

Converting Colors

HunterLab(52.1238, 100.5996,
-54.1933)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(52.1238, 100.5996,
-54.1933) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(52.0991,
100.5133, -53.8682)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF00E9
RGB	255, 0, 233
RGB Percent	100%, 0%, 91%
CMY	0.0000, 0.9998, 0.0863
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.09, 0.00
HSL	305°, 100%, 50%
HSV	305°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	55.9479, 27.1432, 79.3811
YIQ	102.8070, 77.1870, 126.5230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

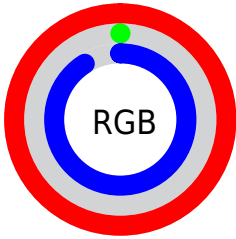
Format	Color
R_{YB}	255, 0, 233
Decimal	16711913
CIE _{Lab}	59.11, 95.30, -50.51
CIE _{LCh}	59, 107.856, 332.076
Y _{xy}	27.1443, 0.3444, 0.1671
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294901993 (0xFFFF00E9)
YUV	102.8070, 64.1851, 133.4733
Hunter-Lab	52.0991, 100.5133, -53.8682

Details

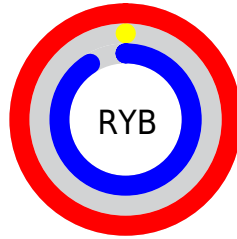
The HunterLab color **52.0991, 100.5133, -53.8682** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF33FF**. The color can be described as light saturated magenta. A complement of this color would be **84.6040, -72.3018, 50.3332**, and the grayscale version is **36.5112, -1.9481, 1.9837**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **61.9521, 76.6768, -51.0255**, and **38.0943, 73.5703, -39.9769** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52.0989, 100.5126, -53.8653**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52.9044, 98.4669, -53.9312**.

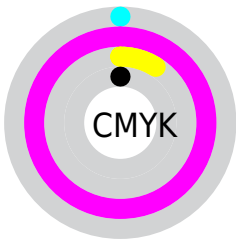
Distribution



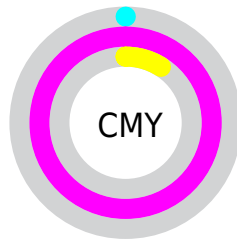
- Red (100%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (9%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 52.0991, 100.5133, -53.8682 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 52.0991, 100.5133, -53.8682 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

52.0991, 100.5133,
-53.8682

52.0991, 100.5133,
-53.8682

169.8102,
122.8557, -60.0739

42.0495, 97.9049,
-53.3135

74.2397, 105.8766,
-55.2877

32.7439, 95.5279,
-53.0251

86.2511, 108.5216,
-56.0438

24.2487, 93.6932,
-53.2754

98.8483, 111.1053,
-56.7924

16.6501, 93.1433,
-54.6982

112.0054,
113.6159, -57.5191

10.0698, 96.0022,
-59.0820

125.6993,
116.0476, -58.2149

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

139.9099,

118.3982, -58.8745

154.6190,
120.6672, -59.4948

■ 52.0991, 100.5133,
-53.8682

■ 52.0991, 100.5133,
-53.8682

■ 52.0989, 100.5126,
-53.8653

■ 52.9044, 98.4669,
-53.9312

■ 54.5618, 93.5150,
-52.1403

■ 57.2473, 85.4394,
-48.2872

■ 60.9684, 74.8067,
-42.6622

■ 65.6604, 62.4242,
-35.7333

■ 71.2215, 49.0593,
-27.9730

■ 77.5386, 35.2964,
-19.7605

■ 84.5041, 21.5152,
-11.3575

■ 92.0232, 7.9293,
-2.9247

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



52.1002, 52.9227, -130.4548



52.0991, 100.5133, -53.8682



52.1002, 118.1611, 5.7897

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



52.1002, 100.5096, -53.8661



52.1002, -5.9449, 36.4701



52.1002, -58.4977, -64.4436

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52.0991, 100.5133, -53.8682



84.6040, -72.3018, 50.3332

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



52.1002, -64.9382, -0.3015



52.0991, 100.5133, -53.8682



52.1002, -41.8874, 35.6332

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



52.1002, 100.5096, -53.8661



52.1002, 45.3795, 35.9441



52.1002, -60.1188, 28.8373



52.1002, -38.0356, -139.4711

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52.0991, 100.5133, -53.8682



52.1002, 106.9620, 25.5660



52.1002, -60.1188, 28.8373



52.1002, -61.9770, -39.6689

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52.1002, 100.5096, -53.8661



77.5256, 35.3234, -19.7768



27.1731, 73.0941, -188.4049



34.5956, 19.0359, -10.7680

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52.1002, 100.5096, -53.8661



52.0989, 100.5126, -53.8653



47.2308, 83.0938, 13.3453



42.7455, 3.3724, -1.1679



37.6750, 72.7083, -39.1334



11.7884, 22.8008, -12.6375

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52.1002, 100.5096, -53.8661



52.0989, 100.5126, -53.8653



85.8388, -64.6116, 32.1889



42.7455, 3.3724, -1.1679



37.6750, 72.7083, -39.1334



11.7884, 22.8008, -12.6375

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 52.0991, 100.5133, -53.8682 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

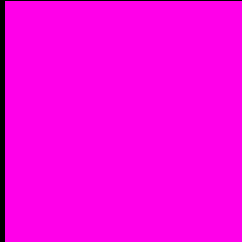
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 52.0991, 100.5133, -53.8682 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

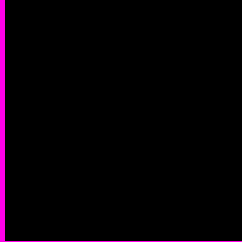
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 52.0991, 100.5133, -53.8682 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 52.0991, 100.5133, -53.8682.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 52.0991,

100.5133, -53.8682.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

52.0991, 100.5133, -53.8682

Protanopia

52.9173, 13.1731, -73.1631

Deuteranopia

52.7480, 4.3129, -42.7510



Tritanopia

52.3399, 53.6978, 20.3806

Trichromacy



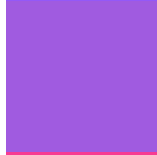
Original Color

52.0991, 100.5133, -53.8682



Protanomaly

44.8955, 50.9423, -87.6529



Deuteranomaly

45.0972, 46.5239, -64.1119



Tritanomaly

49.9774, 73.6552, -0.1761

Monochromacy



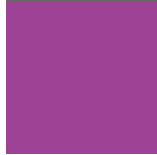
Original Color

52.0991, 100.5133, -53.8682



Achromatopsia

36.8284, -1.9651, 2.0010



Achromatomaly

36.5616, 41.2463, -23.5400

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 52.0991, 100.5133, -53.8682 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 0, 233)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 0, 233)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 0, 233) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 0, 233) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 52.0991, 100.5133, -53.8682 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 0, 233) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 0, 233) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 0, 233) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 0, 233); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 0, 233);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 0,  
233) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 52.0991, 100.5133, -53.8682 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 0, 233) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255, 0,  
233) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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