

Converting Colors

HunterLab(52.0442, -0.2730,
-4.0810)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(52.0442, -0.2730,
-4.0810) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(52.0188, -0.3536,
-4.3095)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8C8D9D
RGB	140, 141, 157
RGB Percent	55%, 55%, 62%
CMY	0.4510, 0.4470, 0.3843
CMYK	0.11, 0.10, 0.00, 0.38
HSL	236°, 8%, 58%
HSV	236°, 11%, 62%
XYZ	26.4259, 27.0596, 35.7285
YIQ	142.5250, -5.7320, 4.7640

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

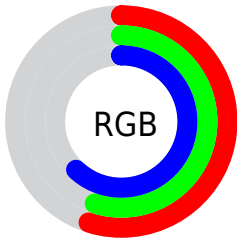
Format	Color
R _Y B	140, 141, 157
Decimal	9211293
CIE Lab	59.03, 2.93, -8.59
CIE LCh	59, 9.073, 288.866
Yxy	27.0607, 0.2962, 0.3033
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287401373 (0xFF8C8D9D)
YUV	142.5250, 7.1362, -2.2144
Hunter-Lab	52.0188, -0.3536, -4.3095

Details

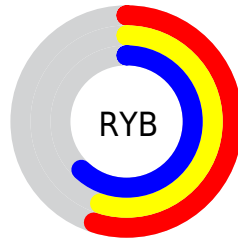
The HunterLab color $52.0188, -0.3536, -4.3095$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $57.3047, -5.1943, 9.5489$, and the grayscale version is $52.1945, -2.7850, 2.8358$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $74.3324, -1.2552, -3.9012$, and $32.7054, 0.3949, -4.5596$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $46.6071, 2.4341, -11.8175$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $57.5978, -2.8971, 2.6049$.

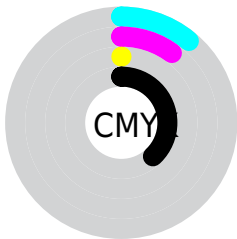
Distribution



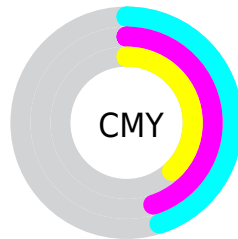
- Red (55%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (38%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (38%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 52.0188, -0.3536, -4.3095 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 52.0188, -0.3536, -4.3095 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 52.0188, -0.3536,
-4.3095

■ 52.0188, -0.3536,
-4.3095

169.6911, -5.4864,
-0.9821

■ 41.9748, 0.0177,
-4.4291

■ 74.1493, -1.2378,
-3.8902

■ 32.6752, 0.3374,
-4.4817

■ 86.1561, -1.7414,
-3.6025

■ 24.1865, 0.5972,
-4.4575

■ 98.7489, -2.2826,
-3.2676

■ 16.5952, 0.7869,
-4.3458

111.9017, -2.8592,
-2.8888

■ 10.0234, 0.8900,
-4.1357

125.5916, -3.4695,
-2.4687

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

139.7983, -4.1117,

-2.0096

0.0000, NaN, NaN

154.5036, -4.7844,
-1.5135

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 52.0188, -0.3536,
-4.3095

■ 52.0188, -0.3536,
-4.3095

■ 46.6071, 2.4341,
-11.8175

■ 57.5978, -2.8971,
2.6049

■ 41.3866, 5.5424,
-20.0985

■ 63.3204, -5.2484,
9.0575

■ 36.3958, 9.0652,
-29.3784

■ 69.1717, -7.4503,
15.1511

■ 31.6870, 13.1197,
-39.9310

■ 75.1393, -9.5344,
20.9633

■ 27.3353, 17.8306,
-52.0321

■ 81.2131, -11.5249,
26.5536

■ 23.4486, 23.2710,
-65.8000

■ 87.3849, -13.4406,
31.9678

■ 20.1777, 29.3030,
-80.7843

■ 93.6476, -15.2959,
37.2418

■ 17.7089, 35.2917,
-95.2683

■ 97.5778, -18.7715,
40.4162

■ 16.2334, 39.6155,
-105.8089

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



52.0199, -4.2051, -4.5897



52.0188, -0.3536, -4.3095



52.0199, 2.9353, -2.0345

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



52.0199, -0.3546, -4.3086



52.0199, 2.1987, 7.8774



52.0199, -9.8680, 4.1777

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52.0188, -0.3536, -4.3095



57.3047, -5.1943, 9.5489

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



52.0199, -8.2557, 7.2687



52.0188, -0.3536, -4.3095



52.0199, -1.3363, 9.2986

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



52.0199, -0.3546, -4.3086



52.0199, 4.4389, 5.0650



52.0199, -5.1586, 9.0842



52.0199, -9.6225, 0.4945

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52.0188, -0.3536, -4.3095



52.0199, 4.3330, 0.2189



52.0199, -5.1586, 9.0842



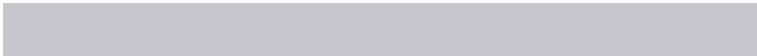
52.0199, -9.5272, 5.3154

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52.0199, -0.3546, -4.3086



75.3972, -3.1426, 1.4817



56.6442, -8.1756, 1.9006



35.0955, -1.3534, 0.3658



88.7363, -4.7347, 4.8212



36.4511, -1.9449, 1.9805

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52.0199, -0.3546, -4.3086



67.8385, 0.3960, -8.1193



52.3718, 2.2925, -3.8011



25.4851, -0.3710, -1.5340



14.6963, 35.4256, -94.8427



2.3436, 3.3753, -10.2156

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52.7712, 2.6693, 4.2504



69.0855, 5.3427, 6.0432



56.9712, -7.8936, 9.1458



25.7918, 0.8747, 1.9670



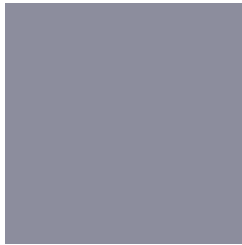
24.1666, 41.4624, 15.0243



3.2569, 5.6382, 1.6342

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 52.0188, -0.3536, -4.3095 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

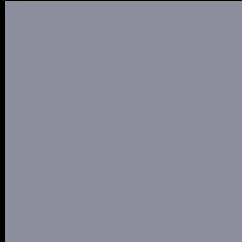
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 52.0188, -0.3536, -4.3095 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

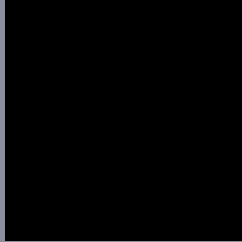
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 52.0188, -0.3536, -4.3095 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 52.0188, -0.3536, -4.3095.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 52.0188, -0.3536, -4.3095.

-4.3095.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

52.0188, -0.3536, -4.3095

Protanopia

52.0188, -0.3536, -4.3095

Deuteranopia

51.9953, 3.9460, -4.7776



Tritanopia

52.0911, -1.8250, -2.2355

Trichromacy



Original Color

52.0188, -0.3536, -4.3095

Protanomaly

52.0188, -0.3536, -4.3095

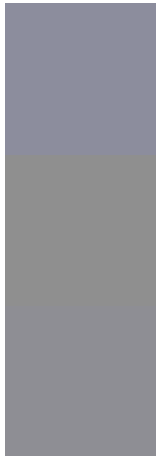
Deuteranomaly

52.0047, 2.5526, -4.7896

Tritanomaly

52.1230, -1.6512, -2.6865

Monochromacy



Original Color

52.0188, -0.3536, -4.3095

Achromatopsia

52.4097, -2.7964, 2.8475

Achromatomaly

52.1871, -1.8034, 0.2956

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 52.0188, -0.3536, -4.3095 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(140, 141, 157)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(140, 141, 157)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(140, 141, 157) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(140, 141, 157) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 52.0188, -0.3536, -4.3095 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(140, 141, 157) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(140, 141, 157) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(140, 141, 157)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(140, 141, 157); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 141, 157);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 141,  
157) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 52.0188, -0.3536, -4.3095 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(140, 141, 157) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(140,  
141, 157) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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