

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(52.1414, -6.7336,  
1.3852)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(52.1414, -6.7336, 1.3852)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(52.0773, -6.8290,  
1.4720)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	839191
RGB	131, 145, 145
RGB Percent	51%, 57%, 57%
CMY	0.4863, 0.4314, 0.4314
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.00, 0.43
HSL	180°, 6%, 54%
HSV	180°, 10%, 57%
XYZ	24.5963, 27.1205, 30.7265
YIQ	140.8140, -8.3440, -2.9680

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

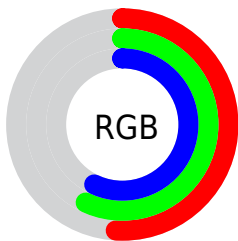
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	131, 138, 145
Decimal	8622481
CIE Lab	59.09, -5.02, -1.73
CIE LCh	59, 5.309, 198.962
Yxy	27.1216, 0.2983, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286812561 (0xFF839191)
YUV	140.8140, 2.0637, -8.6069
Hunter-Lab	52.0773, -6.8290, 1.4720

# Details

The HunterLab color  $52.0773, -6.8290, 1.4720$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $999999$ . A complement of this color would be  $48.8792, 1.7083, 4.1013$ , and the grayscale version is  $51.5308, -2.7496, 2.7998$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $74.2703, -8.6035, 2.4799$ , and  $32.8702, -5.1871, 0.6352$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $51.0329, -10.5877, 0.1391$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $53.2557, -2.6912, 2.9439$ .

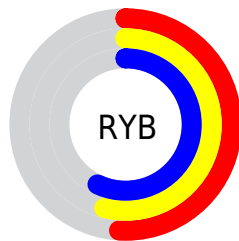
# Distribution



Red (51%)

Green (57%)

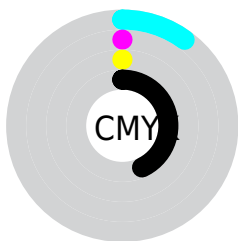
Blue (57%)



Red (51%)

Yellow (54%)

Blue (57%)

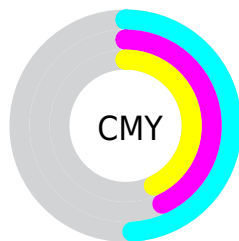


Cyan (10%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (43%)



Cyan (49%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (43%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 52.0773, -6.8290, 1.4720 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 52.0773, -6.8290, 1.4720 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 52.0773, -6.8290,  
1.4720

