

Converting Colors

HunterLab(52.2271, 3.6393,
14.8435)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(52.2271, 3.6393,
14.8435) contains.

HunterLab(52.2271, 3.6393, 14.8435)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(52.2271, 3.6393,
14.8435)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A78970
RGB	167, 137, 112
RGB Percent	65%, 54%, 44%
CMY	0.3451, 0.4627, 0.5608
CMYK	0.00, 0.18, 0.33, 0.35
HSL	27°, 24%, 55%
HSV	27°, 33%, 65%
XYZ	27.8067, 27.2767, 19.1286
YIQ	143.1200, 25.9050, -1.4150

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

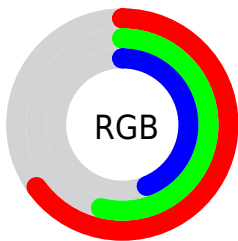
Format	Color
R_{YB}	167, 158, 112
Decimal	10979696
CIE _{Lab}	59.23, 7.66, 17.69
CIE _{LCh}	59, 19.279, 66.597
Yxy	27.2780, 0.3747, 0.3676
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289169776 (0xFFA78970)
YUV	143.1200, -15.3422, 20.9428
Hunter-Lab	52.2271, 3.6393, 14.8435

Details

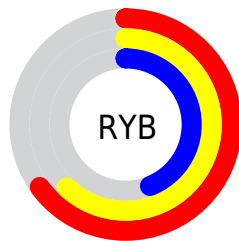
The HunterLab color $52.2271, 3.6393, 14.8435$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex $CC9999$. A complement of this color would be $50.5767, -6.1711, -11.8007$, and the grayscale version is $52.5109, -2.8019, 2.8530$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $74.2935, 3.4424, 17.8104$, and $32.8085, 3.9180, 11.5194$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $49.4556, 6.2887, 17.5188$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $55.1226, 1.2500, 11.7609$.

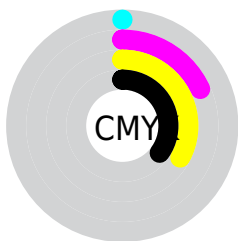
Distribution



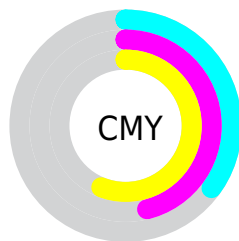
- Red (65%)
- Green (54%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (65%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Black (35%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 52.2271, 3.6393, 14.8435 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 52.2271, 3.6393, 14.8435 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 52.2271, 3.6393,
14.8435

■ 52.2271, 3.6393,
14.8435

170.0001, 0.3238,
28.4583

■ 42.1688, 3.7538,
13.2282

■ 74.3839, 3.2225,
17.9601

■ 32.8537, 3.7989,
11.5501

■ 86.4026, 2.9356,
19.4822

■ 24.3480, 3.7608,
9.7802

■ 99.0069, 2.6015,
20.9901

■ 16.7377, 3.6222,
7.8700

■ 112.1707, 2.2236,
22.4888

■ 10.1440, 3.3556,
7.1008

125.8711, 1.8046,
23.9823

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

140.0880, 1.3470,

25.4736

0.0000, NaN, NaN

154.8031, 0.8528,
26.9649

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 52.2271, 3.6393,
14.8435

■ 52.2271, 3.6393,
14.8435

■ 49.4556, 6.2887,
17.5188

■ 55.1226, 1.2500,
11.7609

■ 46.8162, 9.2157,
19.7373

■ 58.1278, -0.8892,
8.3130

■ 44.3229, 12.4227,
21.4517

■ 61.2343, -2.7980,
4.5405

■ 41.9894, 15.9026,
22.6178

■ 64.4337, -4.4948,
0.4786

■ 39.8291, 19.6315,
23.2036

■ 67.7183, -5.9976,
-3.8418

■ 37.8550, 23.5613,
23.2037

■ 71.0816, -7.3236,
-8.3938

■ 36.5696, 26.3783,
22.9958

■ 74.5177, -8.4886,
-13.1543

■ 78.0213, -9.5074,
-18.1033

■ 81.2935, -12.0298,
-19.1185

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



52.2283, 10.5146, 11.0356



52.2271, 3.6393, 14.8435



52.2283, -4.5930, 15.6814

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



52.2283, 3.6374, 14.8442



52.2283, -17.5807, 1.0859



52.2283, 6.9710, -10.7253

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52.2271, 3.6393, 14.8435



50.5767, -6.1711, -11.8007

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



52.2283, -0.9613, -14.4059



52.2271, 3.6393, 14.8435



52.2283, -14.8824, -6.9383

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



52.2283, 3.6374, 14.8442



52.2283, -16.5172, 8.4690



52.2283, -8.9200, -12.9227



52.2283, 12.5209, -3.4882

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52.2271, 3.6393, 14.8435



52.2283, -9.6790, 14.5790



52.2283, -8.9200, -12.9227



52.2283, 4.4765, -12.4666

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52.2283, 3.6374, 14.8442



78.9212, -1.9228, 9.7766



46.6526, 20.2561, -3.5472



37.0707, -0.7407, 4.9400



92.0917, -4.9138, 5.0035



39.3538, -2.0998, 2.1382

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52.2283, 3.6374, 14.8442



66.9893, 7.6007, 22.7042



60.0217, -9.3328, 21.6789



28.4307, -0.7726, 3.3468



32.1389, 22.7123, 20.2015



5.9521, 1.5003, 3.6939

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50.5767, -6.1711, -11.8007



64.2833, -8.3837, -20.9251



42.9414, 6.9902, -23.8954



28.2012, -2.1460, -0.3588



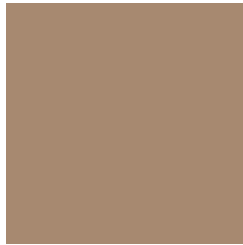
28.2309, 2.7899, -41.3089



5.4239, -1.2321, -4.1197

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 52.2271, 3.6393, 14.8435 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 52.2271, 3.6393, 14.8435 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

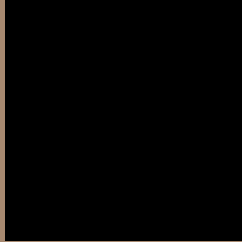
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 52.2271, 3.6393, 14.8435 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 52.2271, 3.6393, 14.8435.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 52.2271, 3.6393,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

52.2271, 3.6393, 14.8435

Protanopia

52.2104, -3.4473, 13.6924

Deuteranopia

52.2271, 3.6393, 14.8435



Tritanopia

52.2535, 10.7746, 2.9010

Trichromacy



Original Color

52.2271, 3.6393, 14.8435

Protanomaly

52.0953, -0.9836, 13.9654

Deuteranomaly

52.2271, 3.6393, 14.8435

Tritanomaly

52.1068, 8.3359, 7.4147

Monochromacy



Original Color

52.2271, 3.6393, 14.8435

Achromatopsia

52.4097, -2.7964, 2.8475

Achromatomaly

52.3365, -0.7346, 7.5065

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 52.2271, 3.6393, 14.8435 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(167, 137, 112)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(167, 137, 112)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(167, 137, 112) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(167, 137, 112) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 52.2271, 3.6393, 14.8435 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(167, 137, 112) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(167, 137, 112) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(167, 137, 112)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(167, 137, 112); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 137, 112);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 137,  
112) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 52.2271, 3.6393, 14.8435 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(167, 137, 112) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(167,  
137, 112) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor