

Converting Colors

HunterLab(51.7476, -2.0217,
0.9717)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(51.7476, -2.0217, 0.9717)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(51.7270, -2.1117,
1.1322)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8D8D91
RGB	141, 141, 145
RGB Percent	55%, 55%, 57%
CMY	0.4471, 0.4470, 0.4314
CMYK	0.03, 0.03, 0.00, 0.43
HSL	240°, 2%, 56%
HSV	240°, 3%, 57%
XYZ	25.6202, 26.7568, 30.6023
YIQ	141.4560, -1.2840, 1.2440

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

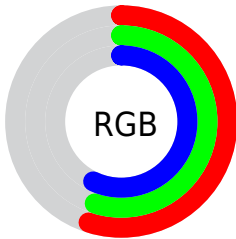
Format	Color
R _Y B	141, 141, 145
Decimal	9276817
CIE Lab	58.75, 0.79, -2.13
CIE LCh	59, 2.272, 290.438
Yxy	26.7580, 0.3088, 0.3225
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287466897 (0xFF8D8D91)
YUV	141.4560, 1.7472, -0.3999
Hunter-Lab	51.7270, -2.1117, 1.1322

Details

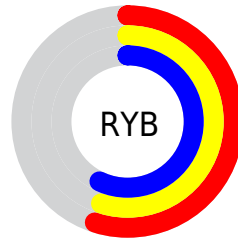
The HunterLab color $51.7270, -2.1117, 1.1322$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $53.0974, -3.4636, 4.5190$, and the grayscale version is $51.7865, -2.7632, 2.8137$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $73.9972, -3.2628, 2.2460$, and $32.4539, -1.1275, 0.1993$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $46.4448, 0.6437, -5.5671$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $57.1581, -4.6876, 7.3508$.

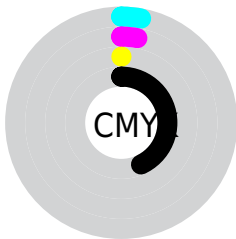
Distribution



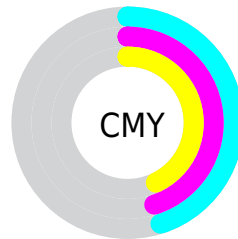
- Red (55%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (57%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (43%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (43%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 51.7270, -2.1117, 1.1322 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 51.7270, -2.1117, 1.1322 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 51.7270, -2.1117,
1.1322