■ 52.0773, -6.8290,  
1.4720

169.7779,  
-15.1221, 7.2366

■ 42.0292, -6.0050,  
1.0172

■ 74.2152, -8.5347,  
2.5114

■ 32.7253, -5.1959,  
0.6091

■ 86.2253, -9.4161,  
3.0884

■ 24.2318, -4.3989,  
0.2543

■ 98.8213, -10.3175,  
3.7007

■ 16.6352, -3.6070,  
-0.0397

111.9772,  
-11.2388, 4.3467

■ 10.0572, -2.8057,  
-0.2608

125.6701,  
-12.1800, 5.0245

0.0000, NaN, -NF

139.8796,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-13.1411, 5.7329

0.0000, NaN, NaN

154.5877,  
-14.1219, 6.4706

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 52.0773, -6.8290,  
1.4720

■ 52.0773, -6.8290,  
1.4720

■ 51.0329, -10.5877,  
0.1391

■ 53.2557, -2.6912,  
2.9439

■ 50.1207, -13.9332,  
-1.0468

■ 54.5620, 1.7941,  
4.5404

■ 49.3421, -16.8412,  
-2.0765

■ 55.9936, 6.5891,  
6.2498

■ 48.6953, -19.2948,  
-2.9442

■ 57.5462, 11.6573,  
8.0596

■ 48.1772, -21.2867,  
-3.6479

■ 59.2147, 16.9631,  
9.9574

■ 47.7820, -22.8220,  
-4.1897

■ 60.9939, 22.4735,  
11.9319

■ 47.5018, -23.9193,  
-4.5765

■ 62.8784, 28.1578,  
13.9723

■ 47.3256, -24.6130,  
-4.8204

■ 64.8627, 33.9888,  
16.0692

■ 47.2216, -25.0243,  
-4.9645

■ 65.9976, 37.2583,  
17.2461

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



52.0784, -6.9807, 3.6204



52.0773, -6.8290, 1.4720



52.0784, -5.6055, -0.3824

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



52.0784, -6.8300, 1.4728



52.0784, 0.5387, 0.0455



52.0784, -1.9465, 6.7331

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52.0773, -6.8290, 1.4720



48.8792, 1.7083, 4.1013

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



52.0784, 0.1039, 5.8590



52.0773, -6.8290, 1.4720



52.0784, 1.5549, 2.0367

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



52.0784, -6.8300, 1.4728



52.0784, -1.3612, -1.2304



52.0784, 1.3945, 4.1609



52.0784, -4.1869, 6.5966



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52.0773, -6.8290, 1.4720



52.0784, -4.3332, -1.1752



52.0784, 1.3945, 4.1609



52.0784, -1.2115, 6.5492

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52.0784, -6.8300, 1.4728



70.7102, -5.5423, 3.2493



51.7055, -8.9455, 7.0811



33.2940, -2.8139, 1.4615



85.4018, -4.5568, 4.6400



33.5864, -1.7921, 1.8248



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52.0784, -6.8300, 1.4728



69.3111, -10.4949, 1.4897



50.1144, -3.6629, -0.8783



24.7312, -3.1480, 0.7314



43.7295, -23.1879, -4.6021



4.2759, -2.2671, -0.4505



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48.8792, 1.7083, 4.1013



63.8973, 3.9630, 5.9409



50.7637, -1.5274, 6.1738



23.2897, 0.6989, 1.9156



22.7231, 38.9142, 14.6815



2.2219, 3.8052, 1.4348



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 52.0773, -6.8290, 1.4720 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

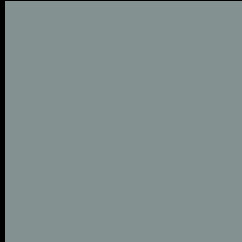
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 52.0773, -6.8290, 1.4720 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

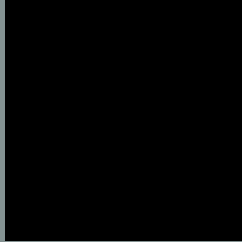
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

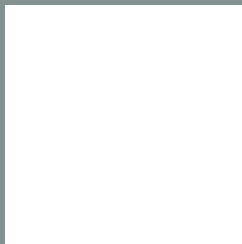
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 52.0773, -6.8290, 1.4720 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 52.0773, -6.8290, 1.4720.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 52.0773, -6.8290,

1.4720.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

52.0773, -6.8290, 1.4720

### Protanopia

51.9252, -1.5440, 2.2966

### Deuteranopia

52.0791, 3.4711, 1.1922



## Tritanopia

51.9596, -3.6309, -3.4315

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

52.0773, -6.8290, 1.4720

## Protanomaly

51.8156, -3.3334, 1.6785

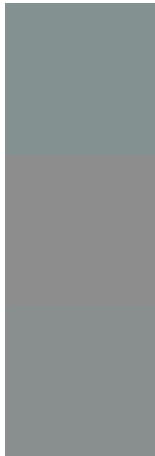
## Deuteranomaly

52.1882, -0.4610, 1.2553

## Tritanomaly

52.0446, -5.0775, -1.3734

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

52.0773, -6.8290, 1.4720

## Achromatopsia

51.6097, -2.7538, 2.8041

## Achromatomaly

51.5920, -4.2329, 2.3070

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 52.0773, -6.8290, 1.4720 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(131, 145, 145)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(131, 145, 145)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(131, 145, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(131, 145, 145) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 52.0773, -6.8290, 1.4720 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(131, 145, 145) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(131, 145, 145) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(131, 145, 145)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(131, 145, 145); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 145, 145);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 145,  
145) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 52.0773, -6.8290, 1.4720 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(131, 145, 145) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(131,  
145, 145) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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