

Converting Colors

HunterLab(52.0372, -8.6738,
-7.6741)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(52.0372, -8.6738,
-7.6741) contains.

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Color

HunterLab(52.0473, -8.8278,
-7.5554)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7293A3
RGB	114, 147, 163
RGB Percent	45%, 58%, 64%
CMY	0.5529, 0.4235, 0.3608
CMYK	0.30, 0.10, 0.00, 0.36
HSL	200°, 21%, 54%
HSV	200°, 30%, 64%
XYZ	23.9840, 27.0892, 38.6150
YIQ	138.9570, -24.8040, -2.0200

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

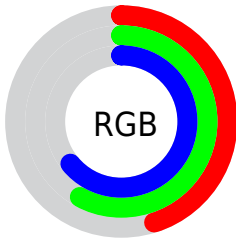
Format	Color
RYB	114, 134, 163
Decimal	7508899
CIELab	59.06, -7.56, -12.16
CIELCh	59, 14.318, 238.119
Yxy	27.0903, 0.2674, 0.3020
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285698979 (0xFF7293A3)
YUV	138.9570, 11.8532, -21.8873
Hunter-Lab	52.0473, -8.8278, -7.5554

Details

The HunterLab color $52.0473, -8.8278, -7.5554$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669999 . A complement of this color would be $49.9670, 5.8841, 12.0017$, and the grayscale version is $50.7569, -2.7083, 2.7577$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $74.1962, -10.8102, -7.4738$, and $32.5629, -6.7373, -7.4355$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $49.4729, -9.9377, -11.2157$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $54.7506, -7.3163, -3.9148$.

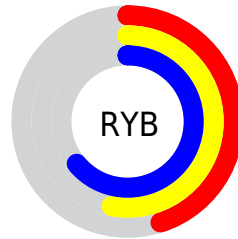
Distribution



Red (45%)

Green (58%)

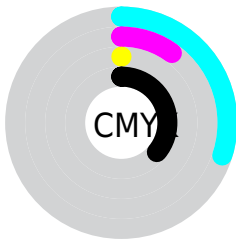
Blue (64%)



Red (45%)

Yellow (53%)

Blue (64%)

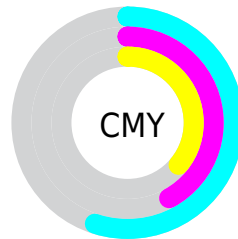


Cyan (30%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (36%)



Cyan (55%)

Magenta (42%)

Yellow (36%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 52.0473, -8.8278, -7.5554 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 52.0473, -8.8278, -7.5554 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 52.0473, -8.8278,
-7.5554

