

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(51.9882, 24.2321,  
-29.8312)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(51.9882, 24.2321,  
-29.8312) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(51.9080, 24.3080,  
-30.0037)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A67DC8
RGB	166, 125, 200
RGB Percent	65%, 49%, 78%
CMY	0.3490, 0.5098, 0.2157
CMYK	0.17, 0.37, 0.00, 0.22
HSL	273°, 41%, 64%
HSV	273°, 37%, 78%
XYZ	33.4849, 26.9444, 58.0796
YIQ	145.8090, 0.3610, 32.0170

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

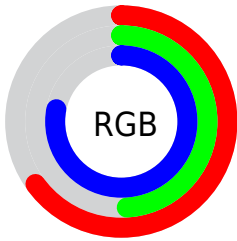
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>YB</sub>	166, 125, 200
Decimal	10911176
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	58.92, 30.19, -33.02
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	59, 44.742, 312.435
Yxy	26.9455, 0.2826, 0.2274
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289101256 (0xFFA67DC8)
YUV	145.8090, 26.7162, 17.7075
Hunter-Lab	51.9080, 24.3080, -30.0037

# Details

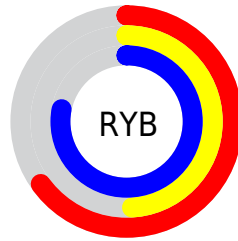
The HunterLab color  $51.9080, 24.3080, -30.0037$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $996699$ . A complement of this color would be  $70.8243, -26.5199, 26.9341$ , and the grayscale version is  $53.4338, -2.8511, 2.9032$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $73.8853, 25.5473, -29.9439$ , and  $32.5856, 22.4837, -29.0075$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $46.2986, 32.2083, -40.8844$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $57.9172, 16.5187, -19.9619$ .

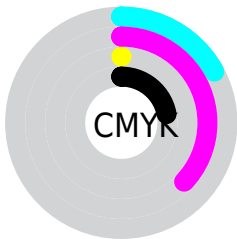
# Distribution



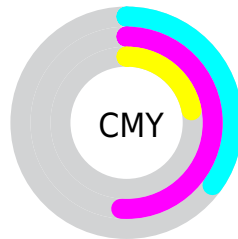
- Red (65%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (65%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (22%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (22%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 51.9080, 24.3080, -30.0037 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 51.9080, 24.3080, -30.0037 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



51.9080, 24.3080,  
-30.0037

51.9080, 24.3080,  
-30.0037

169.5268, 29.1678,  
-33.4994

41.8716, 23.3245,  
-29.3943

74.0246, 25.9484,  
-31.1256

32.5803, 22.2180,  
-28.7942

86.0249, 26.6279,  
-31.6181

24.1006, 20.9745,  
-28.2770

98.6117, 27.2244,  
-32.0591

16.5195, 19.5882,  
-28.0272

111.7586, 27.7447,  
-32.4479

9.9595, 18.0915,  
-28.5874

125.4429, 28.1945,  
-32.7851

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

139.6442, 28.5788,

-33.0718

0.0000, NaN, NaN

154.3443, 28.9020,  
-33.3093

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 51.9080, 24.3080,  
-30.0037

■ 51.9080, 24.3080,  
-30.0037

■ 46.2986, 32.2083,  
-40.8844

■ 57.9172, 16.5187,  
-19.9619

■ 41.1720, 40.0780,  
-52.6189

■ 64.2564, 8.8938,  
-10.6704

■ 36.6375, 47.6022,  
-65.0206

■ 70.8758, 1.4364,  
-2.0132

■ 32.8209, 54.2143,  
-77.5399

■ 77.7359, -5.8698,  
6.1201

■ 29.8439, 59.0931,  
-89.1355

■ 84.8064, -13.0478,  
13.8260

■ 27.7443, 61.5372,  
-98.6021

■ 92.0630, -20.1215,  
21.1849

■ 27.2811, 62.0052,  
-100.8619

■ 96.1382, -22.2151,  
25.1510

■ 96.9331, -19.3214,  
25.9679

■ 97.7620, -16.3306,  
26.8144

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



51.9091, 5.3470, -43.9756



51.9080, 24.3080, -30.0037



51.9091, 36.9370, -8.8193

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



51.9091, 24.3070, -30.0023



51.9091, 8.7423, 26.2670



51.9091, -33.8997, -5.2456

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51.9080, 24.3080, -30.0037



70.8243, -26.5199, 26.9341

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



51.9091, -33.2633, 12.2737



51.9080, 24.3080, -30.0037



51.9091, -10.4218, 26.6245

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



51.9091, 24.3070, -30.0023



51.9091, 27.0991, 21.2575



51.9091, -25.2342, 22.5148



51.9091, -27.1195, -26.5883



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51.9080, 24.3080, -30.0037



51.9091, 39.0939, 4.2834



51.9091, -25.2342, 22.5148



51.9091, -34.5148, 1.3242

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51.9091, 24.3070, -30.0023



90.0324, 5.4560, -6.7300



58.0283, -4.7925, -20.1594



41.0974, 3.1476, -3.8349

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51.9091, 24.3070, -30.0023



62.2439, 40.4481, -51.0555



55.6793, 34.9289, -21.6490



32.5090, 1.3199, -1.6801



21.8771, 49.5849, -79.8135



5.1889, 11.3056, -15.4027



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54.2687, 28.0848, -1.9052



66.2624, 46.2071, -3.1227



68.7129, -34.5835, 24.2611



32.7346, 1.7721, 1.0159



28.8129, 51.0582, 5.3228



6.3848, 11.5287, -0.4833



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 51.9080, 24.3080, -30.0037 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

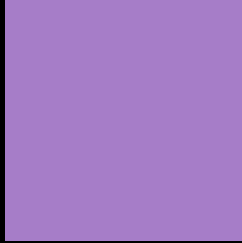
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 51.9080, 24.3080, -30.0037 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

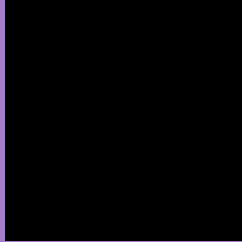
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 51.9080, 24.3080, -30.0037 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 51.9080, 24.3080, -30.0037.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 51.9080, 24.3080, -30.0037.

-30.0037.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

51.9080, 24.3080, -30.0037

### Protanopia

52.2413, 6.2919, -38.3905

### Deuteranopia

52.0312, 4.2083, -28.0576



## Tritanopia

51.8488, 5.5750, 0.4812

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

51.9080, 24.3080, -30.0037

## Protanomaly

51.9932, 12.1463, -35.7987

## Deuteranomaly

51.8596, 10.7999, -28.9363

## Tritanomaly

51.7004, 11.8293, -9.3078

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

51.9080, 24.3080, -30.0037

## Achromatopsia

53.6135, -2.8607, 2.9129

## Achromatomaly

52.6331, 6.6099, -8.0912

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 51.9080, 24.3080, -30.0037 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(166, 125, 200)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(166, 125, 200)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(166, 125, 200) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(166, 125, 200) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 51.9080, 24.3080, -30.0037 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(166, 125, 200) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(166, 125, 200) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(166, 125, 200)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(166, 125, 200); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 125, 200);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 125,  
200) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 51.9080, 24.3080, -30.0037 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(166, 125, 200) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(166,  
125, 200) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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