

Converting Colors

HunterLab(51.9305, -6.0210,
2.6709)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(51.9305, -6.0210, 2.6709)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(51.9306, -6.0214,
2.6761)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	86908E
RGB	134, 144, 142
RGB Percent	53%, 56%, 56%
CMY	0.4745, 0.4353, 0.4431
CMYK	0.07, 0.00, 0.01, 0.44
HSL	168°, 4%, 55%
HSV	168°, 7%, 56%
XYZ	24.6873, 26.9679, 29.4954
YIQ	140.7820, -5.3180, -2.7420

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

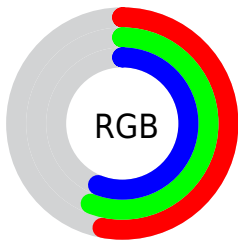
Format	Color
R_{YB}	134, 140, 144
Decimal	8818830
CIE _{Lab}	58.95, -4.02, -0.19
CIE _{LCh}	59, 4.025, 182.738
Yxy	26.9690, 0.3042, 0.3323
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287008910 (0xFF86908E)
YUV	140.7820, 0.6005, -5.9478
Hunter-Lab	51.9306, -6.0214, 2.6761

Details

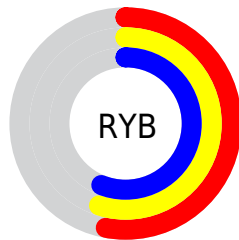
The HunterLab color $51.9306, -6.0214, 2.6761$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $49.7572, 0.7149, 2.9160$, and the grayscale version is $51.5228, -2.7491, 2.7993$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $74.1205, -7.7301, 3.7622$, and $32.6541, -4.7187, 1.6544$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $50.7737, -10.3397, 2.5295$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $53.2182, -1.3591, 2.9769$.

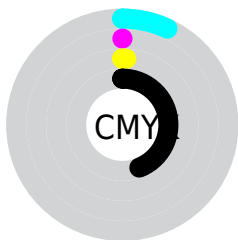
Distribution



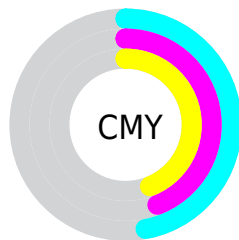
- Red (53%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 51.9306, -6.0214, 2.6761 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 51.9306, -6.0214, 2.6761 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 51.9306, -6.0214,
2.6761

■ 51.9306, -6.0214,
2.6761

169.5603,
-13.9090, 9.0075

■ 41.8927, -5.2560,
2.1408

■ 74.0501, -7.6214,
3.8621

■ 32.5996, -4.5103,
1.6461

■ 86.0517, -8.4543,
4.5067

■ 24.1182, -3.7831,
1.1966

■ 98.6397, -9.3094,
5.1837

■ 16.5349, -3.0700,
0.7975

111.7879,
-10.1865, 5.8915

■ 9.9725, -2.3604,
0.4561

125.4733,
-11.0853, 6.6289

0.0000, NaN, NaN

139.6757,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-12.0056, 7.3946

0.0000, NaN, NaN

154.3768,
-12.9469, 8.1878

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 51.9306, -6.0214,
2.6761

■ 51.9306, -6.0214,
2.6761

■ 50.7737, -10.3397,
2.5295

■ 53.2182, -1.3591,
2.9769

■ 49.7466, -14.2747,
2.5380

■ 54.6296, 3.6125,
3.4236

■ 48.8516, -17.7957,
2.7035

■ 56.1618, 8.8544,
4.0100

■ 48.0883, -20.8773,
3.0234

■ 57.8098, 14.3298,
4.7274

■ 47.4545, -23.5028,
3.4920

■ 59.5686, 20.0042,
5.5669

■ 46.9461, -25.6671,
4.1000

■ 61.4327, 25.8465,
6.5192

■ 46.5563, -27.3781,
4.8340

■ 63.3967, 31.8284,
7.5749

■ 46.2757, -28.6599,
5.6769

■ 65.4551, 37.9256,
8.7251

■ 46.0849, -29.5814,
6.6001

■ 66.3571, 40.6386,
8.5234

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



51.9317, -5.6689, 4.2414



51.9306, -6.0214, 2.6761



51.9317, -5.5150, 1.1039

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



51.9317, -6.0225, 2.6769



51.9317, -0.9807, 0.1220



51.9317, -1.2566, 5.5352

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51.9306, -6.0214, 2.6761



49.7572, 0.7149, 2.9160

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



51.9317, 0.0256, 4.4926



51.9306, -6.0214, 2.6761



51.9317, 0.1863, 1.3712

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



51.9317, -6.0225, 2.6769



51.9317, -2.6163, -0.4008



51.9317, 0.5569, 2.9762



51.9317, -2.9310, 5.8597

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51.9306, -6.0214, 2.6761



51.9317, -4.7527, 0.2711



51.9317, 0.5569, 2.9762



51.9317, -0.7647, 5.2588

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51.9317, -6.0225, 2.6769



69.7840, -5.0149, 3.7255



51.8818, -6.6461, 6.0776



33.4286, -2.3629, 1.7865



85.4018, -4.5568, 4.6400



33.5864, -1.7921, 1.8248

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51.9317, -6.0225, 2.6769



68.7706, -8.7222, 3.5202



51.1683, -4.3699, 0.8780



24.6943, -3.3531, 1.2575



42.9588, -27.8228, 6.3668



4.2365, -2.5029, 0.1077

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49.7572, 0.7149, 2.9160



65.3809, 1.7821, 3.8938



50.4929, -0.9469, 4.6126



23.3252, 0.8902, 1.4086



22.8970, 39.5586, 12.1078



2.2961, 4.0783, 0.3507

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 51.9306, -6.0214, 2.6761 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

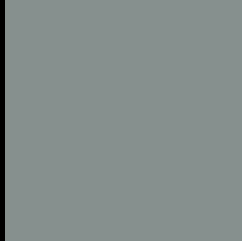
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 51.9306, -6.0214, 2.6761 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

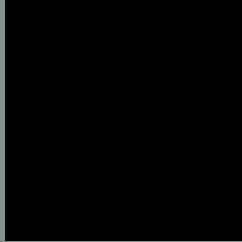
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 51.9306, -6.0214, 2.6761 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 51.9306, -6.0214, 2.6761.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 51.9306, -6.0214,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

51.9306, -6.0214, 2.6761

Protanopia

51.8387, -2.0160, 3.5302

Deuteranopia

51.7151, 3.4858, 2.1347



Tritanopia

51.8781, -2.4999, -3.0165

Trichromacy



Original Color

51.9306, -6.0214, 2.6761

Protanomaly

51.8117, -3.5218, 3.0280

Deuteranomaly

51.9061, -0.1564, 2.2982

Tritanomaly

51.9594, -3.9483, -0.9769

Monochromacy



Original Color

51.9306, -6.0214, 2.6761

Achromatopsia

51.6097, -2.7538, 2.8041

Achromatomaly

51.6453, -4.1041, 2.8224

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 51.9306, -6.0214, 2.6761 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(134, 144, 142)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(134, 144, 142)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(134, 144, 142) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(134, 144, 142) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 51.9306, -6.0214, 2.6761 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(134, 144, 142) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(134, 144, 142) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(134, 144, 142)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(134, 144, 142); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 144, 142);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 144,  
142) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 51.9306, -6.0214, 2.6761 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(134, 144, 142) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(134,  
144, 142) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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