

Converting Colors

HunterLab(51.9034, 5.1531,
-75.9988)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(51.9034, 5.1531,
-75.9988) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(51.8314, 5.2839,
-76.1912)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	008FFF
RGB	0, 143, 255
RGB Percent	0%, 56%, 100%
CMY	0.9997, 0.4392, 0.0000
CMYK	1.00, 0.44, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	206°, 100%, 50%
HSV	206°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	27.8725, 26.8649, 98.3242
YIQ	113.0110, -121.1800, 4.5160

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R _{YB}	0, 92, 255
Decimal	36863
CIE _{Lab}	58.85, 9.56, -64.26
CIE _{LCh}	59, 64.970, 278.464
Y _{xy}	26.8657, 0.1821, 0.1755
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278226943 (0xFF008FFF)
YUV	113.0110, 70.0006, -99.1106
Hunter-Lab	51.8314, 5.2839, -76.1912

Details

The HunterLab color **51.8314, 5.2839, -76.1912** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3399FF**. The color can be described as dark saturated azure. A complement of this color would be **57.3281, 46.1513, 36.1310**, and the grayscale version is **40.4228, -2.1569, 2.1962**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **70.8129, -11.8206, -35.7853**, and **34.6938, 11.7313, -68.6888** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51.8220, 5.3010, -76.2163**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **55.3287, 0.1359, -67.2855**.

Distribution



- Red (0%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 51.8314, 5.2839, -76.1912 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 51.8314, 5.2839, -76.1912 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 51.8314, 5.2839,
-76.1912

■ 51.8314, 5.2839,
-76.1912

169.4125, 2.7128,
-82.9989

■ 41.7999, 5.2976,
-76.1185

■ 73.9380, 5.0607,
-77.2546

■ 32.5144, 5.2315,
-76.6854

■ 85.9338, 4.8621,
-78.0084

■ 24.0410, 5.0731,
-78.4499

■ 98.5163, 4.6124,
-78.8258

■ 16.4669, 4.8029,
-82.6970

■ 111.6592, 4.3156,
-79.6724

■ 9.9151, 4.3901,
-93.0619

■ 125.3396, 3.9746,
-80.5257

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

139.5371, 3.5924,

-81.3707

0.0000, NaN, -NF

154.2335, 3.1711,
-82.1974

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 51.8314, 5.2839,
-76.1912

■ 51.8314, 5.2839,
-76.1912

■ 51.8220, 5.3010,
-76.2163

■ 55.3287, 0.1359,
-67.2855

■ 59.1466, -4.0727,
-58.4625

■ 63.3015, -7.2283,
-49.7327

■ 67.7762, -9.3598,
-41.1625

■ 72.5473, -10.5390,
-32.8004

■ 77.5898, -10.8566,
-24.6738

■ 82.8795, -10.4075,
-16.7924

■ 88.3939, -9.2826,
-9.1525

■ 94.1127, -7.5650,
-1.7425

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



51.8321, -20.8643, -69.6388



51.8314, 5.2839, -76.1912



51.8321, 34.5894, -54.3981

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



51.8321, 5.2851, -76.1893



51.8321, 45.7334, 25.4402



51.8321, -43.5069, 18.1558

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51.8314, 5.2839, -76.1912



57.3281, 46.1513, 36.1310

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



51.8321, -31.8475, 28.8432



51.8314, 5.2839, -76.1912



51.8321, 18.2108, 31.2527

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



51.8321, 5.2851, -76.1893



51.8321, 60.9409, 9.7222



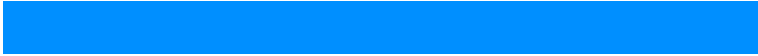
51.8321, -10.3583, 32.0485



51.8321, -45.5443, -5.1818

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51.8314, 5.2839, -76.1912



51.8321, 50.7280, -31.1829



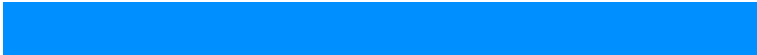
51.8321, -10.3583, 32.0485



51.8321, -40.7214, 22.9049

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51.8321, 5.2851, -76.1893



82.8634, -10.4098, -16.8154



85.2397, -68.3269, 40.9591



37.2915, -4.9438, -9.3033

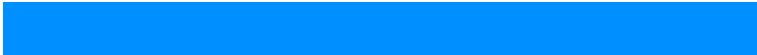
0.0000, NaN, NaN



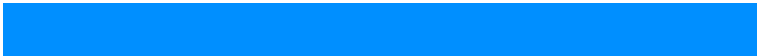
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51.8321, 5.2851, -76.1893



51.8220, 5.3010, -76.2163



27.6108, 69.6807, -184.9219



43.6662, -3.4568, -0.6489



37.8617, 3.1056, -54.0280



12.7024, -0.5687, -14.6493

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48.2129, 86.6706, -0.7316



48.2102, 86.6728, -0.7189



90.7812, -17.6567, 55.6284



42.6118, 2.6568, 0.7307



34.8928, 62.8109, -1.1413



10.9883, 19.9627, -1.7743

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 51.8314, 5.2839, -76.1912 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

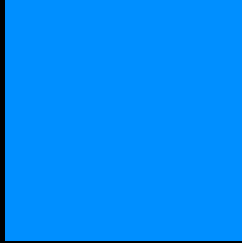
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 51.8314, 5.2839, -76.1912 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

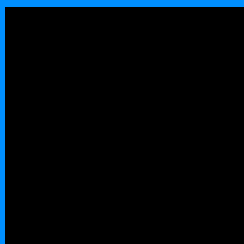
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

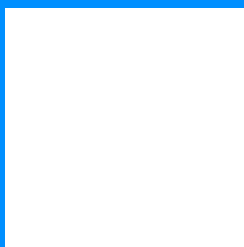
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 51.8314, 5.2839, -76.1912 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 51.8314, 5.2839, -76.1912.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 51.8314, 5.2839, -76.1912.

-76.1912.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

51.8314, 5.2839, -76.1912

Protanopia

51.7741, 13.0634, -70.5011

Deuteranopia

51.7694, 4.9536, -75.4007



Tritanopia

51.5431, -24.8739, -10.7288

Trichromacy



Original Color

51.8314, 5.2839, -76.1912

Protanomaly

51.2553, 8.7767, -73.8368

Deuteranomaly

51.7694, 4.9536, -75.4007

Tritanomaly

51.2413, -15.2107, -31.2116

Monochromacy



Original Color

51.8314, 5.2839, -76.1912

Achromatopsia

40.6365, -2.1683, 2.2079

Achromatomaly

43.0228, -6.1198, -22.6535

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 51.8314, 5.2839, -76.1912 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 143, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 143, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 143, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 143, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 51.8314, 5.2839, -76.1912 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 143, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 143, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 143, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 143, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 143, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 143,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 51.8314, 5.2839, -76.1912 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 143, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 143,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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