

Converting Colors

HunterLab(51.9835, -0.4791,
8.9264)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(51.9835, -0.4791, 8.9264)
contains.

HunterLab(52.0452, -0.4960, 8.7964)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(52.0452, -0.4960,
8.7964)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	998C80
RGB	153, 140, 128
RGB Percent	60%, 55%, 50%
CMY	0.4000, 0.4510, 0.4980
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.16, 0.40
HSL	29°, 11%, 55%
HSV	29°, 16%, 60%
XYZ	26.4113, 27.0870, 24.2584
YIQ	142.5190, 11.6000, -0.9760

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

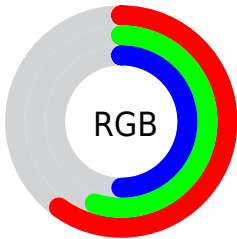
Format	Color
R_{YB}	153, 151, 128
Decimal	10062976
CIE Lab	59.06, 2.76, 8.16
CIE LCh	59, 8.616, 71.291
Yxy	27.0882, 0.3397, 0.3484
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288253056 (0xFF998C80)
YUV	142.5190, -7.1579, 9.1918
Hunter-Lab	52.0452, -0.4960, 8.7964

Details

The HunterLab color $52.0452, -0.4960, 8.7964$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $50.9297, -4.3919, -3.7786$, and the grayscale version is $52.2426, -2.7875, 2.8384$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $74.2867, -1.7750, 10.8532$, and $32.7133, 0.3009, 6.7564$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $49.4711, 1.3163, 11.8889$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $54.7096, -2.0990, 5.3829$.

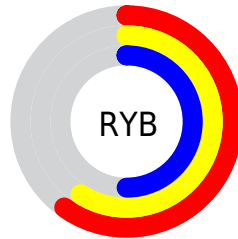
Distribution



Red (60%)

Green (55%)

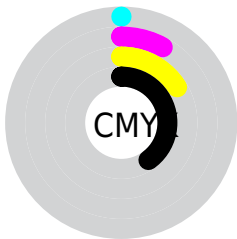
Blue (50%)



Red (60%)

Yellow (59%)

Blue (50%)

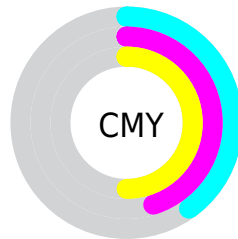


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (8%)

Yellow (16%)

Black (40%)



Cyan (40%)

Magenta (45%)

Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 52.0452, -0.4960, 8.7964 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 52.0452, -0.4960, 8.7964 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 52.0452, -0.4960,
8.7964

■ 52.0452, -0.4960,
8.7964

169.7304, -5.6966,
18.3976

■ 41.9994, -0.1156,
7.7840

■ 74.1791, -1.3981,
10.8410

■ 32.6978, 0.2144,
6.7694

■ 86.1874, -1.9097,
11.8781

■ 24.2070, 0.4854,
5.7434

■ 98.7817, -2.4586,
12.9278

■ 16.6133, 0.6877,
4.6884

111.9359, -3.0426,
13.9914

■ 10.0387, 0.8050,
3.9497

125.6271, -3.6599,
15.0697

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

139.8351, -4.3089,

16.1633

0.0000, NaN, NaN

154.5416, -4.9882,
17.2725

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 52.0452, -0.4960,
8.7964

■ 52.0452, -0.4960,
8.7964

■ 49.4711, 1.3163,
11.8889

■ 54.7096, -2.0990,
5.3829

■ 46.9917, 3.3573,
14.6218

■ 57.4537, -3.5040,
1.6790

■ 44.6167, 5.6385,
16.9566

■ 60.2725, -4.7279,
-2.2853

■ 42.3555, 8.1690,
18.8527

■ 63.1602, -5.7860,
-6.4840

■ 40.2180, 10.9513,
20.2709

■ 66.1120, -6.6922,
-10.8946

■ 38.2147, 13.9782,
21.1778

■ 69.1231, -7.4598,
-15.4972

■ 36.3555, 17.2282,
21.5546

■ 72.1898, -8.1006,
-20.2746

■ 34.6478, 20.6508,
21.4361

■ 75.3084, -8.6258,
-25.2117

■ 34.0557, 21.9053,
21.3685

■ 78.0228, -11.5610,
-24.0180

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



52.0464, 2.6278, 7.0699



52.0452, -0.4960, 8.7964



52.0464, -4.1540, 8.9940

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



52.0464, -0.4975, 8.7972



52.0464, -9.5192, 1.5018



52.0464, 1.9579, -2.4660

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52.0452, -0.4960, 8.7964



50.9297, -4.3919, -3.7786

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



52.0464, -1.3913, -4.1873



52.0452, -0.4960, 8.7964



52.0464, -7.9753, -1.7930

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



52.0464, -0.4975, 8.7972



52.0464, -9.2949, 4.9400



52.0464, -5.0235, -3.9328



52.0464, 4.0723, 0.6341

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52.0452, -0.4960, 8.7964



52.0464, -6.3937, 8.2479



52.0464, -5.0235, -3.9328



52.0464, 0.9353, -3.2344

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52.0464, -0.4975, 8.7972



73.6641, -3.0561, 6.6088



49.1366, 7.3319, -0.1578



34.5055, -1.3763, 3.2504



87.6224, -4.6753, 4.7607



35.4919, -1.8938, 1.9283

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52.0464, -0.4975, 8.7972



68.2377, 0.2832, 13.5054



55.5354, -6.2620, 12.3078



25.8602, -0.7949, 3.0684



31.0671, 19.6629, 19.4876



4.6537, 0.6307, 2.8786

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50.9297, -4.3919, -3.7786



66.3809, -6.1850, -7.4113



47.4828, 1.4153, -8.3478



25.5557, -1.8585, -0.3607



25.7964, 4.1854, -41.2784



4.1510, -1.1155, -2.7803

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 52.0452, -0.4960, 8.7964 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 52.0452, -0.4960, 8.7964 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

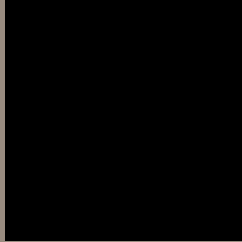
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 52.0452, -0.4960, 8.7964 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 52.0452, -0.4960, 8.7964.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 52.0452, -0.4960,

8.7964.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

52.0452, -0.4960, 8.7964

Protanopia

52.1794, -2.8901, 8.5030

Deuteranopia

52.0129, 3.7172, 8.4405



Tritanopia

52.0551, 4.9215, 0.2514

Trichromacy



Original Color

52.0452, -0.4960, 8.7964

Protanomaly

52.0757, -1.7893, 8.4114

Deuteranomaly

51.9914, 2.2332, 8.3915

Tritanomaly

52.0275, 3.0052, 3.3948

Monochromacy



Original Color

52.0452, -0.4960, 8.7964

Achromatopsia

52.4097, -2.7964, 2.8475

Achromatomaly

52.3297, -1.8898, 4.9694

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 52.0452, -0.4960, 8.7964 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 140, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 140, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 140, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 140, 128) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 52.0452, -0.4960, 8.7964 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 140, 128) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 140, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(153, 140, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 140, 128); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 140, 128); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 140, 128) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 52.0452, -0.4960, 8.7964 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 140, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153,  
140, 128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor