

Converting Colors

HunterLab(52.0935, 4.6462,
13.9605)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(52.0935, 4.6462,
13.9605) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(52.1038, 4.7076,
14.0733)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | A88872 |
| RGB | 168, 136, 114 |
| RGB Percent | 66%, 53%, 45% |
| CMY | 0.3412, 0.4666, 0.5529 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.19, 0.32, 0.34 |
| HSL | 24°, 24%, 55% |
| HSV | 24°, 32%, 66% |
| XYZ | 27.9899, 27.1481, 19.6845 |
| YIQ | 143.0600, 26.1340, -0.0580 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

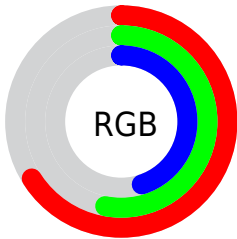
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 168, 151, 114 |
| Decimal | 11044978 |
| CIE _{Lab} | 59.11, 8.90, 16.41 |
| CIE _{LCh} | 59, 18.670, 61.545 |
| Yxy | 27.1493, 0.3741, 0.3628 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4289235058 (0xFFA88872) |
| YUV | 143.0600, -14.3266, 21.8724 |
| Hunter-Lab | 52.1038, 4.7076, 14.0733 |

Details

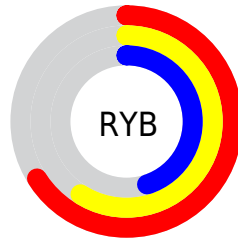
The HunterLab color $52.1038, 4.7076, 14.0733$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex $CC9999$. A complement of this color would be $51.9245, -7.3805, -10.4345$, and the grayscale version is $52.4829, -2.8004, 2.8515$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $74.1591, 4.5822, 16.9337$, and $32.7013, 4.8979, 10.8911$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $49.1184, 7.7395, 16.6913$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $55.2297, 1.9365, 11.0906$.

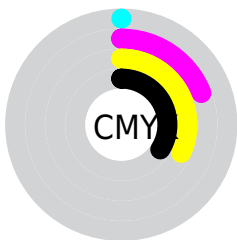
Distribution



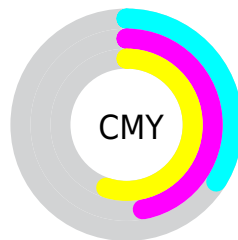
- Red (66%)
- Green (53%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (66%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Black (34%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 52.1038, 4.7076, 14.0733 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 52.1038, 4.7076, 14.0733 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 52.1038, 4.7076,
14.0733

■ 52.1038, 4.7076,
14.0733

169.8174, 1.8689,
27.1348

■ 42.0540, 4.7554,
12.5414

■ 74.2451, 4.4132,
17.0417

■ 32.7481, 4.7291,
10.9550

■ 86.2568, 4.1831,
18.4968

■ 24.2524, 4.6139,
9.2878

■ 98.8543, 3.9033,
19.9415

■ 16.6534, 4.3910,
7.4947

■ 112.0116, 3.5775,
21.3804

■ 10.0726, 4.0310,
7.0508

125.7058, 3.2087,
22.8167

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

139.9166, 2.7996,

24.2532

0.0000, NaN, NaN

154.6259, 2.3523,
25.6921

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 52.1038, 4.7076,
14.0733

■ 52.1038, 4.7076,
14.0733

■ 49.1184, 7.7395,
16.6913

■ 55.2297, 1.9365,
11.0906

■ 46.2847, 11.0491,
18.8921

■ 58.4792, -0.5844,
7.7865

■ 43.6207, 14.6359,
20.6228

■ 61.8418, -2.8759,
4.2011

■ 41.1440, 18.4865,
21.8312

■ 65.3072, -4.9577,
0.3686

■ 38.8732, 22.5653,
22.4750

■ 68.8665, -6.8491,
-3.6821

■ 36.8261, 26.8060,
22.5373

■ 72.5118, -8.5680,
-7.9265

■ 35.3757, 30.1450,
22.3261

■ 76.2363, -10.1315,
-12.3439

■ 80.0341, -11.5546,
-16.9167

■ 83.4969, -15.1048,
-15.9937

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



52.1050, 10.9013, 9.8877



52.1038, 4.7076, 14.0733



52.1050, -3.1948, 15.3838

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



52.1050, 4.7057, 14.0740



52.1050, -17.2063, 2.4423



52.1050, 5.4618, -11.1476

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52.1038, 4.7076, 14.0733



51.9245, -7.3805, -10.4345

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



52.1050, -2.3699, -13.9029



52.1038, 4.7076, 14.0733



52.1050, -15.1862, -5.3634

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



52.1050, 4.7057, 14.0740



52.1050, -15.5585, 9.3025



52.1050, -9.8712, -11.6440



52.1050, 11.3559, -4.5824

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52.1038, 4.7076, 14.0733



52.1050, -8.2811, 14.6343



52.1050, -9.8712, -11.6440



52.1050, 2.9530, -12.5908

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52.1050, 4.7057, 14.0740



79.6523, -1.4154, 9.5714



47.3789, 20.2619, -4.6863



36.9055, -0.4602, 4.7631



92.0917, -4.9138, 5.0035



39.3538, -2.0998, 2.1382

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52.1050, 4.7057, 14.0740



67.1248, 9.4004, 21.6781



59.6594, -8.0257, 20.8000



28.3293, -0.6012, 3.2367



30.8969, 25.7983, 19.4901



5.7741, 1.8566, 3.5905

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51.9245, -7.3805, -10.4345



66.8193, -10.4653, -18.6595



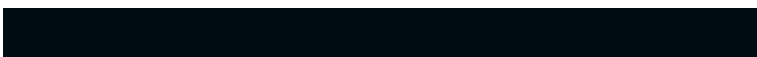
44.3779, 5.4073, -22.0541



28.3048, -2.3155, -0.2332



30.0908, -0.4736, -36.5885



5.6304, -1.5346, -3.7249

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 52.1038, 4.7076, 14.0733 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 52.1038, 4.7076, 14.0733 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 52.1038, 4.7076, 14.0733 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 52.1038, 4.7076, 14.0733.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 52.1038, 4.7076,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

52.1038, 4.7076, 14.0733

Protanopia

52.1629, -3.5238, 12.9518

Deuteranopia

52.1663, 3.5216, 14.1127



Tritanopia

52.0706, 11.4720, 3.1472

Trichromacy



Original Color

52.1038, 4.7076, 14.0733

Protanomaly

52.1394, -0.7432, 13.3261

Deuteranomaly

52.2702, 3.8701, 14.2188

Tritanomaly

51.9491, 9.1814, 7.2569

Monochromacy



Original Color

52.1038, 4.7076, 14.0733

Achromatopsia

52.4097, -2.7964, 2.8475

Achromatomaly

52.0553, -0.2550, 7.2080

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 52.1038, 4.7076, 14.0733 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(168, 136, 114)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(168, 136, 114)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(168, 136, 114) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(168, 136, 114) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 52.1038, 4.7076, 14.0733 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(168, 136, 114) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(168, 136, 114) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(168, 136, 114)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(168, 136, 114); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 136, 114);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 136,  
114) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 52.1038, 4.7076, 14.0733 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(168, 136, 114) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(168,  
136, 114) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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