

Converting Colors

HunterLab(51.7521, -2.3161,
3.4241)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(51.7521, -2.3161, 3.4241)
contains.

HunterLab(51.7521, -2.3161, 3.4241)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(51.7521, -2.3161,
3.4241)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8F8D8C
RGB	143, 141, 140
RGB Percent	56%, 55%, 55%
CMY	0.4392, 0.4470, 0.4510
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.02, 0.44
HSL	20°, 1%, 55%
HSV	20°, 2%, 56%
XYZ	25.5861, 26.7828, 28.6320
YIQ	141.4840, 1.5130, 0.1130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

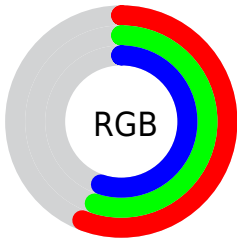
Format	Color
R_{YB}	143, 142, 140
Decimal	9407884
CIE Lab	58.77, 0.55, 0.79
CIE LCh	59, 0.957, 55.245
Yxy	26.7840, 0.3159, 0.3307
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287597964 (0xFF8F8D8C)
YUV	141.4840, -0.7316, 1.3295
Hunter-Lab	51.7521, -2.3161, 3.4241

Details

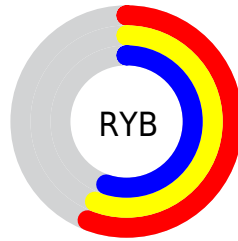
The HunterLab color $51.7521, -2.3161, 3.4241$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $51.8693, -3.2024, 2.2008$, and the grayscale version is $51.8064, -2.7643, 2.8147$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $73.9938, -3.6440, 5.1044$, and $32.4769, -1.3188, 2.3302$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $48.6835, 0.0718, 6.0837$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $54.9212, -4.5372, 0.6169$.

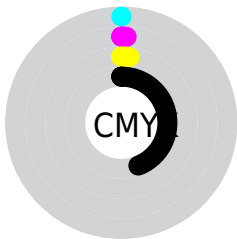
Distribution



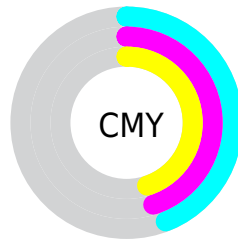
- Red (56%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 51.7521, -2.3161, 3.4241 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 51.7521, -2.3161, 3.4241 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 51.7521, -2.3161,
3.4241

■ 51.7521, -2.3161,
3.4241

■ 169.2955, -8.3795,
10.1206

■ 41.7265, -1.8127,
2.8365

■ 73.8492, -3.4415,
4.7050

■ 32.4468, -1.3503,
2.2853

■ 85.8405, -4.0562,
5.3933

■ 23.9800, -0.9346,
1.7737

■ 98.4186, -4.7034,
6.1119

■ 16.4131, -0.5713,
1.3050

■ 111.5574, -5.3816,
6.8595

■ 9.8697, -0.2691,
0.8828

■ 125.2337, -6.0894,
7.6351

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 139.4274, -6.8257,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

8.4377

0.0000, NaN, NaN

154.1201, -7.5894,
9.2665

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 51.7521, -2.3161,
3.4241

■ 51.7521, -2.3161,
3.4241

■ 48.6835, 0.0718,
6.0837

■ 54.9212, -4.5372,
0.6169

■ 45.7228, 2.6473,
8.5687

■ 58.1781, -6.6045,
-2.3203

■ 42.8839, 5.4250,
10.8499

■ 61.5158, -8.5352,
-5.3705

■ 40.1814, 8.4171,
12.8910

■ 64.9275, -10.3439,
-8.5203

■ 37.6322, 11.6293,
14.6494

■ 68.4073, -12.0438,
-11.7589

■ 35.2553, 15.0549,
16.0768

■ 71.9499, -13.6468,
-15.0774

■ 33.0715, 18.6687,
17.1223

■ 75.5509, -15.1633,
-18.4683

■ 31.1030, 22.4180,
17.7394

■ 79.2063, -16.6026,
-21.9253

■ 29.3712, 26.2147,
17.8997

■ 82.3596, -21.1044,
-17.7272

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



51.7532, -2.0545, 3.1335



51.7521, -2.3161, 3.4241



51.7532, -2.6993, 3.5534

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



51.7532, -2.3174, 3.4249



51.7532, -3.5417, 2.8787



51.7532, -2.4300, 2.1392

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51.7521, -2.3161, 3.4241



51.8693, -3.2024, 2.2008

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



51.7532, -2.8290, 2.0697



51.7521, -2.3161, 3.4241



51.7532, -3.4701, 2.4986

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



51.7532, -2.3174, 3.4249



51.7532, -3.4055, 3.2396



51.7532, -3.2095, 2.2017



51.7532, -2.1197, 2.3909

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51.7521, -2.3161, 3.4241



51.7532, -2.9698, 3.5301



51.7532, -3.2095, 2.2017



51.7532, -2.5583, 2.0937

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51.7532, -2.3174, 3.4249



69.7074, -3.4314, 4.1878



51.5259, -1.5244, 2.2756



33.3943, -1.6527, 1.9940



85.4018, -4.5568, 4.6400



33.5864, -1.7921, 1.8248

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51.7532, -2.3174, 3.4249



68.8544, -2.8026, 4.9361



52.1810, -3.0289, 3.9091



24.6913, -0.9407, 1.8562



26.5569, 27.1954, 16.8404



3.2382, 1.1411, 2.0154

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51.8693, -3.2024, 2.2008



69.0810, -4.5307, 2.5460



51.4409, -2.4913, 1.7019



24.7890, -1.6857, 0.8259



30.1054, -5.0219, -26.7884



3.5684, -1.3827, -1.4753

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 51.7521, -2.3161, 3.4241 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 51.7521, -2.3161, 3.4241 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

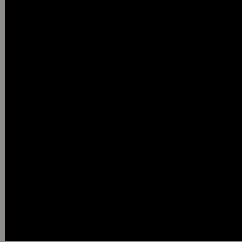
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 51.7521, -2.3161, 3.4241 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 51.7521, -2.3161, 3.4241.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 51.7521, -2.3161, 3.4241.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

51.7521, -2.3161, 3.4241

Protanopia

51.8387, -2.0160, 3.5302

Deuteranopia

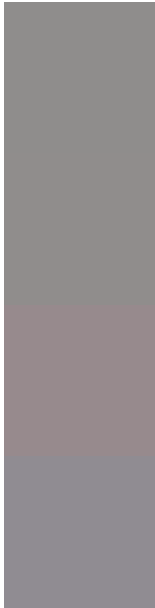
51.7523, 3.4944, 3.0811



Tritanopia

51.6595, 0.8672, -1.2687

Trichromacy



Original Color

51.7521, -2.3161, 3.4241

Protanomaly

51.8387, -2.0160, 3.5302

Deuteranomaly

51.6521, 1.7364, 2.9326

Tritanomaly

51.7308, -0.5799, 0.6983

Monochromacy



Original Color

51.7521, -2.3161, 3.4241

Achromatopsia

51.6097, -2.7538, 2.8041

Achromatomaly

51.6949, -2.4575, 2.9095

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 51.7521, -2.3161, 3.4241 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(143, 141, 140)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(143, 141, 140)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(143, 141, 140) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(143, 141, 140) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 51.7521, -2.3161, 3.4241 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(143, 141, 140) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(143, 141, 140) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(143, 141, 140)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(143, 141, 140); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 141, 140);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 141,  
140) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 51.7521, -2.3161, 3.4241 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(143, 141, 140) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(143,  
141, 140) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor