

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(51.7244, 1.7380,  
-6.2195)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(51.7244, 1.7380, -6.2195)  
contains.

<b>HunterLab(51.7244, 1.7380, -6.2195)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(51.7244, 1.7380,  
-6.2195)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	8E8BA0
RGB	142, 139, 160
RGB Percent	56%, 55%, 63%
CMY	0.4431, 0.4549, 0.3725
CMYK	0.11, 0.13, 0.00, 0.37
HSL	249°, 10%, 59%
HSV	249°, 13%, 63%
XYZ	26.7332, 26.7541, 37.0128
YIQ	142.2910, -4.9530, 7.1670

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

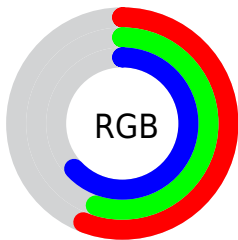
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	142, 139, 160
Decimal	9341856
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	58.75, 5.42, -10.71
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	59, 11.999, 296.826
Yxy	26.7553, 0.2954, 0.2956
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287531936 (0xFF8E8BA0)
YUV	142.2910, 8.7305, -0.2552
Hunter-Lab	51.7244, 1.7380, -6.2195

# Details

The HunterLab color  $51.7244, 1.7380, -6.2195$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $999999$ . A complement of this color would be  $58.4590, -7.2300, 11.1209$ , and the grayscale version is  $52.0945, -2.7796, 2.8304$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $73.7166, 1.4638, -6.2588$ , and  $32.4410, 2.3577, -6.4108$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $46.1695, 5.7047, -14.1601$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $57.4645, -2.0235, 1.0593$ .

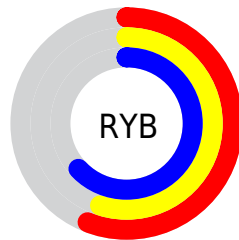
# Distribution



Red (56%)

Green (55%)

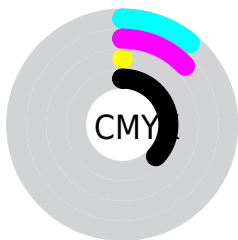
Blue (63%)



Red (56%)

Yellow (55%)

Blue (63%)

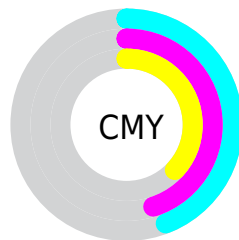


Cyan (11%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (37%)



Cyan (44%)

Magenta (45%)

Yellow (37%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 51.7244, 1.7380, -6.2195 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 51.7244, 1.7380, -6.2195 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 51.7244, 1.7380,  
-6.2195

