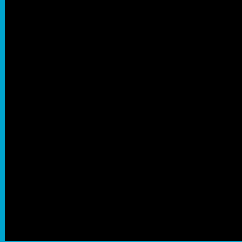
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 56.0493, -19.3682, -28.2463 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 56.0493, -19.3682, -28.2463.



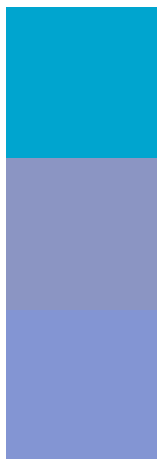
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 56.0493, -19.3682, -28.2463.

-19.3682, -28.2463.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

56.0493, -19.3682, -28.2463

Protanopia

55.6093, 2.9775, -20.7287

Deuteranopia

55.6986, 4.6480, -31.1992



Tritanopia

55.9834, -26.7313, -12.2693

Trichromacy



Original Color

56.0493, -19.3682, -28.2463



Protanomaly

54.4435, -9.8525, -25.4675



Deuteranomaly

54.7127, -7.9161, -32.4986



Tritanomaly

55.9957, -24.3141, -17.5026

Monochromacy



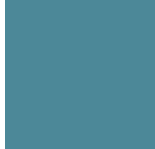
Original Color

56.0493, -19.3682, -28.2463



Achromatopsia

43.3383, -2.3124, 2.3547



Achromatomaly

46.2729, -13.6551, -9.7882

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 56.0493, -19.3682, -28.2463 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 165, 207)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 165, 207)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 165, 207) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 165, 207) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 56.0493, -19.3682, -28.2463 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 165, 207) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 165, 207) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 165, 207)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 165, 207); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 165, 207);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 165,  
207) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 56.0493, -19.3682, -28.2463 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 165, 207) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 165,  
207) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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