

Converting Colors

HunterLab(51.8997, -10.1162,
-0.1558)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(51.8997, -10.1162,
-0.1558) contains.

| | |
|--|----|
| HunterLab(51.9602, -10.1153, -0.1287) | 3 |
| <i>Conversions</i> | 4 |
| <i>Details</i> | 6 |
| <i>Harmonies</i> | 12 |
| <i>Previews</i> | 24 |
| <i>Color Blindness Simulation</i> | 28 |
| <i>CSS Examples</i> | 31 |

Color

**HunterLab(51.9602,
-10.1153, -0.1287)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex | 789394 |
| RGB | 120, 147, 148 |
| RGB Percent | 47%, 58%, 58% |
| CMY | 0.5294, 0.4235, 0.4196 |
| CMYK | 0.19, 0.01, 0.00, 0.42 |
| HSL | 182°, 12%, 53% |
| HSV | 182°, 19%, 58% |
| XYZ | 23.5247, 26.9986, 31.9884 |
| YIQ | 139.0410, -16.4130, -5.4130 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

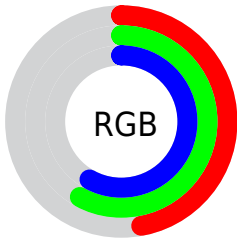
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 120, 134, 148 |
| Decimal | 7902100 |
| CIE _{Lab} | 58.97, -9.23, -3.69 |
| CIE _{LCh} | 59, 9.942, 201.794 |
| Yxy | 26.9997, 0.2851, 0.3272 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4286092180 (0xFF789394) |
| YUV | 139.0410, 4.4168, -16.6990 |
| Hunter-Lab | 51.9602, -10.1153, -0.1287 |

Details

The HunterLab color $51.9602, -10.1153, -0.1287$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669999 . A complement of this color would be $46.1809, 5.9214, 5.7461$, and the grayscale version is $50.8166, -2.7114, 2.7610$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $74.1092, -12.1972, 0.7486$, and $32.5091, -7.8085, -0.7306$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $50.8511, -13.3536, -1.5666$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $53.2029, -6.4715, 1.4471$.

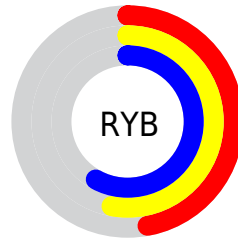
Distribution



Red (47%)

Green (58%)

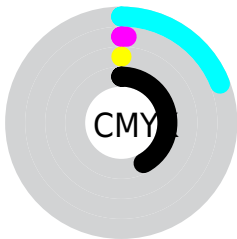
Blue (58%)



Red (47%)

Yellow (53%)

Blue (58%)

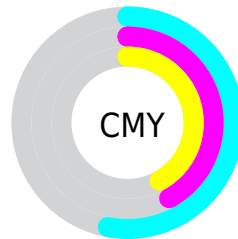


Cyan (19%)

Magenta (1%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (42%)



Cyan (53%)

Magenta (42%)

Yellow (42%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 51.9602, -10.1153, -0.1287 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 51.9602, -10.1153, -0.1287 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 51.9602, -10.1153,
-0.1287

