

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(51.9446, -9.7964,  
-3.0584)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(51.9446, -9.7964,  
-3.0584) contains.

<b>HunterLab(51.9446, -9.7964, -3.0584)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	31

# Color

HunterLab(51.9446, -9.7964,  
-3.0584)

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	75939A
RGB	117, 147, 154
RGB Percent	46%, 58%, 60%
CMY	0.5412, 0.4235, 0.3961
CMYK	0.24, 0.05, 0.00, 0.40
HSL	191°, 15%, 53%
HSV	191°, 24%, 60%
XYZ	23.6025, 26.9824, 34.5359
YIQ	138.8280, -20.1270, -4.1830

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

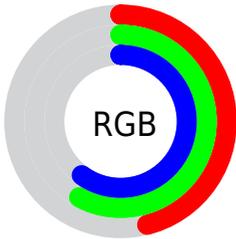
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	117, 134, 154
Decimal	7705498
CIELab	58.96, -8.82, -7.16
CIELCh	59, 11.359, 219.054
Yxy	26.9835, 0.2773, 0.3170
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285895578 (0xFF75939A)
YUV	138.8280, 7.4798, -19.1432
Hunter-Lab	51.9446, -9.7964, -3.0584

# Details

The HunterLab color  $51.9446, -9.7964, -3.0584$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $669999$ . A complement of this color would be  $47.5076, 6.0794, 8.3762$ , and the grayscale version is  $50.7210, -2.7063, 2.7558$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $74.0766, -11.9232, -2.3258$ , and  $32.5176, -7.4198, -3.4895$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $50.1084, -11.9765, -5.5072$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $53.9045, -7.2281, -0.5376$ .

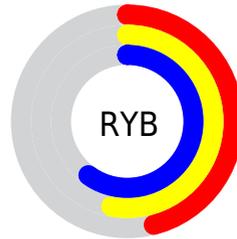
# Distribution



Red (46%)

Green (58%)

Blue (60%)



Red (46%)

Yellow (53%)

Blue (60%)

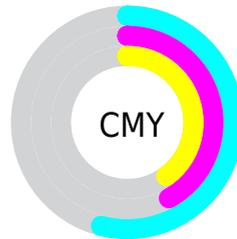


Cyan (24%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (40%)



Cyan (54%)

Magenta (42%)

Yellow (40%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 51.9446, -9.7964, -3.0584 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 51.9446, -9.7964, -3.0584 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 51.9446, -9.7964,  
-3.0584

■ 51.9446, -9.7964,  
-3.0584

169.5810,  
-19.6327, 0.7568

■ 41.9057, -8.7480,  
-3.2434

■ 74.0658, -11.9061,  
-2.5167

■ 32.6116, -7.6950,  
-3.3644

■ 86.0682, -12.9726,  
-2.1713

■ 24.1290, -6.6281,  
-3.4116

■ 98.6570, -14.0499,  
-1.7809

■ 16.5445, -5.5300,  
-3.3735

111.8059,  
-15.1392, -1.3485

■ 9.9806, -4.4572,  
-3.2356

125.4920,  
-16.2416, -0.8765

0.0000, NaN, -NF

139.6951,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-17.3577, -0.3670

0.0000, NaN, NaN

154.3969,  
-18.4879, 0.1779

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 51.9446, -9.7964,  
-3.0584

