

Converting Colors

HunterLab(51.9882, -8.7217,
5.9078)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(51.9882, -8.7217, 5.9078)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(52.0887, -8.8693,
5.8509)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	839287
RGB	131, 146, 135
RGB Percent	51%, 57%, 53%
CMY	0.4863, 0.4274, 0.4706
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.08, 0.43
HSL	136°, 6%, 54%
HSV	136°, 10%, 57%
XYZ	24.0121, 27.1323, 26.8932
YIQ	140.2610, -5.4090, -6.6010

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	131, 143, 146
Decimal	8622727
CIE _{Lab}	59.10, -7.61, 3.99
CIE _{LCh}	59, 8.595, 152.315
Yxy	27.1335, 0.3077, 0.3477
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286812807 (0xFF839287)
YUV	140.2610, -2.5937, -8.1219
Hunter-Lab	52.0887, -8.8693, 5.8509

Details

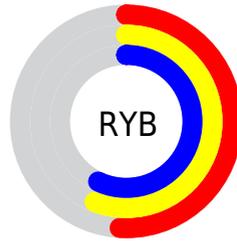
The HunterLab color $52.0887, -8.8693, 5.8509$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $49.2923, 3.7406, -0.3441$, and the grayscale version is $51.3271, -2.7387, 2.7887$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $74.2494, -10.9390, 7.5692$, and $32.8869, -7.0623, 4.6468$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $50.7563, -14.2955, 8.6367$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $53.5720, -3.0270, 2.9925$.

Distribution



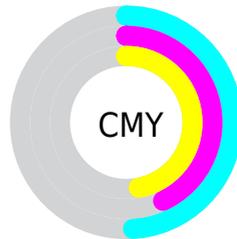
- Red (51%)
- Green (57%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (57%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (43%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (47%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 52.0887, -8.8693, 5.8509 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 52.0887, -8.8693, 5.8509 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 52.0887, -8.8693,
5.8509

■ 52.0887, -8.8693,
5.8509

169.7948,
-18.2131, 13.7910

■ 42.0399, -7.8932,
5.0832

■ 74.2280, -10.8499,
7.4569

■ 32.7350, -6.9186,
4.3363

■ 86.2388, -11.8573,
8.2943

■ 24.2406, -5.9387,
3.6088

■ 98.8355, -12.8784,
9.1546

■ 16.6430, -4.9397,
2.8956

111.9920,
-13.9141, 10.0377

■ 10.0638, -3.9279,
2.2287

125.6854,
-14.9651, 10.9432

0.0000, NaN, NaN

139.8955,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-16.0318, 11.8708

0.0000, NaN, NaN

154.6041,
-17.1144, 12.8202

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 52.0887, -8.8693,
5.8509

■ 52.0887, -8.8693,
5.8509

■ 50.7563, -14.2955,
8.6367

■ 53.5720, -3.0270,
2.9925

■ 49.5756, -19.2467,
11.3196

■ 55.1975, 3.1782,
0.0849

■ 48.5505, -23.6722,
13.8706

■ 56.9600, 9.6908,
-2.8488

■ 47.6816, -27.5284,
16.2600

■ 58.8530, 16.4599,
-5.7894

■ 46.9674, -30.7837,
18.4596

■ 60.8692, 23.4397,
-8.7216

■ 46.4035, -33.4225,
20.4440

■ 63.0018, 30.5901,
-11.6331

■ 45.9824, -35.4494,
22.1925

■ 65.2438, 37.8764,
-14.5147

■ 45.6929, -36.8924,
23.6901

■ 67.5883, 45.2695,
-17.3597

■ 45.5025, -37.8728,
24.8823

■ 68.9994, 49.9794,
-21.8050

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



52.0898, -6.4922, 8.1832



52.0887, -8.8693, 5.8509



52.0898, -9.6310, 2.5641

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



52.0898, -8.8704, 5.8516



52.0898, -2.4975, -4.3093



52.0898, 3.3016, 6.2897

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52.0887, -8.8693, 5.8509



49.2923, 3.7406, -0.3441

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



52.0898, 4.4399, 3.1052



52.0887, -8.8693, 5.8509



52.0898, 1.0347, -3.1474

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



52.0898, -8.8704, 5.8516



52.0898, -6.0126, -3.4499



52.0898, 3.5992, -0.3728



52.0898, 0.5289, 8.4236

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52.0887, -8.8693, 5.8509



52.0898, -9.1358, 0.2281



52.0898, 3.5992, -0.3728



52.0898, 3.8914, 5.3145

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52.0898, -8.8704, 5.8516



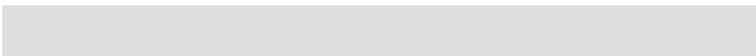
70.5847, -6.2336, 5.0401



52.8873, -6.2348, 8.4071



33.2203, -3.2204, 2.5132



85.4018, -4.5568, 4.6400



33.5864, -1.7921, 1.8248

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52.0898, -8.8704, 5.8516



68.8197, -13.2453, 8.5086



52.2922, -7.7400, 2.9580



25.4800, -4.0330, 2.7075



42.6882, -35.5029, 23.2841



4.7685, -3.6428, 1.9035

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49.2923, 3.7406, -0.3441



64.4035, 6.6673, -1.2714



49.0780, 2.5918, 2.7065



24.2550, 1.4886, -0.0056



25.1336, 46.7791, -12.7280



2.8673, 5.4820, -2.5790

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 52.0887, -8.8693, 5.8509 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

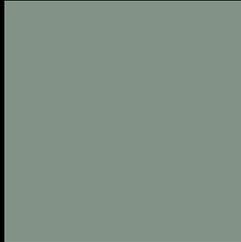
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 52.0887, -8.8693, 5.8509 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

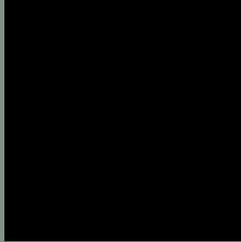
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

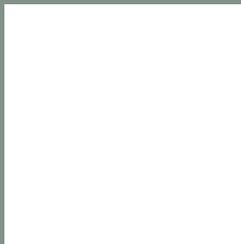
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 52.0887, -8.8693, 5.8509 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 52.0887, -8.8693, 5.8509.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 52.0887, -8.8693,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

52.0887, -8.8693, 5.8509

Protanopia

51.9098, -2.1552, 6.6036

Deuteranopia

51.9293, 3.8628, 5.0447



Tritanopia

52.0061, -3.5329, -2.8696

Trichromacy



Original Color

52.0887, -8.8693, 5.8509

Protanomaly

51.9893, -4.7685, 6.2306

Deuteranomaly

51.7973, -0.9263, 5.2392

Tritanomaly

51.9997, -5.4816, 0.4722

Monochromacy



Original Color

52.0887, -8.8693, 5.8509

Achromatopsia

51.2104, -2.7325, 2.7824

Achromatomaly

51.4775, -4.8642, 3.9411

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 52.0887, -8.8693, 5.8509 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(131, 146, 135)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(131, 146, 135)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(131, 146, 135) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(131, 146, 135) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 52.0887, -8.8693, 5.8509 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(131, 146, 135) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(131, 146, 135) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(131, 146, 135)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(131, 146, 135); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 146, 135);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 146,  
135) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 52.0887, -8.8693, 5.8509 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(131, 146, 135) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(131,  
146, 135) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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