

Converting Colors

HunterLab(51.9456, -6.1709,
1.9803)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(51.9456, -6.1709, 1.9803)
contains.

HunterLab(51.9102, -5.9768, 1.7455)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(51.9102, -5.9768,
1.7455)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	859090
RGB	133, 144, 144
RGB Percent	52%, 56%, 56%
CMY	0.4784, 0.4353, 0.4353
CMYK	0.08, 0.00, 0.00, 0.44
HSL	180°, 5%, 54%
HSV	180°, 8%, 56%
XYZ	24.6802, 26.9467, 30.2860
YIQ	140.7110, -6.5560, -2.3320

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

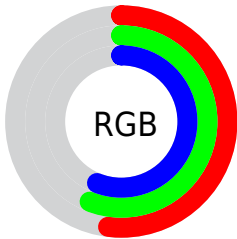
Format	Color
R_{YB}	133, 139, 144
Decimal	8753296
CIE _{Lab}	58.93, -3.97, -1.37
CIE _{LCh}	59, 4.197, 199.085
Yxy	26.9478, 0.3013, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286943376 (0xFF859090)
YUV	140.7110, 1.6215, -6.7625
Hunter-Lab	51.9102, -5.9768, 1.7455

Details

The HunterLab color $51.9102, -5.9768, 1.7455$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $49.3949, 0.7358, 3.8127$, and the grayscale version is $51.4908, -2.7474, 2.7976$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $74.0976, -7.6873, 2.7745$, and $32.6383, -4.6669, 0.7929$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $50.8477, -9.7842, 0.3952$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $53.1051, -1.8005, 3.2312$.

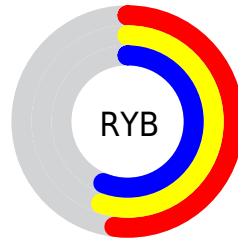
Distribution



Red (52%)

Green (56%)

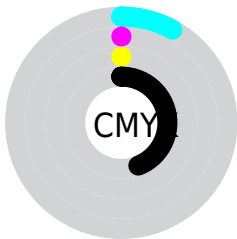
Blue (56%)



Red (52%)

Yellow (55%)

Blue (56%)

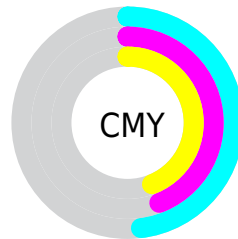


Cyan (8%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (44%)



Cyan (48%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 51.9102, -5.9768, 1.7455 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 51.9102, -5.9768, 1.7455 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 51.9102, -5.9768,
1.7455

