

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(51.7189, -26.1974,  
-7.7769)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(51.7189, -26.1974,  
-7.7769) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(51.7251,  
-26.1895, -7.7674)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	059DA2
RGB	5, 157, 162
RGB Percent	2%, 62%, 64%
CMY	0.9803, 0.3843, 0.3647
CMYK	0.97, 0.03, 0.00, 0.36
HSL	182°, 94%, 33%
HSV	182°, 97%, 64%
XYZ	18.6412, 26.7549, 38.3641
YIQ	112.1220, -92.1970, -30.6690

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

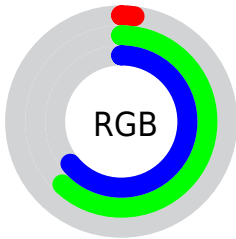
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	5, 82, 162
Decimal	368034
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	58.75, -31.68, -12.39
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	59, 34.017, 201.351
Yxy	26.7558, 0.2226, 0.3194
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278558114 (0xFF059DA2)
YUV	112.1220, 24.5899, -93.9460
Hunter-Lab	51.7251, -26.1895, -7.7674

# Details

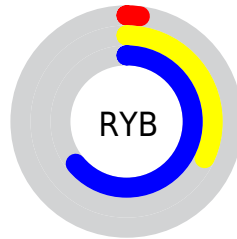
The HunterLab color **51.7251, -26.1895, -7.7674** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009999**. A complement of this color would be **28.1250, 46.2153, 17.8352**, and the grayscale version is **40.2374, -2.1470, 2.1862**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **73.8081, -30.7728, -7.7916**, and **33.5096, -16.7407, -5.7457** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51.6423, -26.2497, -7.8829**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52.0195, -25.9039, -7.3598**.

# Distribution



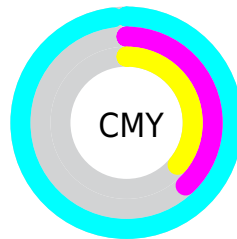
- Red (2%)
- Green (62%)
- Blue (64%)



- Red (2%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Blue (64%)



- Cyan (97%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (36%)



- Cyan (98%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (36%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 51.7251, -26.1895, -7.7674 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 51.7251, -26.1895, -7.7674 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 51.7251, -26.1895,  
-7.7674

■ 51.7251, -26.1895,  
-7.7674

169.2551,  
-45.7859, -5.7121

■ 41.7012, -23.6907,  
-7.7212

■ 73.8186, -30.8876,  
-7.6635

■ 32.4236, -21.0467,  
-7.6028

■ 85.8083, -33.1300,  
-7.5254

■ 23.9590, -18.2005,  
-7.4046

■ 98.3850, -35.3208,  
-7.3354

■ 16.3946, -15.0565,  
-7.1222

■ 111.5223,  
-37.4699, -7.0968

■ 9.8540, -14.5812,  
-6.7667

■ 125.1973,  
-39.5852, -6.8127

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 139.3896,

-41.6732, -6.4858

0.0000, NaN, NaN

154.0810,  
-43.7387, -6.1182

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 51.7251, -26.1895,  
-7.7674

■ 51.7251, -26.1895,  
-7.7674

■ 51.6423, -26.2497,  
-7.8829

■ 52.0195, -25.9039,  
-7.3598

■ 52.4169, -25.2129,  
-6.8075

■ 52.9381, -24.0446,  
-6.0851

■ 53.5941, -22.3668,  
-5.1829

■ 54.3923, -20.1653,  
-4.0976

■ 55.3374, -17.4413,  
-2.8312

■ 56.4315, -14.2091,  
-1.3904

■ 57.6748, -10.4931,  
0.2150

■ 59.0656, -6.3255,  
1.9724

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



51.7261, -27.4750, 6.6361



51.7251, -26.1895, -7.7674



51.7261, -19.0035, -22.3855

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



51.7261, -26.1895, -7.7667



51.7261, 20.7858, -16.5709



51.7261, 1.4839, 22.7290

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51.7251, -26.1895, -7.7674



28.1250, 46.2153, 17.8352

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



51.7261, 15.7675, 19.5023



51.7251, -26.1895, -7.7674



51.7261, 27.6865, -1.3206

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



51.7261, -26.1895, -7.7667



51.7261, 7.7518, -28.3626



51.7261, 25.7557, 11.5474



51.7261, -12.4992, 21.8849



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51.7251, -26.1895, -7.7674



51.7261, -11.3545, -29.0270



51.7261, 25.7557, 11.5474



51.7261, 6.4291, 22.1262

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51.7261, -26.1895, -7.7667



75.6231, -20.3666, -2.4111



50.8824, -43.3503, 30.3388



35.5531, -10.4971, -1.5190



90.9709, -4.8540, 4.9426



38.3822, -2.0480, 2.0854

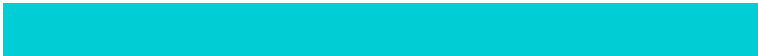


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51.7261, -26.1895, -7.7667



69.5381, -35.3158, -10.6799



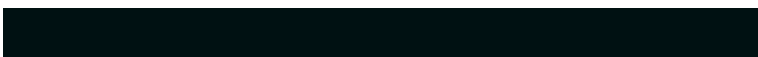
29.1733, 7.1926, -51.3688



28.2354, -3.5362, 0.7414



45.8507, -23.3153, -6.9784



6.7296, -3.4797, -0.8996



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31.9766, 61.4966, -38.3663



42.8352, 83.6362, -52.0070



37.9064, 19.6791, 23.4764



26.8296, 1.9787, -0.7842



28.2248, 55.1197, -34.3496



4.1051, 8.0375, -5.1571



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 51.7251, -26.1895, -7.7674 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 51.7251, -26.1895, -7.7674 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

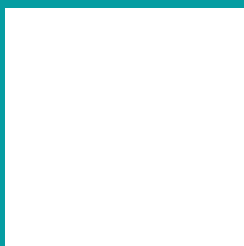
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 51.7251, -26.1895, -7.7674 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 51.7251, -26.1895, -7.7674.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 51.7251,

-26.1895, -7.7674.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

51.7251, -26.1895, -7.7674

### Protanopia

51.5422, -0.9207, -1.9353

### Deuteranopia

51.3763, 3.8433, -9.9082



## Tritanopia

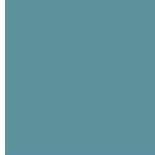
51.7916, -23.7618, -11.4729

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

51.7251, -26.1895, -7.7674



## Protanomaly

50.1483, -14.7564, -6.0206



## Deuteranomaly

49.9384, -11.6920, -11.6962



## Tritanomaly

51.6142, -24.6678, -10.0689

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

51.7251, -26.1895, -7.7674



## Achromatopsia

40.2529, -2.1478, 2.1870



## Achromatomaly

42.9727, -14.9883, -2.9211

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 51.7251, -26.1895, -7.7674 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(5, 157, 162)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(5, 157, 162)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(5, 157, 162) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(5, 157, 162) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 51.7251, -26.1895, -7.7674 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(5, 157, 162) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(5, 157, 162) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(5, 157, 162)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(5, 157, 162); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(5, 157, 162);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(5, 157,  
162) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 51.7251, -26.1895, -7.7674 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(5, 157, 162) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(5, 157,  
162) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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