■ 51.9446, -9.7964,  
-3.0584

■ 50.1084, -11.9765,  
-5.5072

■ 53.9045, -7.2281,  
-0.5376

■ 48.3976, -13.7341,  
-7.8709

■ 55.9794, -4.3033,  
2.0386

■ 46.8169, -15.0418,  
-10.1323

■ 58.1646, -1.0565,  
4.6584

■ 45.3686, -15.8789,  
-12.2755

■ 60.4540, 2.4796,  
7.3113

■ 44.0525, -16.2354,  
-14.2864

■ 62.8419, 6.2745,  
9.9884

■ 42.8653, -16.1169,  
-16.1553

■ 65.3223, 10.3001,  
12.6826

■ 41.7991, -15.5508,  
-17.8810

■ 67.8898, 14.5311,  
15.3882

■ 41.1927, -15.1025,  
-18.8853

■ 70.5392, 18.9449,  
18.1008

■ 73.1873, 23.2789,  
20.7382

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



51.9457, -11.6385, 1.4168



51.9446, -9.7964, -3.0584



51.9457, -6.0557, -6.1265

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



51.9457, -9.7971, -3.0576



51.9457, 6.1943, -0.4337



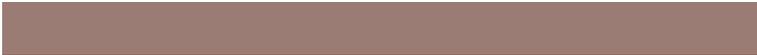
51.9457, -4.2291, 10.8234

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51.9446, -9.7964, -3.0584



47.5076, 6.0794, 8.3762

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



51.9457, 0.5902, 10.4260



51.9446, -9.7964, -3.0584



51.9457, 6.7269, 4.1998

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



51.9457, -9.7971, -3.0576



51.9457, 3.2125, -4.5180



51.9457, 4.6423, 8.0957



51.9457, -8.5020, 9.2358

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



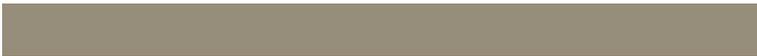
51.9446, -9.7964, -3.0584



51.9457, -2.9278, -6.8129



51.9457, 4.6423, 8.0957



51.9457, -2.6210, 10.9141

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51.9457, -9.7971, -3.0576



74.5614, -7.0765, 1.6590



53.2385, -17.6728, 11.3389



35.4016, -3.4686, 0.7009



88.7363, -4.7347, 4.8212



36.4511, -1.9449, 1.9805



# Same Dimension

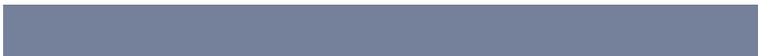
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51.9457, -9.7971, -3.0576



68.6157, -14.9043, -5.9685



46.6278, -1.2743, -10.1649



26.1302, -2.7922, 0.3304



37.2467, -13.7200, -16.9375



5.0285, -2.2944, -1.3322



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46.5830, 14.1032, -6.1840



59.8907, 24.4630, -11.1214



52.5217, -2.6897, 13.3175



25.1070, 1.6430, -0.2425



26.0879, 49.3091, -19.0546

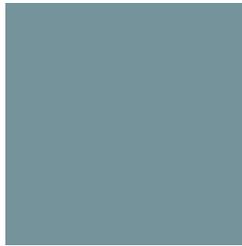


3.2609, 6.2792, -3.2788



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 51.9446, -9.7964, -3.0584 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

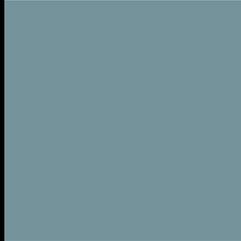
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 51.9446, -9.7964, -3.0584 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

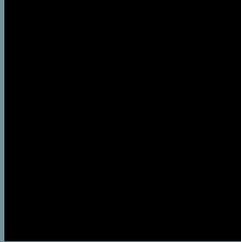
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

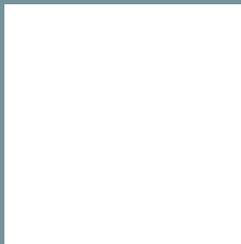
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 51.9446, -9.7964, -3.0584 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 51.9446, -9.7964, -3.0584.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 51.9446, -9.7964, -3.0584.

-3.0584.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

51.9446, -9.7964, -3.0584

### Protanopia

51.9640, -0.9888, -0.9195

### Deuteranopia

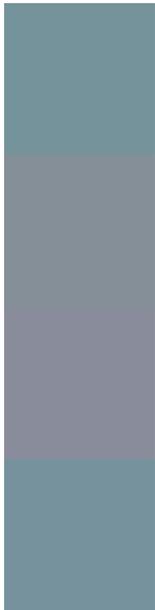
51.9296, 3.5941, -3.8488



## Tritanopia

51.8439, -8.3640, -5.1941

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

51.9446, -9.7964, -3.0584

## Protanomaly

51.8323, -4.3316, -1.6278

## Deuteranomaly

51.7056, -1.5627, -3.7257

## Tritanomaly

51.8109, -8.5490, -4.7270

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

51.9446, -9.7964, -3.0584

## Achromatopsia

50.8117, -2.7112, 2.7607

## Achromatomaly

51.1712, -5.5965, 0.8616

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 51.9446, -9.7964, -3.0584 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(117, 147, 154)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(117, 147, 154)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(117, 147, 154) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(117, 147, 154) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 51.9446, -9.7964, -3.0584 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(117, 147, 154) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(117, 147, 154) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(117, 147, 154)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(117, 147, 154); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 147, 154);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 147,  
154) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 51.9446, -9.7964, -3.0584 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(117, 147, 154) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(117,  
147, 154) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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