■ 51.9602, -10.1153,
-0.1287

169.6042,
-20.1202, 4.9140

■ 41.9202, -9.0425,
-0.4822

■ 74.0834, -12.2693,
0.7250

■ 32.6250, -7.9627,
-0.7817

■ 86.0867, -13.3560,
1.2160

■ 24.1411, -6.8663,
-1.0191

■ 98.6763, -14.4525,
1.7462

■ 16.5551, -5.7345,
-1.1840

111.8260,
-15.5601, 2.3132

■ 9.9896, -4.6355,
-1.2609

125.5130,
-16.6801, 2.9151

0.0000, NaN, -NF

139.7168,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-17.8131, 3.5502

0.0000, NaN, NaN

154.4193,
-18.9596, 4.2169

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 51.9602, -10.1153,
-0.1287

■ 51.9602, -10.1153,
-0.1287

■ 50.8511, -13.3536,
-1.5666

■ 53.2029, -6.4715,
1.4471

■ 49.8736, -16.1564,
-2.8583

■ 54.5734, -2.4519,
3.1460

■ 49.0285, -18.5042,
-3.9942

■ 56.0692, 1.9076,
4.9561

■ 48.3136, -20.3857,
-4.9690

■ 57.6860, 6.5714,
6.8643

■ 47.7246, -21.8016,
-5.7810

■ 59.4188, 11.5040,
8.8583

■ 47.2547, -22.7662,
-6.4337

■ 61.2626, 16.6721,
10.9263

■ 46.8936, -23.3103,
-6.9364

■ 63.2119, 22.0443,
13.0576

■ 46.6136, -23.5387,
-7.3257

■ 65.2612, 27.5924,
15.2428

■ 46.5841, -23.5600,
-7.3667

■ 67.4052, 33.2910,
17.4732

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



51.9613, -10.5854, 3.9210



51.9602, -10.1153, -0.1287



51.9613, -7.7123, -3.6283

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



51.9613, -10.1161, -0.1279



51.9613, 3.7737, -2.1898



51.9613, -1.6089, 9.9205

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51.9602, -10.1153, -0.1287



46.1809, 5.9214, 5.7461

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



51.9613, 2.3532, 8.5500



51.9602, -10.1153, -0.1287



51.9613, 5.5252, 1.7115

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



51.9613, -10.1161, -0.1279



51.9613, 0.2800, -4.8835



51.9613, 4.9971, 5.6206



51.9613, -5.7616, 9.5139

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51.9602, -10.1153, -0.1287



51.9613, -5.2930, -5.0740



51.9613, 4.9971, 5.6206



51.9613, -0.2088, 9.6565

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51.9613, -10.1161, -0.1279



71.1626, -7.1501, 2.5379



51.5288, -14.7167, 10.7046



33.9516, -3.5596, 1.1517



86.5109, -4.6160, 4.7003



34.5370, -1.8428, 1.8765

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51.9613, -10.1161, -0.1279



68.3296, -15.4595, -1.0610



47.8801, -3.6809, -5.2550



25.5483, -3.1621, 0.6730



43.0632, -21.7864, -6.7946



4.8568, -2.5216, -0.6271

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46.7290, 10.6517, -6.0448



59.8012, 18.5730, -10.9440



49.9618, -0.7657, 9.6853



24.3016, 1.7380, -0.6664



26.5809, 51.8697, -32.0415



2.9560, 5.7914, -3.7428

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 51.9602, -10.1153, -0.1287 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 51.9602, -10.1153, -0.1287 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

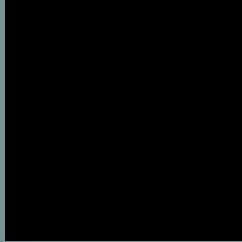
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

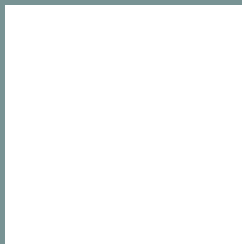
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 51.9602, -10.1153, -0.1287 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 51.9602, -10.1153, -0.1287.



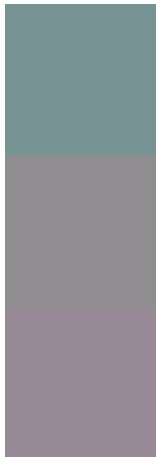
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 51.9602,

-10.1153, -0.1287.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

51.9602, -10.1153, -0.1287

Protanopia

51.8681, -1.6825, 1.7703

Deuteranopia

51.6456, 3.6758, -1.2370



Tritanopia

52.0861, -7.5634, -4.3472

Trichromacy



Original Color

51.9602, -10.1153, -0.1287

Protanomaly

51.8075, -4.7854, 1.1827

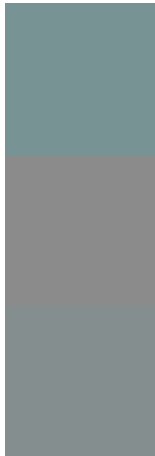
Deuteranomaly

51.7640, -1.7408, -0.7015

Tritanomaly

51.9190, -8.3561, -3.0662

Monochromacy



Original Color

51.9602, -10.1153, -0.1287

Achromatopsia

50.8117, -2.7112, 2.7607

Achromatomaly

51.1904, -5.6472, 1.8040

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 51.9602, -10.1153, -0.1287 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(120, 147, 148)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(120, 147, 148)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(120, 147, 148) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(120, 147, 148) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 51.9602, -10.1153, -0.1287 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(120, 147, 148) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(120, 147, 148) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(120, 147, 148)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(120, 147, 148); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 147, 148);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 147,  
148) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 51.9602, -10.1153, -0.1287 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(120, 147, 148) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(120,  
147, 148) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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