■ 52.0473, -8.8278,
-7.5554

169.7333,
-18.1508, -5.4129

■ 42.0012, -7.8541,
-7.5206

■ 74.1814, -10.8027,
-7.4296

■ 32.6995, -6.8826,
-7.4140

■ 86.1897, -11.8076,
-7.2812

■ 24.2085, -5.9062,
-7.2278

■ 98.7841, -12.8263,
-7.0812

■ 16.6146, -4.9110,
-6.9568

111.9384,
-13.8598, -6.8330

■ 10.0399, -3.9067,
-6.6095

125.6298,
-14.9087, -6.5397

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

139.8378,

-15.9733, -6.2038

0.0000, NaN, NaN

154.5445,
-17.0540, -5.8275

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 52.0473, -8.8278,
-7.5554

■ 52.0473, -8.8278,
-7.5554

■ 49.4729, -9.9377,
-11.2157

■ 54.7506, -7.3163,
-3.9148

■ 47.0331, -10.6028,
-14.8849

■ 57.5710, -5.4419,
-0.3058

■ 44.7373, -10.7842,
-18.5444

■ 60.5012, -3.2433,
3.2667

■ 42.5927, -10.4484,
-22.1722

■ 63.5335, -0.7556,
6.7994

■ 40.6045, -9.5737,
-25.7439

■ 66.6606, 1.9899,
10.2912

■ 38.7737, -8.1589,
-29.2362

■ 69.8758, 4.9653,
13.7426

■ 37.0798, -6.3361,
-32.6687

■ 73.1731, 8.1460,
17.1550

■ 76.5470, 11.5105,
20.5304

■ 79.3033, 12.8002,
23.1842

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



52.0483, -12.7217, -2.7019



52.0473, -8.8278, -7.5554



52.0483, -3.1643, -9.5914

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



52.0483, -8.8284, -7.5545



52.0483, 9.4634, 2.4657



52.0483, -8.1909, 11.7408

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52.0473, -8.8278, -7.5554



49.9670, 5.8841, 12.0017

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



52.0483, -2.3945, 12.7925



52.0473, -8.8278, -7.5554



52.0483, 7.9690, 7.8200

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



52.0483, -8.8284, -7.5545



52.0483, 7.5540, -3.4081



52.0483, 3.5580, 11.4414



52.0483, -12.3657, 8.3860

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52.0473, -8.8278, -7.5554



52.0483, 0.9164, -8.9200



52.0483, 3.5580, 11.4414



52.0483, -6.3759, 12.3572

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52.0483, -8.8284, -7.5545



77.3886, -7.0367, 0.0200



56.0099, -21.4222, 11.9611



36.4207, -3.5162, -0.3085



90.9709, -4.8540, 4.9426



38.3822, -2.0480, 2.0854

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52.0483, -8.8284, -7.5545



67.3564, -12.8593, -13.3448



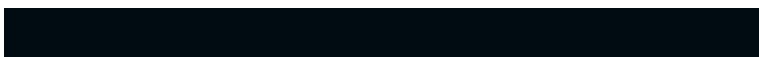
45.1489, 2.5591, -17.6384



27.6035, -2.5211, -0.0101



32.8185, -5.7859, -28.5301



5.5377, -1.9647, -2.6805

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46.8278, 18.6408, -5.7700



59.1428, 31.4814, -10.0083



56.6734, -5.6332, 18.1679



26.7631, 1.6226, 0.1595



26.3276, 48.4285, -8.8924



3.9212, 7.3934, -2.7243

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 52.0473, -8.8278, -7.5554 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 52.0473, -8.8278, -7.5554 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

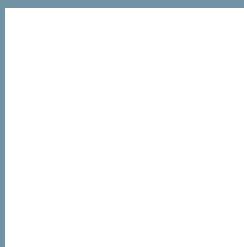
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 52.0473, -8.8278, -7.5554 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 52.0473, -8.8278, -7.5554.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 52.0473, -8.8278, -7.5554.

-7.5554.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

52.0473, -8.8278, -7.5554

Protanopia

52.0018, -0.2792, -5.3596

Deuteranopia

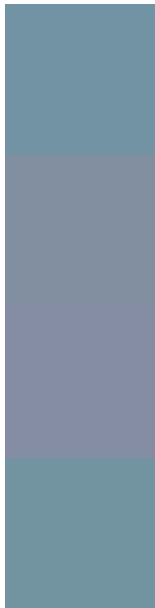
51.7908, 3.7384, -8.7730



Tritanopia

52.1476, -10.2777, -5.3403

Trichromacy



Original Color

52.0473, -8.8278, -7.5554

Protanomaly

51.8930, -3.5335, -6.0840

Deuteranomaly

51.6881, -1.0160, -8.4552

Tritanomaly

52.1810, -10.0898, -5.8116

Monochromacy



Original Color

52.0473, -8.8278, -7.5554

Achromatopsia

50.8117, -2.7112, 2.7607

Achromatomaly

51.2152, -5.1980, -0.9667

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 52.0473, -8.8278, -7.5554 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(114, 147, 163)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(114, 147, 163)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(114, 147, 163) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(114, 147, 163) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 52.0473, -8.8278, -7.5554 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(114, 147, 163) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(114, 147, 163) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(114, 147, 163)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(114, 147, 163); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(114, 147, 163);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(114, 147,  
163) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 52.0473, -8.8278, -7.5554 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(114, 147, 163) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(114,  
147, 163) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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