■ 51.9102, -5.9768,
1.7455

169.5301,
-13.8422, 7.6358

■ 41.8737, -5.2145,
1.2729

■ 74.0271, -7.5710,
2.8173

■ 32.5822, -4.4722,
0.8458

■ 86.0276, -8.4012,
3.4093

■ 24.1024, -3.7489,
0.4702

■ 98.6144, -9.2538,
4.0360

■ 16.5210, -3.0400,
0.1534

111.7615,
-10.1285, 4.6957

■ 9.9607, -2.3354,
-0.0937

125.4459,
-11.0250, 5.3867

0.0000, NaN, NaN

139.6473,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-11.9431, 6.1079

0.0000, NaN, NaN

154.3475,
-12.8822, 6.8580

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 51.9102, -5.9768,
1.7455

■ 51.9102, -5.9768,
1.7455

■ 50.8477, -9.7842,
0.3952

■ 53.1051, -1.8005,
3.2312

■ 49.9160, -13.1877,
-0.8113

■ 54.4261, 2.7131,
4.8380

■ 49.1168, -16.1622,
-1.8644

■ 55.8705, 7.5263,
6.5543

■ 48.4488, -18.6889,
-2.7579

■ 57.4338, 12.6032,
8.3676

■ 47.9091, -20.7585,
-3.4889

■ 59.1111, 17.9088,
10.2658

■ 47.4926, -22.3734,
-4.0587

■ 60.8970, 23.4109,
12.2378

■ 47.1920, -23.5491,
-4.4729

■ 62.7861, 29.0799,
14.2732

■ 46.9970, -24.3164,
-4.7425

■ 64.7732, 34.8892,
16.3629

■ 46.8853, -24.7574,
-4.8968

■ 65.7434, 37.6731,
17.3650

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



51.9113, -6.1013, 3.4404



51.9102, -5.9768, 1.7455



51.9113, -5.0024, 0.2963

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



51.9113, -5.9779, 1.7463



51.9113, -0.1524, 0.6406



51.9113, -2.1208, 5.9317

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51.9102, -5.9768, 1.7455



49.3949, 0.7358, 3.8127

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



51.9113, -0.5046, 5.2339



51.9102, -5.9768, 1.7455



51.9113, 0.6421, 2.2034

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



51.9113, -5.9779, 1.7463



51.9113, -1.6452, -0.3569



51.9113, 0.5123, 3.8823



51.9113, -3.8905, 5.8187

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51.9102, -5.9768, 1.7455



51.9113, -3.9927, -0.3190



51.9113, 0.5123, 3.8823



51.9113, -1.5412, 5.7851

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51.9113, -5.9779, 1.7463



69.8067, -4.8904, 3.4024



51.6165, -7.6449, 6.1823



33.4387, -2.3071, 1.6417



85.4018, -4.5568, 4.6400



33.5864, -1.7921, 1.8248

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51.9113, -5.9779, 1.7463



68.7106, -8.7528, 2.0301



50.3733, -3.4820, -0.0788



24.7312, -3.1480, 0.7315



43.7294, -23.1889, -4.5998



4.2759, -2.2671, -0.4504

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49.3949, 0.7358, 3.8127



64.7002, 1.9496, 5.3241



50.8839, -1.8024, 5.4661



23.2897, 0.6989, 1.9155



22.7231, 38.9143, 14.6811



2.2219, 3.8052, 1.4346

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 51.9102, -5.9768, 1.7455 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 51.9102, -5.9768, 1.7455 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

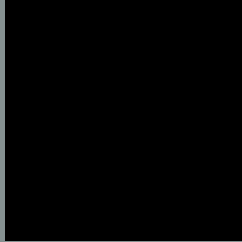
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

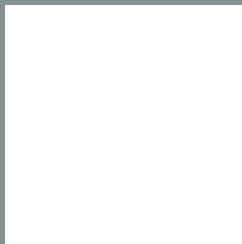
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 51.9102, -5.9768, 1.7455 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 51.9102, -5.9768, 1.7455.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 51.9102, -5.9768,

1.7455.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

51.9102, -5.9768, 1.7455

Protanopia

51.8961, -1.7026, 2.7110

Deuteranopia

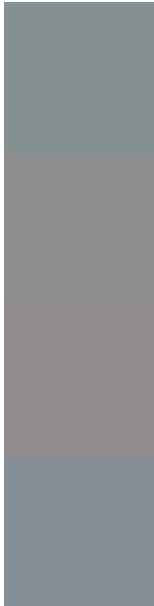
51.7742, 3.8022, 1.2928



Tritanopia

51.7977, -2.7793, -3.1251

Trichromacy



Original Color

51.9102, -5.9768, 1.7455

Protanomaly

51.8697, -3.2036, 2.2016

Deuteranomaly

51.8763, -0.1405, 1.3471

Tritanomaly

51.8799, -4.2269, -1.0813

Monochromacy



Original Color

51.9102, -5.9768, 1.7455

Achromatopsia

51.6097, -2.7538, 2.8041

Achromatomaly

51.6742, -3.9448, 2.4095

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 51.9102, -5.9768, 1.7455 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(133, 144, 144)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(133, 144, 144)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(133, 144, 144) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(133, 144, 144) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 51.9102, -5.9768, 1.7455 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(133, 144, 144) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(133, 144, 144) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(133, 144, 144)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(133, 144, 144); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 144, 144);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 144,  
144) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 51.9102, -5.9768, 1.7455 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(133, 144, 144) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(133,  
144, 144) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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