■ 51.7244, 1.7380,  
-6.2195

169.2543, -2.4206,  
-3.6157

■ 41.7007, 1.9714,  
-6.2435

■ 73.8179, 1.1055,  
-5.9805

■ 32.4231, 2.1427,  
-6.1971

■ 85.8077, 0.7181,  
-5.7781

■ 23.9585, 2.2410,  
-6.0710

■ 98.3843, 0.2879,  
-5.5256

■ 16.3942, 2.2517,  
-5.8573

111.5215, -0.1824,  
-5.2265

■ 9.8537, 2.1512,  
-5.5553

125.1965, -0.6903,  
-4.8836

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

139.3888, -1.2337,

-4.4994

0.0000, NaN, NaN

154.0802, -1.8110,  
-4.0761

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 51.7244, 1.7380,  
-6.2195

■ 51.7244, 1.7380,  
-6.2195

■ 46.1695, 5.7047,  
-14.1601

■ 57.4645, -2.0235,  
1.0593

■ 40.8289, 9.9421,  
-22.9635

■ 63.3626, -5.6258,  
7.8248

■ 35.7480, 14.5237,  
-32.8785

■ 69.4016, -9.1082,  
14.1929

■ 30.9897, 19.5249,  
-44.1924

■ 75.5670, -12.4997,  
20.2508

■ 26.6448, 24.9819,  
-57.1504

■ 81.8474, -15.8227,  
26.0649

■ 22.8422, 30.7875,  
-71.7116

■ 88.2335, -19.0943,  
31.6864

■ 19.7555, 36.4799,  
-87.0024

■ 94.7174, -22.3279,  
37.1550

■ 17.5757, 41.0387,  
-100.6448

■ 97.3151, -19.6167,  
39.3589

■ 16.4877, 43.6291,  
-108.6732

■ 97.6310, -18.4730,  
39.6391

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



51.7255, -3.3044, -7.3899



51.7244, 1.7380, -6.2195



51.7255, 5.7027, -2.5525

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



51.7255, 1.7369, -6.2185



51.7255, 2.7124, 10.0300



51.7255, -12.1931, 3.3293

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51.7244, 1.7380, -6.2195



58.4590, -7.2300, 11.1209

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



51.7255, -10.7165, 7.6636



51.7244, 1.7380, -6.2195



51.7255, -2.2188, 11.2895

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



51.7255, 1.7369, -6.2185



51.7255, 6.2810, 6.8504



51.7255, -7.1136, 10.4665



51.7255, -11.2249, -1.5730



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51.7244, 1.7380, -6.2195



51.7255, 7.1346, 0.6445



51.7255, -7.1136, 10.4665



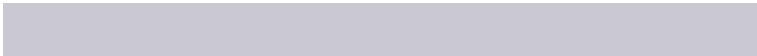
51.7255, -11.9676, 4.8965

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51.7255, 1.7369, -6.2185



76.6848, -2.2534, 0.5246



56.7534, -7.8428, 0.0892



35.6495, -0.8879, -0.0745



89.8524, -4.7943, 4.8819



37.4146, -1.9963, 2.0328



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51.7255, 1.7369, -6.2185



67.2856, 4.0095, -11.6794



52.6392, 4.8093, -4.9399



25.4528, 0.1199, -1.5672



14.5944, 38.5400, -95.5809



2.2237, 5.3979, -10.8861



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53.2676, 6.6973, -2.5656



69.8973, 12.3039, -5.3441



57.6036, -10.2889, 10.1724



25.9582, 1.7689, -0.4028



26.9019, 51.3312, -23.3981

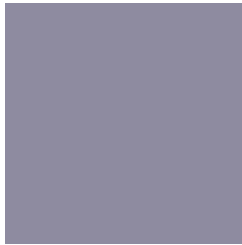


3.6531, 7.0597, -3.8687



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 51.7244, 1.7380, -6.2195 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 51.7244, 1.7380, -6.2195 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

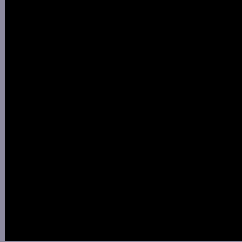
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 51.7244, 1.7380, -6.2195 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 51.7244, 1.7380, -6.2195.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 51.7244, 1.7380, -6.2195.

-6.2195.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

51.7244, 1.7380, -6.2195

### Protanopia

51.7036, 0.2895, -6.8010

### Deuteranopia

51.7938, 3.4039, -6.0964



## Tritanopia

51.6584, -0.4580, -2.2706

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

51.7244, 1.7380, -6.2195

## Protanomaly

51.7864, 0.5724, -6.6832

## Deuteranomaly

51.7057, 3.1075, -6.2208

## Tritanomaly

51.7547, 0.0646, -3.6333

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

51.7244, 1.7380, -6.2195

## Achromatopsia

52.0094, -2.7751, 2.8258

## Achromatomaly

51.9331, -1.1570, -0.4811

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 51.7244, 1.7380, -6.2195 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(142, 139, 160)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(142, 139, 160)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(142, 139, 160) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(142, 139, 160) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 51.7244, 1.7380, -6.2195 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(142, 139, 160) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(142, 139, 160) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(142, 139, 160)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(142, 139, 160); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 139, 160);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 139,  
160) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 51.7244, 1.7380, -6.2195 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(142, 139, 160) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(142,  
139, 160) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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