■ 51.7270, -2.1117,
1.1322

169.2582, -8.0766,
6.7375

■ 41.7032, -1.6222,
0.7000

■ 73.8209, -3.2115,
2.1304

■ 32.4254, -1.1751,
0.3163

■ 85.8108, -3.8144,
2.6884

■ 23.9606, -0.7760,
-0.0121

■ 98.3875, -4.4504,
3.2826

■ 16.3960, -0.4313,
-0.2766

111.5249, -5.1178,
3.9111

■ 9.8552, -0.1505,
-0.4643

125.2000, -5.8153,
4.5723

0.0000, NaN, NaN

139.3924, -6.5417,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

5.2645

0.0000, NaN, NaN

154.0840, -7.2958,
5.9867

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 51.7270, -2.1117,
1.1322

■ 51.7270, -2.1117,
1.1322

■ 46.4448, 0.6437,
-5.5671

■ 57.1581, -4.6876,
7.3508

■ 41.3304, 3.6385,
-12.8978

■ 62.7176, -7.1230,
13.1971

■ 36.4154, 6.9466,
-21.0553

■ 68.3935, -9.4508,
18.7555

■ 31.7421, 10.6638,
-30.2913

■ 74.1752, -11.6950,
24.0890

■ 27.3714, 14.9021,
-40.9002

■ 80.0540, -13.8740,
29.2458

■ 23.3924, 19.7575,
-53.1376

■ 86.0229, -16.0020,
34.2632

■ 19.9344, 25.2060,
-66.9511

■ 92.0759, -18.0900,
39.1702

■ 17.1737, 30.8640,
-81.3613

■ 97.3778, -19.8964,
43.3448

■ 15.3035, 35.7068,
-93.7313

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



51.7281, -3.0709, 1.0434



51.7270, -2.1117, 1.1322



51.7281, -1.3236, 1.6780

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



51.7281, -2.1129, 1.1331



51.7281, -1.5749, 4.1590



51.7281, -4.5812, 3.1083

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51.7270, -2.1117, 1.1322



53.0974, -3.4636, 4.5190

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



51.7281, -4.1866, 3.9281



51.7270, -2.1117, 1.1322



51.7281, -2.4540, 4.5274

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



51.7281, -2.1129, 1.1331



51.7281, -1.0114, 3.4287



51.7281, -3.4096, 4.4437



51.7281, -4.4913, 2.1951

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51.7270, -2.1117, 1.1322



51.7281, -1.0016, 2.2208



51.7281, -3.4096, 4.4437



51.7281, -4.5009, 3.4036

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51.7281, -2.1129, 1.1331



70.4728, -3.4419, 3.0038



52.8737, -4.0243, 2.5009



33.2614, -1.6343, 1.4432



85.4018, -4.5568, 4.6400



33.5864, -1.7921, 1.8248

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51.7281, -2.1129, 1.1331



69.0055, -2.7193, 1.2541



51.8924, -1.5408, 1.3416



24.3089, -0.8875, 0.2592



13.2485, 35.8899, -94.0355



1.2986, 3.4954, -9.1687

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51.9549, -1.5583, 3.2285



69.3428, -1.8953, 4.3707



52.9339, -4.0389, 4.3212



24.4523, -0.5377, 1.5849



22.7234, 38.9153, 14.6773



2.2221, 3.8058, 1.4324

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 51.7270, -2.1117, 1.1322 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 51.7270, -2.1117, 1.1322 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

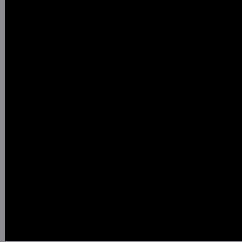
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

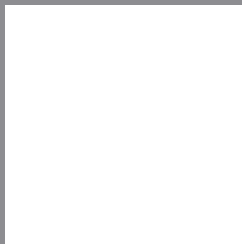
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 51.7270, -2.1117, 1.1322 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 51.7270, -2.1117, 1.1322.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 51.7270, -2.1117, 1.1322.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

51.7270, -2.1117, 1.1322

Protanopia

51.6141, -1.0416, 1.0142

Deuteranopia

51.7097, 3.6459, 0.7465



Tritanopia

51.7120, -0.3371, -1.7098

Trichromacy



Original Color

51.7270, -2.1117, 1.1322

Protanomaly

51.5279, -1.3386, 0.9045

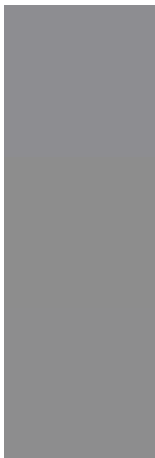
Deuteranomaly

51.6157, 1.9081, 0.6014

Tritanomaly

51.6497, -0.6759, -0.8254

Monochromacy



Original Color

51.7270, -2.1117, 1.1322

Achromatopsia

51.6097, -2.7538, 2.8041

Achromatomaly

51.6386, -2.5951, 2.3910

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 51.7270, -2.1117, 1.1322 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(141, 141, 145)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(141, 141, 145)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(141, 141, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(141, 141, 145) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 51.7270, -2.1117, 1.1322 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(141, 141, 145) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(141, 141, 145) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(141, 141, 145)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(141, 141, 145); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 141, 145);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 141,  
145) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 51.7270, -2.1117, 1.1322 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(141, 141, 145) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(141,  
141, 145) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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